

**BACHELOR OF SOCIAL WORK  
THIRD SEMESTER  
SOCIAL WORK RESEARCH  
BSW - 303[SPECIAL REPEAT]  
(USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART)**

**SET  
A**

**Duration: 3 hrs.**

**Full Marks: 70**

**(PART-A: Objective)**

**Time: 30 min.**

**Marks: 20**

*Choose the correct answer from the following:*

**1X20=20**

1. Social work research primarily deals with problems faced by:
  - a. Social scientists
  - b. Engineers
  - c. Professional social workers, social work agencies, and communities
  - d. Medical professionals
2. In social work research, the inferences are drawn through:
  - a. Deductive reasoning
  - b. Inductive reasoning
  - c. Observations only
  - d. None of the above
3. Which of the following is not a broad research area in social work?
  - a. Child Welfare
  - b. Public Health
  - c. Engineering
  - d. Substance Abuse
4. What is the major objective of social work research?
  - a. To establish social work theory
  - b. To identify and measure the need for service
  - c. To develop interventions for social problems
  - d. To provide knowledge about intervention effectiveness
5. What is evidence-based practice in social work?
  - a. Making decisions based on intuition and experience
  - b. Integrating scientific evidence with practice expertise and knowledge of circumstances
  - c. Relying on the opinions of colleagues and supervisors
  - d. None of the above
6. What is the goal of social work research?

To search for answers to questions raised regarding interventions or treatment-effectiveness in social work practice

  - a. To build a knowledge base for social work theory and practice
  - b. To evaluate social work programs and practices
  - c. To build a knowledge base for social work theory and practice
  - d. All of the above
7. What is the first step in the social work research process?
  - a. Collection of data
  - b. Assessment of the client's problems
  - c. Setting up of goals
  - d. Development of a research design or methodology

8. What is the role of objectivity in scientific method?
  - a. To seek only such data that supports the researcher's hypothesis
  - b. To make personal judgments based on data and logic
  - c. To achieve standardization of research instruments and analytical tools
  - d. To eliminate personal bias and prejudices in research
9. What is the function of 'theory' in scientific research?
  - a. To organize facts into a more meaningful and realistic structure
  - b. To gather data and facts to support a particular argument
  - c. To establish cause-and-effect relationships between variables
  - d. To generalize findings to a larger population
10. What was the impetus/motivation for the change in the number and nature of social work research in India?
  - a. The government of India's Planning Commission
  - b. The Central Social Welfare Board
  - c. Schools of social work
  - d. Field studies in social welfare
11. Which of the following is NOT an area of research covered by schools of social work in India?
  - a. Youth welfare
  - b. Substance abuse
  - c. Economic growth
  - d. Poverty alleviation
12. What is the significance of evaluation research in social work?
  - a. To assess the problems and needs of a program/target population
  - b. To guide program planning and implementation
  - c. To enhance program effectiveness
  - d. All of the above
13. Which of the following is the first step in starting the research process?
  - a. Searching sources of information to locate the problem
  - b. Survey of related literature
  - c. Identification of the problem
  - d. Searching for solutions to the problem
14. The research which is exploring new facts through the study of the past is called
  - a. Philosophical research
  - b. Historical research
  - c. Mythological research
  - d. Content analysis
15. Which of the following is classified in the category of the developmental research?
  - a. Philosophical research
  - b. Action research
  - c. Descriptive research
  - d. All the above
16. Action-research is:
  - a. Applied research
  - b. Research carried out to solve immediate problems
  - c. Longitudinal research
  - d. All the above
17. How can the objectivity of the research be enhanced?
  - a. Through its impartiality
  - b. Through its reliability
  - c. Through its validity
  - d. All of these

18. When a research problem is related to heterogeneous population, the most suitable sampling method is:
- a. Cluster Sampling
  - b. Stratified Sampling
  - c. Convenient Sampling
  - d. Lottery Method
19. Field-work-based research is classified as:
- a. Empirical
  - b. Historical
  - c. Experimental
  - d. Biographical
20. Authenticity of a research finding is its:
- a. Originality
  - b. Validity
  - c. Objectivity
  - d. All of the above

-- -- --

**( Descriptive )**

Time : 2 hrs. 30 mins.

Marks : 50

**[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]**

1. What do you understand by social work research? 10
2. Elaborate qualitative and quantitative approach to research. 5+5=10
3. Explain research design and describe exploratory research design and descriptive research design. 10
4. What do you understand by qualitative research and explain two important types of qualitative research either case study and ethnographic study. 5+5=10
5. What do you understand by literature review? Explain how it is important for research work. 5+5=10
6. Explain primary and secondary data and various sources of data with special reference to modern Internet information age including social media. 5+5=10
7. Explain focused group discussion and interview. 5+5=10
8. Explain the importance of data collection and its presentation through graphs, tables and statistical tools. Elaborate primary and secondary data too. 5+5=10

= = \*\*\* = =