REV-01 BFST/01/06

B.Sc. FOOD SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY SECOND SEMESTER (REPEAT) SENSORY EVALUATION OF FOODS BFST-204

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

(Objective)

SET

2023/06

Full Marks: 70

 $1 \times 20 = 20$ 

Time: 30 mins. Marks: 20

Ch	ose the correct answer from the following	g:
1.	regulates the movement of lens.	

a. Pupil

b. Iris

c. Ciliary body

- d. Retina
- 2. .....papillae increases surface area of the tongue.
  - a. Fungiform

b. Filiform

c. Foliate

d. Circumvallate

- 3. .....cause sourness.
  - a. Sodium chloride

b. Carboxylic acid

c. Glutamate

- d. Polyphenols
- 4. .....is the main coloring pigment of turmeric.
  - a. Lycopene

b. Curcumin

c. Lutein

- d. Capsanthin
- 5. .....is evoked by glutamate compounds.
  - a. Umami

b. Sweet

c. Bitter

- d. Salty
- **6.** .....is used to determine the maturity and tenderness of samples of fruits and vegetables.
  - a. Succulometer

b. Tenderometer

c. Penetrometer

- d. None of the above
- 7. The ideal sensory evaluation of a food product involves:
  - a. Tasting only

- b. Tasting and smell only
- c. Taste, vision and touch only
- **d.** All 5 senses taste, vision, touch, sound and smell
- 8. In food industry, sensory evaluation is done during:
  - a. Shelf life study of product
- b. After manufacturing of product
- c. Benchmarking of competitor product
- d. All of the above
- 9. Which of the following should be present in an ideal sensory booth?
  - Booth must be centrally located with no crowd
- b. The light should be sufficient to view the sample and should minimize distraction
- c. There should be partition between two booths, so that panelists don't interact
- d. All of the above

10.	The term olfactory in sensory science refers a. Touch c. Taste	b.	Smell All of the above
11.	Rod and cone cells are attached to the a. Protective layer c. Nutritive layer	b.	layer. Neural layer Sensitive layer
12.	a. Salivary gland c. Iris		Lacrimal gland Retina
13.	Nasal cavity is lined by		Lacrimal gland None of the above
14.	type of salivary gland is present be a. Parotid c. Sublingual	b.	v the jaw. Sub-mandibular None of the above
15.	The spicy flavor of ginger is due to:  a. Eugenol  c. Capsaicin		Gingerol All of the above
16.	is the main coloring substance of red a. Lutein c. Xanthophylls	b.	mato. Lycopene Anthocyanins
17.	textures happen when the solid antemperature.  a. Soggy c. Lumpy	b.	quid are not mixed properly at the same Crispy Course
18.	Which of the following sensory evaluation ra. Analytical sensory evaluation c. Both a and b	b.	hods involves trained panels? Affective analysis Neither a nor b
19.	The systematic and organized sensory evalua. Sensory booth c. Sensory cubical	b.	on is commonly called as: Sensory chamber Sensory berth
20.	In hedonic taste point scale is used. a. 7 c. 9		8 10

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USTM/COE/R-01

## [Descriptive]

Marks: 50 Time: 2 hr. 30 mins. [ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ] 1. Write a note on different types of sensory test used in food industry. 10 2. Write a note on flavouring components present in foods. 10 3. Distinguish between:  $2.5 \times 4 = 10$ a) Rod cells and Cone cells b) Paired comparison test and Two sample difference test c) Numerical scoring test and Composite scoring test. d) Triangle test and Duo-trio test 5+5=10 4. a) Why salivary gland is important in food digestion. What are the different types of salivary gland present in human? b) Write a short note on papillae. 5. What are the different instruments used to evaluate sensory properties 10 of food. Explain. 6. What is a rating test? Write a note on different types of rating test. 5+5=10 7. Write short notes on: 5+5=10 a) Chromatography b) Physical characteristics of food 8. What are different factors which influence taste perception? 10

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