## **B.Sc. CHEMISTRY** FOURTH SEMESTER PETROLEUM & PETROCHEMICALS

BSC - 406A [REPEAT] [USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 1.30 hrs.

Full Marks: 35

( Objective)

Time: 15 min

Marks: 10

2023/06

SET

Choose the correct answer from the following:

 $1 \times 10 = 10$ 

1.	What is the leading energy source in Ind	ia.	
	a. Coal	b.	Oil resource
	c. Natural gas	d.	Nuclear power.
2.	Which of the following is/are a renewable energy source.		
	(i) Solar (ii) petroleum (iii) Hydroele	ectric	(iv) Coal
	a. (i) & (ii)	b.	(i), (ii) & (iii)
	c. (ii) & (iv)		(i) & (iii)
3.	The calorific value of fuel is expressed in the unit		
	a. kilojoules per litre		joules per litre
	c. joules per kilogram		kilojoules per kiloj

- 4. In fractional distillation of petroleum, the vapour of highest boiling point condenses in
  - a. uppermost portion
- b. lower most portion

c. middle portion

- d. do not condense
- 5. Which of the following petroleum fuel used as fuel for jet engine?
  - a. Gasoline

b. super refined gasoline

c. Kerosine oil

- d. Diesel oil
- 6. Which of the following is not a component of fraction I, the light oil during fractional distillation of coal tar?
  - a. Benzene

b. p-Xylene

c. o-xylene

- d. anthracene
- 7. In the following set of reaction for production of polyester, the petrochemical 'A' and the compound 'B' are respectively:

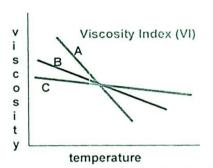
A \_\_[O] → Terethalic acid \_\_\_B → Poly ester

- a. p-xylene and hexamethylene diamine. b. p-xylene and ethylene glycol
- c. p-xylene and ethylene diamine
- d. Toluene and ethylene glycol

Pour point indicates the \_\_\_\_\_ of lubricating oil.
a. Dissolved wax concentration b. Total wax concentration

- c. Initial wax concentration
- d. Weight of the wax

Viscosity index (VI) of lubricants A, B and C is as given below: The grade of these lubricants will be



a. A > B > C

b. C > A > B

c. C > B > A

d. B > A > C

· Producer gas is a mixture of

- a. H<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>
- c. H<sub>2</sub>, CO, CO<sub>2</sub>

b. H<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>2</sub> d. CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>

121

USTM/COF/R-01

## (<u>Descriptive</u>)

Time: 1 hr. 15 mins. Marks: 25

## [Answer question no.1 & any two (2) from the rest ]

- What is the composition of coal? Classify coal in terms of carbon content.
- 2. a. What is crude oil? What is its composition? Give a brief account 4+6=10 of its formation.
  - **b.** Give a short account of refining of petroleum. What are the different byproducts obtained during the process.
- 3. What is biogas? What is its composition? What kind of waste will produce biogas? Give a short account of production of biogas from cow dung, also sketch out the chemical transformations that happens during the process.
- 4. What are lubricants? What are their uses? How are they classified? 2+2+2Give a short account solid lubricants. +4=10
- 5. a. Give a short account what do you mean by petrochemicals?
  b. Sketch out, how can you convert the following petrochemicals to the product mentioned? Give only the reaction strategies.
  - i) CH<sub>2</sub>=CH<sub>2</sub> 
    → ethylene glycol 
    A 
    → Polyester ethylene
  - ii) Nylor Benzene

== \*\*\* = =