REV-01 MMB/04/09

M.Sc. MICROBIOLOGY FOURTH SEMESTER FOOD MICROBIOLOGY & FERMENTATION TECHNOLOGY SET A

2023/06

MMB-402 C [USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Time: 30 mins.

Objective)

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

 $1 \times 20 = 20$

Full Marks: 70

- 1. Water belongs to..... of contamination.
 - a. Secondary source

b. Primary source

c. Tertiary source

- d. None of the above
- Rhizoplane is the surface related to:
 - a. Leave

b. Stem

c. Root

- d. Plant
- 3. Which chemical is used to inhibit mold growth in bread?
 - a. Benzoic acid

b. Sorbic acid

c. Nitrates

- d. Lactic acid
- 4. Temperature and time required for Vat pasteurization is:
 - a. 62.8 °C for 30 minutes
- b. 62.8 °C for 2 minutes
- c. 52.8 °C for 30 minutes
- d. 71.7 °C for 30 minutes
- 5. Clostridium botulinum is:
 - a. gram +ve, rodsc. gram +ve, cocci

- b. gram -ve, rods
- d. gram +ve, aerobic
- 6. Emetic syndrome includes:
 - a. Diarrhea

c. Bloody urine

- b. Vomiting
- 7. Downy mildew is caused by:
 - a. Erwinia

b. Phytophthora

d. None of the above

c. Bacillus

- d. Xanthomonas
- 8. The maximum limit for moisture content for growth of microbes is almost:
 - a. 0

b. <1

c. >1

- d. None of the above
- 9. An example of Non-ionizing radiation is:
 - a. UV ray

b. X ray

c. I ray

- d. Both b and c
- 10. B. Stearothermophilus is related to:
 - a. Flat sour spoilage

- b. Sulfide spoilage
- c. Putrefactive anaerobic spoilage
- d. TA spoilage

11.	11. Buttermik like flavor in citrus fruits is caused by:				
	a. E.coli	b.	Aspergillus		
	c. Lactobacilli and Leuconostoc		None of the above		
12.	point of view?	sid	ered as intrinsic factor from food safety		
	a. Water activity (aw)	b.	Relative humidity		
	c. Temperature		Vapour pressure		
13.	Drying can be done through:				
	a. Evaporation of water from the food	b.	Lowering Aw value		
	c. Addition of salt and sugar	d.	All of the above		
14	0				
14.	Which of the following is a factor that affect	ts th	e storage stability of food?		
	a. Type of raw material used	ь.	Quality of raw material used		
	c. Method/effectiveness of packaging	d.	All of the above		
15.	Which one of the following is not a chemica	l pr	eservative found in food?		
	a. Sulphur dioxide		Sorbic acid		
	c. Sodium nitrate	d.	Carbon dioxide		
16.	6. Production of occurs in the fermentation of grains.				
	a. Must	b	Brine		
	c. Lactic acid		Carbon dioxide		
17.	The Driver NOW		Car boll thousand		
17.	The Primary Milk carbohydrate is: a. Lactose				
			Sucrose		
	c. Arginin	d.	Leucine		
18.	Agar-agar is used as:				
	a. Antibiotic	b.	Stabilizer and thickener		
	c. Colouring agent		Nutrient supplement		
19.	Of the listed below products, which contains no dairy ingredients?				
	a. Casein	h	Whey		
	c. Custard		Sorbet		
•			Sorber		
20.	Acetic acid and lactic acid are used for				
	a. Curing meats		Preservation of color		
	c. Preservation of pickles	d.	Inhibiting mold growth		

$\left(\underline{\text{Descriptive}}\right)$

Tin	Marks: 50	
	[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]	
1.	Define fermentation and explain its advantage in food preservation.	10
2.	Explain various intrinsic and extrinsic factors that affect growth and survival of microbes in foods.	10
3.	Write a short note on: a) Frozen storage of foods b) Canning	5+5=10
4.	Discuss the physical methods for preservation of foods.	10
5.	Write a note on botulism, its symptoms, treatment and preventive measures.	10
6.	Describe briefly the microbial spoilage of meat and meat products.	10
7.	Write a short note on Single cell protein.	10
8.	Describe the biochemical pathway in the production of ethanol.	10

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