REV-01 MSB/10/15

M.Sc. BOTANY FOURTH SEMESTER MYCOLOGY & PLANT PATHOLOGY MSB-403 F

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Objective)

Time: 30 mins. Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

Downy mildew disease is caused by: a. Albugo sp b. Puccinia sp

c. Peronospora sp d. Ustilago sp

Phytoplasma contain:

a. RNA only c. DNA only b. RNA and DNAd. RNA or DNA

The average population of endospheric microorganisms in soil is:

 b. 10° -108 microbial cell/ml
 d. 10⁴ -108 microbial cell/ml a. 102-104 microbial cell/ml c. 108-109 microbial cell/ml

Which of the following factors are responsible for the spreading of plant diseases?

a. Air b. Rainfall c. Humidity d. All of these

The mature particle of a plant virus is generally known as:

a. Capsid b. Viriodd. Nucleocapsid c. Virion

Which of the following is not a seed-borne disease?

 Red rot of sugarcane b. Blast of rice c. Potato mosaic d. Moulting of wheat

7. Bunchy top of Banana plant disease is caused due to: a. Bacteria b. Fungi

c. Nematode d. Virus

Activated carbon is used in the process of: a. Absorption samplingc. Adsorption sampling b. Condensation sampling

d. None of these

What is the full form of SAR

a. Systematic Acquired Resistance b. Systematic Anti Resistance c. Synergy Acquired Resistance d. Seasonal Anti Resistance

10. This is the smallest organism capable of autonomous growth and reproduction:

a. Mycoplasma b. Virusd. Nostoc c. Viroid

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2023/06

Full Marks: 70

 $1 \times 20 = 20$

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11. Which of the following is not a common symptom of plant disease?					
	a. Necrosis	b.	Leaf curls		
	c. Chlorosis	d.	Perfect flowering		
12.	Effective fungicide for the control of blast d	e fungicide for the control of blast disease of rice is:			
	a. Tricyclazole		Plantvax		
	c. Bordeaux mixture	d.	Mancozeb		
13.	3. Cell wall lack microorganism are known as:				
	a. Bacteria	b.	Virus		
	c. MLO	d.	Fungi		
14.	Mycoplasma is:				
	a. Eukaryotic and unicellular	b.	Prokaryotic and unicellular		
	c. Eukaryotic and multicellular		None of these		
15.	. The environmental factor responsible for host susceptibility is:				
	a. Rainfall		Temperature		
	c. Wind		Relative humidity		
16.	16. Which of these is a bacterial disease that affects the plant?				
	a. Mosaic	b.	Smut		
	c. Blister		Crown Gall		
17.	The first event of plant disease cycle is:				
	a. Invasion	b.	Penetration		
	c. Inoculation		None of the above		
18.	The late blight disease of potato is most seri	0116	when the		
201	a. Temperature is high				
	c. Soil pH is acidic		Temperature is low		
10		и.	Soil pH is alkaline		
19.	Father of Indian Mycology is:				
	a. R. S. Singh		Robert Kuch		
	c. D. Muller	d.	E.J. Butler		
20.	Which one is the component of the disease t				
	a. Pathogen	b.	Host		
	c. Environment	d.	All of the above		

(<u>Descriptive</u>)

Time: 2 hr. 30 mins.		
	[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]	
1.	Write a short note on Phytoplasma and Mycoplasma.	5+5=10
2.	Describe briefly the chemical and biological control of plant diseases.	5+5=10
3.	Describe briefly the symptoms of plant diseases caused by virus and bacteria.	10
4.	Write the different techniques used in Aeromicrobiology? Mention some plant diseases caused by air borne pathogens.	6+4=10
5.	Write a short note on: a) Plant quarantine b) Dissemination of plant pathogens	5+5=10
6.	Describe the major changes in host physiology which occur due to the attack of plant pathogens.	10
7.	Write short notes on:a) Systematic acquired resistance in plants.b) Seed borne diseases in plants.	5+5=10
8.	Write a brief note on various approaches of biotechnology in plant	10