2023/06

BA POLITICAL SCIENCE SECOND SEMESTER [REPEAT] SOCIAL MOVEMENTS IN INDIA BPS-204



## [USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Dur	ation: 3 hrs.			Full Marks: 70
Tim	e: 30 mins.	Marks: 20		
Cho	ose the correct answer from the follow	ving:		1×20=20
1.	The Moplah Rebellion, also known as the series of riots by Mappila Muslims ofa. Bihar	b. West	Bengal	culmination of a
	c. Kerela	d. Assa	m	
2.	<ul><li>adopted the Universal Declar</li><li>a. Security Council</li><li>c. UN Secratariate</li></ul>	b. Gene	uman Rights ,19 eral Assembly e of the above	948.
3.	Who abolished the Sati System in India?  a. Jawaharlal Nehru  c. Lord Canning		Dalhousie Benetick	
4.	Who founded the Brahmo Samaj?  a. M K Gandhi  c. Bhagat Singh		av Chandra Sei RamMohan Ro	
5.	June 5 is celebrated as  a. World Environment Day  c. World Forest Day		d Water Day d Ocean Day	
6.	Laldenga was the leader of  a. Assam c. Manipur	b. Mizo d. Megl		
7.	According to theory, resources  a. Relative Deprivation Theory  c. Rational Choice Theory	b. Resou	ney, support of urce-Mobilizati of the above	
8.	According to Theory assumes achieving the things they are being Depriva. Relative Deprivation Theory c. Rational choice theory	ed off. b. Resou		
9.	Social Movements evolve due to thea. Satisfied	dema		ety.

	c. Both of the above	d.	None of the above			
10.	History has witnessed social movements	being	carried out by women participants t			
	a. True	b.	False			
11.	The state of the s					
	a. Bihar		West Bengal			
	c. Assam	d.	Jharkhand			
12.	Social Movements can be related to indu	stries,	laborers ,Trade Unions etc.			
	a. True	b.	False			
13.	Indigo Revolution was mainly related to	the	of Bengal.			
	a. Peasants		Tribals			
	c. Industrial labour	d.	None of the above			
14.	. Q3. Mahatma Gandhi was mainly involved in the Movement in India.					
	a. Tribal		Working class			
	c. Peasant movement		None of the above			
15.	Social Movement refers to					
	a. Individual Action	b.	Collective Action			
	c. Action of two or three individuals	d.	None of the above			
16.	Participation in Social Movement is					
	a. Compulsory		Voluntary			
	c. Either (a) or (b)	d.	None of the above			
17.	Social Movements are organised group efforts to generate or resist					
	a. Political Change		Economic Change			
	c. Social Change	d.	Socio Political Change			
18.	Magna Carta was a					
	a. Constitution		Agreement			
	c. Treaty	d.	Charter			
19.	. The American Declaration of Independence took place in the year					
	a. 1826		1776			
	c. 1779	d.	1777			
20.	Relative Deprivation Theory talks about rights related to of citizens.					
	a. Basic needs	b.	Luxurious needs			
	c. Both of the above	d.	None of the above			

[2]

USTM/COE/R-01

## $\left( \underline{\text{Descriptive}} \right)$

Ti	Marks: 50	
	[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]	
1.	Define Social Movement. Discuss the types and features of Social Movement.	2+4+4=10
2.	Discuss how social movements can bring about reforms or social Change in society.	10
3.	Write a note on Relative Deprivation Theory of Social Movements.	10
4.	Explain in details about the Resource-Mobilization theory of Social Movements.	10
5.	Elaborate the Peasant Movement in India with appropriate examples.	10
6.	Write an essay on Tribal Movements in India.	10
7.	What do you mean by Human Rights? Discuss the human rights movement in the post Independence era.	3+7=10
8.	Who is regarded as 'Ethnic'? Explain in details the Movements led by Mizos that led to the formation of the State of Mizoram in 1987.	3+7=10

== \*\*\* = =