REV-01 MSB/24/29

Duration: 3 hrs.

## M.Sc. BOTANY FOURTH SEMESTER PLANT ECOLOGY MSB-402 D

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Full Marks: 70

2023/06

SET

 $1 \times 20 = 20$ 

Objective )

Time: 30 mins. Marks: 20

1.	Raunkiaer classified higher plants into how many major life forms?						
	a. 1	b. 2					
	c. 4	d. 5					
2.	Which of the following is not a type of age pyramid?						
	a. Expanding age pyramid	b. Realized age pyramid					
	c. Stable age pyramid	d. Diminishing age pyramid					

- 3. Diagramatic representation of phonological events is called:
  - a. Phenogram b. Phytophases
  - c. Phenography d. None
- Smaller hypervolume occupied by a species is called:

Choose the correct answer from the following:

- a. Fundamental niche b. Niche overlapping
- c. Realised niche d. None
- 5. Transitional zone or junction zone between two or more diverse communities is called:
  - a. Seral communities

b. Qualitative feature of community

c. Ecotone

- d. Euphotic zone
- Each ecosystem can sustain a fixed number of organisms depending on its size and productivity. This is called:
  - a. Carrying capacity

b. Biotic potential

c. Natality

- d. Mortality
- Property/Properties of biological organization, including ecosystems is/are:
  - a. Ecosystems exist independently of
- b. Its components are interdependent
- specific components c. A sliding scale of organization exists
- d. All of the above
- Which phenomenon is not a result of Pyramid of numbers?
  - a. A great many small units are required to equal to the mass of one big unit
- b. The pattern of many small organisms and few large ones is the food chain
- c. Horizontal size of the metabolic rate pattern
- d. Inverse size metabolic rate pattern
- 9. Energy flow provides a suitable index for comparing any and all components of an ecosystem by:
  - a. P+R

b. R+R

c. P+P

d. None of the above

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10.	Logistic model is represented by:  a. dN=rN (K-N)  c. dN =rN		dTK dN=Dt
11.	The loss of individuals under a given environmental condition. Realised natality  c. Minimum mortality	ons b.	nental condition not a constant but varie is termed as: Realised mortality Minimum natality
12.	When a stationary and stable age distribution. Co-efficient of population growth c. Age structure	b.	exists, the specific growth rate is called: Carrying capacity Intrinsic rate of natural increase
13.	The term used for ecological interaction bet a benefit from the relationship and the second. Parasitism c. Proto-coperation	nd s b.	en two species where one species obtains species is affected by it: Mutualism Symbiosis
14.	<ul> <li>e= \( \sum \)(ni/N)\) designate:</li> <li>a. Shannon index of diversity</li> <li>c. Dominance index</li> </ul>		Eveness index Index of similarity
15.	Density increases rapidly in exponential or abruptly as environmental resistance or oth suddenly in:  a. The J shaped form of growth curve c. Acceleration phase	er l	npound interest fashion and stops imit become effective more or less Sigmoid form Survivorship curve
16.	A process carried out by nitrifying bacteria, (NO3-), which plants can incorporate into ta. Ammonification c. Denitrificaion	tra hei b.	nsforms soil ammonia into nitrates
17.	The concept of niche is given by:  a. Hutchinson c. Koromondy		Odum Joseph Grinnel
18.	If the environment is constant, selection fav low or medium metabolic rate, longer body a. Population fluctuation c. r selected species	siz b.	s slow development, longer life span, e are the characteristics of: Biological clock k selected species
19.	Number of quadrats in which species A occ ×100 designates: a. Frequency c. Abundance	b.	ed/total number of quadrats examined RF RD
20.	Organisms that occupy the similar ecological are known as:  a. Ecological displacement  c. Ecological equivalent	b.	iches in different geographical regions  Ecological community  Allopatry

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## (Descriptive)

Tin	ne: 2 hr. 30 mins.	Marks: 50
	[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]	
1.	Discuss any three Functional characteristics of Ecosystem with special emphasis on energy flow with suitable examples.	8+2=10
2.	Write short notes on: a) Different types of niches b) Biotic factors	5+5=10
3.	Write short notes on: a) J shaped growth curve b) Mortality c) r and k selected species d) Seasonal population fluctuation	2.5×4=10
4.	Intricate the different positive and negative interactions with suitable examples.	5+5=10
5.	What is Community? Illustrate the qualitative characteristics of a community.	2+8=10
6.	What is diversity? Describe different diversity indices with formula.	2+8=10
7.	What is ecological succession? What are the general causes and stages of succession?	2+8=10
8.	What is biogeochemical cycle? Elucidate Nitrogen cycle with suitable diagrams.	2+8=10

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