

**BA ADMINISTRATION AND GOVERNANCE  
FOURTH SEMESTER  
MEDIEVAL HISTORY OF INDIA  
BAAG – 404**

**SET  
A**

**[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 mins.

**(Objective)**

Marks: 20

*Choose the correct answer from the following:*

*1 × 20 = 20*

- Who established the 'Mamluk Dynasty' of the Delhi Sultanate?
  - Mahmud Ghori
  - Qutubuddin Aibak
  - Shams-ud-din-iltutmish
  - Balban
- Which ruler can be credited for completing the construction of the Qutub Minar, Hauz-i-shamsi and a Madrassa at Delhi?
  - Qutubuddin Aibak
  - Shams-ud-din-iltutmish
  - Firuz Tughlaq
  - Sikandar Lodi
- Which of the following Puranas mention the 'Agnikula Myth' of the origin of the Rajput clans?
  - Brahma Purana
  - Bhagawad Purana
  - Vayu Purana
  - Bhavishya Purana
- The founder of the Chalukyas of Vatapi (Badami) was:
  - Dantidurga
  - Vijayala
  - Pulakesin I
  - Aditya
- Who wrote the book "Indian Feudalism"?
  - Rajat Datta
  - D.D Kosambi
  - Daniel Thorner
  - R.S Sharma
- Feudalism in India can be traced back to the period of which ancient dynasty?
  - Mauryas
  - Kushanas
  - Kanvas
  - Guptas
- Who was given the position of 'Amir-i-Akhur' (superintendent of the horses) under Rajia Sultan?
  - Ruknuddin
  - Malik Yakut
  - Nasiruddin
  - Kabir Khan
- Who wrote the "Tarikh-i- Firuz Shahi"?
  - Abul Fazl
  - Ferishta
  - Zia-ud-din Barani
  - Amir Khusrau
- Who assumed the title of "Sikandar-i-Sani"?
  - Jalal -ud-din Khilji
  - Balban
  - Ala-ud-din Khilji
  - Ghiyas-ud-din Tughlaq

10. Which was the earliest architectural structural of the Delhi Sultanate period which represents a 'true arch'?
  - a. Qutub Minar
  - b. Tomb of Sikandar Lodi
  - c. Alai Darwaza
  - d. Siri Fort
11. Which king devastated the Jagannath temple at Puri and the Jwalamukhi temple at Kangra during his military campaigns?
  - a. Jalal -ud-din Khilji
  - b. Ala-ud-din Khilji
  - c. Qutub-ud-din Aibak
  - d. Firuz Tughlaq
12. Which of the following was a religious tax, extracted from the Muslims in the medieval period?
  - a. Kharaj
  - b. Jizya
  - c. Khams
  - d. Zakat
13. Who assumed the grand title of "Andhra-Bhoja"?
  - a. Deva Raya I
  - b. Krishna Deva Raya
  - c. Bukka II
  - d. Harihara I
14. Who was the founder of the 'Karkota Dynasty' of Kashmir?
  - a. Durlabhavardhana
  - b. Tarapida
  - c. Chandrapida
  - d. Muktapida
15. Under the Maratha administration who was called the 'Sar-i-Naubat'?
  - a. Judge
  - b. Accountant
  - c. Military Head
  - d. Financial Head
16. The section within the Maratha army which was known for its fierce qualities, often utilized in looting and plundering raids was known as.
  - a. Paga
  - b. Mavali
  - c. Pindari
  - d. Silahdar
17. According to the agricultural reforms of Akbar, which is the most fertile category of cultivable land that was never left fallow?
  - a. Polaj
  - b. Parauti
  - c. Chachar
  - d. Banjar
18. Within the 'Mansabdari' system, the term 'zat' meant?
  - a. Number of troops
  - b. Number of horses
  - c. Number of coins
  - d. Number of forts
19. When did Aurangzeb re-impose the 'Jizya' tax?
  - a. 1677
  - b. 1678
  - c. 1679
  - d. 1680
20. Who was the founder of the autonomous successor state of Bengal?
  - a. Saadat Khan
  - b. Murshid Quli Khan
  - c. Akmal Khan
  - d. Qamar-ud-din Sidiqqi

-- --- --

**( Descriptive )**

Time : 2 Hr. 30 Mins.

Marks : 50

[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]

1. Explain in details the organization of Central administration under the Delhi Sultanate. 10
2. What are the different theories of Mughal decline? Explain. 10
3. Describe the nature of the Portuguese trade in India and state the chief reasons behind its success. 10
4. Who was the most popular king of the Shah Mir dynasty of Kashmir? Justify his popularity through a description of his reforms. 10
5. Describe the political, social and economic policies of Firuz Shah Tughlaq. 10
6. Trace the chronological history of the Chola rulers and state the significance of the reign of each king. 10
7. Explain the rise of the Maratha kingdom and its evolution from a loosely structured clan polity to a strong kingdom under Shivaji and the later Peshwas. 10
8. What is the significance of Balban's rule within the broader history of the Delhi Sultanate? 10

= = \*\*\* = =