REV-01 BBA/01/05

2023/08

BACHELOR OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

SET

FIFTH SEMESTER [SPECIAL REPEAT]
FUNDAMENTALS OF PRODUCTION & OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT
BBA - 501

		FOR OBJECTIVE PART]			
Du	ation: 3 hrs.		Full Marks: 70		
	Ob	jective			
Γin	e: 30 mins.		Marks: 20		
C		C. II	1×20=20		
CI	noose the correct answer from the	following:	1 × 20 - 20		
1.	In Production Management, at every 1	ext level some is added	to the previous		
	level.		to the previous		
	Which one is NOT a raw material in c	ement production system?			
	a. Lime stone	b. Sand			
	c. Machinery	d. None of the Above			
2.	is one of the objective of	Production Management.			
	a. Right Quantity	b. Right Price			
	c. Authenticity	d. None of the Above			
3.	Which one is NOT the component of l	roduction and Operations?			
	a. Inventory management	b. Factory Layout decision	on		
	c. Salary negotiation	d. None of the Above			
4	Production Manager must have	on wastages			
,	a. Check	b. Control			
	c. Watch	d. None of the above			
5.	is NOT concerned with developing specific course of action for				
	production system.	veloping specific course of action	ii ioi		
	a. Process Decision	b. Process Mapping			
	c. Recruiting	d. None of the above			
6	Materials should be made available at	right quantity right place right	nrice and at		
0.	right	right quantity, right place, right	price and at		
	a. Cost	b. Time			
	c. Share	d. None of the Above			
7	A is something which is offered to customers to satisfy their needs or wants.				
	a. Process	b. Product	needs of wants.		
	c. Price	d. Promotion			
0					
8.	The competitive advantage in the production function can be achieved through				
	a. High wastage	b. More Cost			
	c. Lowest Quality	d. Higher Quality			

tion management refers to the application of Management principles	
	in a factory.
	a. Production Function
	c. Marketing Function
s the process in which resources or inputs are converted into more use ts.	is the process in which products.
	a. Inventory Management
	c. Materials Management
	 Kaizen philosophy propagate Minimum wastage
	c. Continuous improvement
defines production as 'a process by which goods and services '.	12defines produc created'.
vard Deming b. FW Taylor	a. Edward Deming
vood Buffa d. Juran	c. Edwood Buffa
production are characterized by manufacturing of one or few quests designed and produced as per the specification of customers within	products designed and produ
	prefixed time and cost. a. Batch Production
	c. Job shop
	14a process that reduce errors or defects. a. Lean Management
	c. Zero Defect Policy
in purpose of is creating value to the customer	
ing resources.	optimizing resources.
	a. Lean management
Sigma d. Kaizen	c. Six Sigma
is a certification which sets out the criteria for a quality managen	16 is a certification v system.
	a. Fitness Certification
0	c. ISO Certification
is a concept referring to business activities that continuo e all functions and involve all employees.	17is a conce improve all functions and inv
	a. TQM
	c. Kaizen
e period between placing an order its receipt in stock is known as	18. The time period between place
d Time b. Buffer Time	a. Lead Time
	c. Order Time
I21 USTM	

- 19. Which of the following is true for Inventory control?
 - minimum total cost per order
 c. Ordering cost decreases with lo size

 - a. Economic order quantity has
 b. Inventory carrying costs increases with quantity per order d. All of the above
- 20. Which of the following is not an inventory?

 b. Semi Finished Goods

 - a. Raw Materialsc. Consumable tools
- d. Machines

(<u>Descriptive</u>)

Time: 2 Hr. 30 Mins.		
	[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]	
1.	Define Production and operations management. Write on its importance for an organization.	4+6=10
2.	Describe a Process. Discuss the importance of process management in organization.	3+7=10
3.	What are the major factors that are to be considered during a facility location decision?	10
4.	Discuss the Types of Layout. Write on importance of Layout Planning.	5+5=10
5.	Elaborate the steps of Production planning and control with the help suitable examples. Highlight the major determining factors of production planning and control.	6+4=10
6.	What is quality? Highlight how quality is important in production.	4+6=10
7.	Write Short Notes on: (Any four) a) Warehouse, b) Lean Management, c) Logistics, d) Kaizen, e) TQM f) Importance of inventory management, g) Bullwhip Effect	2.5×4=10
8.	Define Inventory. Describe the major types of inventory techniques?	4+6=10

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