

**M.Sc. BOTANY
FOURTH SEMESTER
BIOSTATISTICS, COMPUTER APPLICATION &
BIOINFORMATICS**

**SET
C**

**MSB-401
[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

(Objective)

Time: 30 mins.

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1 × 20 = 20

-is a continuous probability distribution.
 - Binomial distribution
 - Poisson distribution
 - Normal distribution
 - None of the above
- The selection of sampling units from a population at random, is known as:
 - Non-probability sampling
 - Probability sampling
 - Mixed sampling
 - None of the above
- Which of the following statement is a null hypothesis?
 - There is no significant difference between the true and a hypothetical value of a parameter
 - There is significant difference between the true and a hypothetical value of a parameter
 - True value of a parameter is more than the hypothetical value
 - True value of a parameter is less than the hypothetical value
- Student's t-test is applied when:
 - Sample size is large and the population standard deviation is not given
 - Sample size is large and the population standard deviation is given
 - Sample size is small and the population standard deviation is not given
 - Sample size is small and the population standard deviation is given
- Which of the following is an example of Homology and similarity tool?
 - BLAST
 - RasMol
 - EMBOSS
 - PROSPECT
- In which year did the SWISSPROT protein sequence database begin?
 - 1988
 - 1985
 - 1986
 - 1987
- Which of the following scientists created the first Bioinformatics database?
 - J.D. Watson
 - Richard Durbin
 - Margaret Dayhoff
 - Michael J. Dunn
- Which of the following are not the applications of bioinformatics?
 - Drug designing
 - Data storage and management
 - Understand the relationship between organism
 - None of the above

9. All are sequence alignment tools except:
 - a. Rasmol
 - b. BLAST
 - c. FASTA
 - d. Clustal W
10. Alignment method suitable for aligning closely related sequence is:
 - a. Multiple sequence alignment
 - b. Pairwise alignment
 - c. Global alignment
 - d. Local alignment
11. DEMUX is also called:
 - a. Data distributor
 - b. Data selector
 - c. Data analyzer
 - d. None
12. In 4:1 MUX, the number of select line is:
 - a. 3
 - b. 2
 - c. 1
 - d. 4
13. The 2's compliment of the number 10101101 is:
 - a. 01010010
 - b. 01100001
 - c. 01010011
 - d. 10100001
14. The 2nd generation of Computer consists of:
 - a. Vacuum Tube
 - b. Transistor
 - c. IC
 - d. AI
15. The number of NAND gates required to design an AND gate are:
 - a. 3
 - b. 4
 - c. 2
 - d. 1
16. The hexadecimal form of the binary number 1111010 is:
 - a. AF
 - b. CD
 - c. DC
 - d. FA
17. CPU consists of:
 - a. ALU & Memory
 - b. ALU & Control Unit
 - c. Control Unit & Memory
 - d. All of these
18. Which of the following is not statistics?
 - a. Good students in the class
 - b. Paddy production in Assam for last five years
 - c. Heights of two students, weights of five students
 - d. None of the above
19.is effected by the extreme values.
 - a. Mean
 - b. Median
 - c. Mode
 - d. None of the above
20. The best measure of dispersion is:
 - a. Mean
 - b. Mean deviation
 - c. Standard deviation
 - d. None of the above

-- --- --

(Descriptive)

Time : 2 hr. 30 mins.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. Define BLAST. Describe briefly the process involved in BLAST analysis and how to interpret the BLAST output. 2+4+4=10
2. a) What do you mean by MUX? Design the logic circuit of 4:1 MUX with the help of truth table. 7+3=10
b) Subtract $(15)_{10}$ from $(9)_{10}$ in 2's complement method.
3. a) Explain with the help of block diagram the architecture of Computer. 6+4=10
b) Write short notes on Half Adder.
4. a) Define Universal gate. Realize an OR gate using NAND gate only. 4+6=10
b) Discuss the features, advantages and disadvantages of generation of computer.
5. Explain descriptive statistics and inferential statistics. Write the importance of statistics in Biological science. 4+6=10
6. Find the mean, median, mode, standard deviation and coefficient of variation of the following distribution: 5×2=10
Class :10 - 14 15 - 19 20 - 24 25 - 29 30 - 34
Frequency: 4 6 8 2 1
7. If the heights of 500 students are normally distributed with mean 68.0 inches and standard deviation 3.0 inches, how many students have height 3+3+4=10
(i) Greater than 72 inches
(ii) Less than 64 inches
(iii) Between 65 and 71 inches
[Given, $Z = 1.33, 1; A = 0.9082, 0.8413$]
8. The mean of two samples of sizes 150 and 200 are respectively 67.5 and 68. Their respective standard deviations are 3 and 2.5. Is there significant difference between the two means at 5% level of significance? [Critical value of the test statistics at 5% level of significance, is 1.96] 10

= = *** = =