

REV-01
BSW/19/24

2023/06

BACHELOR OF SOCIAL WORK
SECOND SEMESTER
UN HUMAN RIGHTS LAW &
INDIAN CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS
BSW - 202
[USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

**SET
A**

Duration : 3 hrs.

Full Marks : 70

Time : 30 min.

(Objective)

Marks : 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1X20=20

- The protection of Human Rights Act in India was enacted in the year?
a. 1993
b. 1994
c. 1995
d. 1996
- Which one of the following categories of Fundamental Rights incorporates "Abolition Of Untouchability"?
a. Right To Religion
b. Right To Equality
c. Right to Freedom
d. None of the above
- The Universal Declaration of Human Rights was adopted on
a. December 1, 1948
b. December 10, 1948
c. December 11, 1948
d. December 12, 1948
- Fundamental Duties are contained in
a. Part IV Article 51- A
b. Part IV Article 51 -B
c. Part III Article 35
d. None of the above
- The article that provides the right to the minorities to conserve their language and culture is.....
a. Article 27
b. Article 28
c. Article 29
d. Article 30
- Which Article of the constitution abolishes Untouchability?
a. Article 16
b. Article 14
c. Article 15
d. Article 17
- All Human Rights are inherent in all human beings because
a. All human rights are provided by the state
b. Human rights are being provided by the united nations
c. Human beings are rational beings
d. Human rights are the product of social revolutions.
- Which of the following are considered third generation rights?
a. Individual Rights
b. Collective Rights
c. Economic rights
d. Political rights

9. Human Rights and Civil Rights are the same
 - a. 1
 - b. 0
 - c. Both a and b
 - d. None of the above
10. The Magna Carta came in the year
 - a. 2150
 - b. 1215
 - c. 1250
 - d. 2115
11. Socio - Economic and cultural rights include
 - a. Right to work
 - b. Right to Religion
 - c. Both a and b
 - d. Only a & NOT b
12. Fundamental Rights are provided in Indian Constitution under
 - a. Part V
 - b. Part III
 - c. Both A and B
 - d. Neither A nor B
13. Directive Principles of State Policy are provided In Indian Constitution under
 - a. Part V
 - b. Part II
 - c. Part III
 - d. Part IV
14. Fundamental Duties are provided in Indian Constitution under ?
 - a. Part V
 - b. Part VI
 - c. Both A and B
 - d. Neither A nor B
15. There are Fundamental duties for the citizen of India
 - a. 17
 - b. 11
 - c. 15
 - d. 10
16. Prarthana Samaj was established by
 - a. Keshub Chandra Sen
 - b. Swami Dayanand Saraswati
 - c. Annie Besant
 - d. Swami Vivekananda
17. Aligarh Movement was started by
 - a. Sayyid Ahmed Khan
 - b. Sayyid Abdul Khan
 - c. Sayyid Abdur khan
 - d. None of the above
18. Brahmo Samaj Was against
 - a. Polygamy
 - b. Sati
 - c. Both A and B
 - d. Neither A nor B
19. Aligarh Muslim University was established in the year
 - a. 1875
 - b. 1876
 - c. 1874
 - d. 1879
20. Legal Aid in India was started in the year
 - a. 1996
 - b. 1995
 - c. 1998
 - d. 1994

(Descriptive)

Time : 2 hrs. 30 mins.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. What do you understand by Human Right. Write 5 characteristics of Human Rights . 10
2. Write the historical timeline of human rights development . Explain Generation Of Human Rights. 5+5=10
3. Write the Fundamental Rights. 10
4. a. Write down the fundamental Duties. 10
Or
b. Directive principle of State Policy
5. Explain Social Legislation and why is it important for the society . 5+5=10
6. Explain Social Justice , Why is it important for the society 5+5=10
7. What do you understand by Legal Aid, how does it helps the society. 5+5=10
8. What is the role Of NGO in promotion and protection of rights of women and children. Explain 10

== *** ==