SET

A

## MA EDUCATION FIRST SEMESTER [SPECIAL REPEAT] METHODS & TECHNIQUES OF TEACHING MAE – 102

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Objective

Time: 30 mins.

Marks: 20

## Choose the correct answer from the following:

 $1 \times 20 = 20$ 

- 1. Demonstration means
  - a. To exhibit
  - c. To open

- b. To express
- d. To concealment
- 2. In Autocratic style, the entire authority is focused in the hands of the
  - a. Student's

b. Both teacher and student's

c. Teacher

d. None of the above

- 3. First step of Micro teaching
  - a. Planning

b. Re-teach

c. Re-plan

- d. Feedback
- 4. Microteaching was introduced in
  - a. 1973

b. 1963

c. 1953

- d. 1967
- 5. Project method of teaching was developed by
  - a. Kilpatrick

b. Froebel

c. Mahatma Gandhi

d. Montessori

- 6. A lesson plan is the
  - a. Road maps of Student's

- b. Road maps of Instructor's
- c. Road maps of Headmaster's
- d. Road maps of Principals'
- 7. Lesson planning is important because
  - a. It gives the teacher just an idea to
  - c. It gives the teacher a concrete
    - direction

- b. It gives the teacher to dictate notes in the class
- d. It gives the teacher to study his student's
- 8. A lesson is "A plan of action". Who said this?
  - a. Kilpatric
  - c. Binging and Binging

- b. Bossing
- d. Stands

- 9. For an experienced teacher,
  - a. It is 10% planning and 90% management
  - It is 20% planning and 80% management
- b. It is 50% planning and 500% management
- d. It is 90% planning and 10%
- management

[1]

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0.	Johann Friedrich Herbart was a/an a. American Educator	b. Australian educator
	c. European Educator	d. German Educator
11	To make learning effective, a goal must be	e meaningful in terms of
	a. Objective of the curriculum	D. Interrectant
	c. Standard of teachers	d. The needs and purposes of students
12.		ion are important about students to motival
	them for studies  a. Learning style	b. Personality
	c. Socio-cultural background	d. All of the above
13.	We move from specific to general in	b. Deductive method
	a. Inductive method	d. Discussion method
	c. Drill method	d. Discussion memod
14.	Duration of lessons in micro lesson plan	is
	a. 5-10 Minutes	b. 10-20 Minutes
	c. 20-30 Minutes	d. 35-45 Minutes
15.	Example of psycho-motor domain is tha	t student
20.	a. Demonstrate awareness to	b. Performs and experiment
	environmental pollution	
	c. Can compute a result of two	d. Can narrate a story
	experiments	
16.	Example of cognitive domain is	
	a. Describe a topic	b. Develop an X-ray film
	c. Type a letter	d. Take responsibility
17	The highest level of cognitive domain is	
17.	a. Synthesis	b. Analyses
	c. Comprehension	d. Evaluation
		floated by
18.		b. Affective
	a. Cognitive	d. None of above
	c. Psycho-motor	
19.	<ul> <li>The lowest of learning in affective domain</li> </ul>	ain is
	a. Responding	b. Valuing
	c. Receiving	d. Organization
20.	· The characteristic of behavioral objective	re is
	a. Observable and immeasurable	b. Non-observable
	c. Observable and measurable	d. None of above

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## **Descriptive**

Time: 2 Hr. 30 Mins. Marks:50 [Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest] 10 1.. State the maxims of teaching. 10 Explain psychomotor domain with examples. 3. Enumerate the meaning and concept of teaching? How explanation 2+2+6=10 and questioning can be utilize as a teaching device? 4. What do you mean by lesson planning? Explain the need and 4+6+10 importance of lesson planning 5. Explain the principles of teaching. Which principle do you consider to 7+3=10 be the most important and why? 6. What do you mean by taxonomy of educational objectives? Who 3+1+6=10 introduced it in the field of education? What are the different steps of cognitive domain? 7. What is Autocratic style of Teaching? Explain the role of Tutorial and 2+4+4=10 Team Teaching in Autocratic style. What do you mean by Science? What are the different methods of 3+7=10 teaching Science?

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