MASTER OF LIBRARY & INFO. SCIENCE THIRD SEMESTER [SPECIAL REPEAT] RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

MLS-303



[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Objective

Marks: 20

Time: 30 mins.

Widiks. 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

 $1 \times 20 = 20$

- 1. What are the main sections of the body of a research report?
 - a. Introduction

- b. Statement of the problem
- c. Purpose of the study
- d. All of the above
- 2. In the format of research report, which one is the first page?
 - a. Cover page

b. Title page

c. Verso page

- d. Start page
- Assertion(A): Median is simply the middle value when the data have been arranged in ascending or descending order.

Reason(R): Median refers to the middle value in a distribution.

- a. Both (A) and (R) are true
- b. (A) is true, but (R) is false
- c. (A) is false, but (R) is true
- d. Both (A) and (R) are false
- 4. The basic steps of data representation are
 - a. Coding

b. Tabulation

c. Both of these

- d. None of these
- The process that involves the applications of different statistical tools like averages, dispersion, correlation, etc. is
 - a. Presentation of data
- b. Analysis of data

c. Scale study

- d. Sample study
- 6. The criteria involved in selecting a research problem is
 - a. Clarity & unambiguity
- b. Empirical verification
- c. Experience & creativity
- d. All of these
- 7. Assertion(A): A sample is the representation of a whole.

Reason(R): The sample is subjected to observation and analysis.

- a. (A) is false, but (R) is true
- b. (A) is true, but (R) is false
- c. Both (A) and (R) are true
- d. Both (A) and (R) are false
- 8. Observation is the most widely used technique for:
 - a. Scientific investigation
- b. User analysis

c. Scientific method

- d. User survey
- 9. Which is not a method of Graphics in Report Writing?
 - a. Bar Diagram

b. Tables

c. Graphs

- d. Film strips
- iis

10. What is/are an essential ingredients of any research problem? a. Data b. Researcher c. Resources d. All of the above 11. What is the main aim of research? b. To discover answer to question a. To discover facts d. To discover answer to question by c. To discover answer scientific procedures 12. What are two board categories of research? b. Basic and applied a. Primary and secondary c. Pure and applied d. Historical and experimental 13. Research design gives the a. Procedure for designing tools b. Blue print of research activity c. Technique of research d. Pattern of research 14. Pure research is an investigation conducted by a. An individual b. Two persons c. A group of persons d. An organisation 15. Questionnaire is widely used tool in which type of research? a. Survey research b. Experimental research c. Historical research d. Case study research 16. What does hypothesis become after verification? a. Research problem b. Theory or principles c. Formulation d. Solution of the problem 17. What are the two methods of observation? a. Students and teachers b. Direct and indirect c. Participants and non-participants d. Close and open 18. Stratified sampling is a combination of which of the following? a. Quota and random b. Quota and cluster c. Random and cluster d. Purposive and Random 19. Experimental method of research is the same as the a. Statistical method b. Scientific method c. Historical method d. Descriptive method 20. Delphi method is primarily concerned with a. Data analysis b. Data collection c. Data recognition d. Data interpretation

(<u>Descriptive</u>)

Time: 2 Hr. 30 Mins.		Marks: 50	
[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]			
	1.	Define Research Problem. What are the different types of research methods? Explain each in detail with suitable examples.	3+7=10
	2.	Define Sampling Technique. Explain probability and non-probability types of sampling techniques.	3+7=10
	3.	Define Scaling Technique. Discuss the criteria for adopting a good measurement technique.	3+7=10
	4.	Define Report Writing? Elaborate the various components involved in the process of report writing?	3+7=10
	5.	Define Research. Discuss in detail the various steps involved in the process of a research study by citing a suitable research topic related to field of LIS.	3+7=10
	6.	What is Research Design? Discuss in detail the need and importance of a research design.	3+7=10
	7.	What is primary and secondary data? Explain the different types of data collections tools available in the field of social science research.	3+7=10
	8.	Define Observation. Differentiate between survey and case study method of research.	3+7=10

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