

**M.Sc. BOTANY
FOURTH SEMESTER
ANGIOSPERM TAXONOMY
MSB-403 C**

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

**SET
A**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 mins.

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

$$1 \times 20 = 20$$

- Which of the following category are NOT in the IUCN classification of threatened species?
 - Near Threatened
 - Harmful
 - Vulnerable
 - Endangered
 - The basic unit of classification:
 - Order
 - Species
 - Class
 - None
 - Hotspots are regions of high:
 - Rarity
 - Endangered population
 - Diversity
 - Endemism
 - The National Botanical Research Institute (NBRI) is located at:
 - Delhi
 - Gangtok
 - Lucknow
 - Dehradun
 - Turmeric belongs to the family:
 - Apiaceae
 - Brassicaceae
 - Zingiberaceae
 - Musaceae
 - Binomials with identical genus name and specific epithet are called:
 - Synonym
 - Homonym
 - Basionym
 - Tautonym
 - Datura belongs to family:
 - Solanaceae
 - Asteraceae
 - Liliaceae
 - Poaceae
 - Largest monocot family is:
 - Zingiberaceae
 - Poaceae
 - Liliaceae
 - Orchidaceae
 - Specimen upon which the description and name of a new species is based:
 - Holotype
 - Syntype
 - Isotype
 - Lectotype
 - Standard size of herbarium sheet is:
 - 41.25 x 28.75 cms
 - 21.25 x 28.75 cms
 - 31.25 x 28.75 cms
 - 28.25 x 28.75 cms

11. Binomial nomenclature of Apple is:
 a. *Ipomoea batatas*
 b. *Pyrus communis*
 c. *Malus domestica*
 d. *Oryza sativa*
12. Gamosepalous condition represents:
 a. Separated petals
 b. Fused calyx
 c. Fused corolla
 d. Fused ovary
13. Cotton is obtained from the plants of:
 a. *Boehmeria nivea*
 b. *O. sativa*
 c. *Bambusa*
 d. *Gossypium spp.*
14. The most important crop in India among cereals is:
 a. Wheat
 b. Maize
 c. Rice
 d. Barley
15. Cloves (*Syzygium aromaticum*) are the aromatic:
 a. Flower buds
 b. Fruits
 c. Seeds
 d. Rhizomes
16. How many biodiversity hotspots are located in Northeast India?
 a. 1
 b. 2
 c. 3
 d. 4
17. According to IUCN *Ilex khasiana* is a:
 a. Critically endangered
 b. Least concern
 c. Extinct
 d. Vulnerable
18. Which of the following is not the member of Liliaceae?
 a. Tulip
 b. *Pisum sativum*
 c. *Lilium*
 d. *Fritillaria*
19. Which family has (9) +1 arrangement of anthers in the androecium?
 a. Brassicaceae
 b. Rosaceae
 c. Malvaceae
 d. Fabaceae
20. Which of the following is the correct floral formula of Solanaceae?
 a. Br $\oplus \textcircled{F} \textcircled{K}_1 \textcircled{C}_{(9)} \textcircled{A}_1 \textcircled{G}_2$
 b. Br $\oplus \textcircled{F} \textcircled{K}_1 \textcircled{C}_{(9)} \textcircled{A}_2 \textcircled{G}_2$
 c. Br $\oplus \textcircled{F} \textcircled{K}_1 \textcircled{C}_{(9)} \textcircled{A}_2 \textcircled{G}_1$
 d. Br $\oplus \textcircled{F} \textcircled{K}_1 \textcircled{C}_{(9)} \textcircled{A}_1 \textcircled{G}_1$

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(Descriptive)

Time : 2 hr. 30 mins.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

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| 1. How many biodiversity hotspots are identified around the world?
Discuss in detail the biodiversity hotspots of India. | 5+5=10 |
| 2. Write in detail the economic importance of family Poaceae. | 4+6=10 |
| 3. Discuss phytogeographical regions of India. | 2+5+3=10 |
| 4. Write brief note on the following:
a) General characters of family Lamiaceae.
b) Floral diagram and floral formula of family Solanaceae. | 5+5=10 |
| 5. Discuss origin of cultivated plants. | 2+8=10 |
| 6. For the Orchidaceae, what is the (a) stem morphology; (b) flower symmetry; (c) Perianth (d) carpel number; and (e) fruit type? | 2×5=10 |
| 7. What is Taxonomy? What are the different methods of plant Identification? | 10 |
| 8. What are the different types of Inflorescences in angiosperms? | 10 |

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