REV-01 MCA/01/05

Duration: 3 hrs.

2023/06

SET

Full Marks: 70

MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATION SECOND SEMESTER (REPEAT) OPERATING SYSTEMS MCA-203

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Time: 30 mins.	Marks: 20
Choose the correct answer from the following:	1×20=20
 What is the ready state of a process? a. When process is scheduled to run after some execution b. When process is unable to some task has been completed. When process is using the CPU d. None of the mentioned 	
2. The number of processes completed per unit time is known as a. Output b. Throughput c. Efficiency d. Capacity	
 Which of the following do not belong to queues for processes? a. Job Queue b. PCB Queue c. Device Queue d. Ready Queue 	
 Suppose that a process is in "Blocked" state waiting for some I/O service. V service is completed, it goes to the a. Running state b. Ready state c. Suspended state d. Terminated state 	Vhen the
5. In priority scheduling algorithm a. CPU is allocated to the process with highest priority b. CPU is allocated to the process priority c. Equal priority processes cannot be scheduled d. None of the mentioned	cess with
 Which of the following scheduling algorithms gives minimum average wait a. FCFS b. SJF c. Round - robin d. Priority 	ting time?
7. For a deadlock to arise, which of the following conditions must hold simulta a. Mutual exclusion b. No preemption c. Hold and wait d. All of the mentioned	aneously?
a. External storage b. Secondary storage c. Physical memory d. None of the mentioned	
 The first fit, best fit and worst fit are strategies to select a a. Process from a queue to put in memory c. Free hole from a set of available holes d. All of the mentioned 1 UST 	rocess

10.	 External fragmentation exists when? a. Enough total memory exists to satisfy a request but it is not contiguous c. A request cannot be satisfied even when the total memory is free 		The total memory is insufficient to satisfy a request None of the mentioned
11.	In contiguous memory allocation: a. Each process is contained in a single contiguous section of memory c. The memory space is contiguous		All process are contained in a singl contiguous section of memory None of the above
12.	A set of processes is deadlock if a. Each process is blocked and will remain so forever c. All processes are trying to kill each other		Each process is terminated None of the mentioned
13.	Which of the following is not the state of a pa. New c. Waiting	b.	ress? Old Running
14.	What is a long-term scheduler? a. It selects processes which have to be brought into the ready queue c. It selects processes which heave to remove from memory by swapping	b.	It selects processes which have to be executed next and allocates CPU None of the mentioned
15.	The interval from the time of submission of termed as a. Waiting time c. Response time	b.	rocess to the time of completion is Turnaround time Throughput
16.	Which algorithm is defined in Time quantuma. Shortest job scheduling algorithm c. Multilevel queue scheduling algorithm	b.	Priority scheduling algorithm Round robin scheduling algorithm
17.	Which one of the following is the deadlock a. Banker's algorithm c. Elevator algorithm	b.	idance algorithm? Round-robin algorithm Karn's algorithm
18.	The address generated by the CPU is referred. Physical address. Neither physical nor logical.	b.	o as Logical address None of the mentioned
19.	In Operating Systems, which of the followir a. Round Robin c. Priority	b.	s/are CPU scheduling algorithms? Shortest Job First All of the mentioned
20.	In internal fragmentation, memory is interna. Is being used c. Is always used	b.	o a partition and Is not being used None of the mentioned

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(Descriptive)

Time: 2 hr. 30 mins. Marks: 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

- 4. Explain five different types of operating system.
 5. a) What is File? What are the different file types?
 5+5=10
 - b) Explain different types of file access mechanisms.
- 6. a) Write a note on multi-level queue scheduling and multi-level 4+6=10 feedback queue scheduling.
 - b) Calculate the average waiting time and turnaround time using Round-Robin techniques having time quantum 3 for the following table:

Process	Burst Time (ms)
P1	10
P2	12
P3	5
P4	2
P5	10

7. Consider the following reference string with page frame 3. Find the total number of page faults using LRU and Optimal Page Replacement algorithms.

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8. a) Explain the Paging concept with the help of a diagram.
b) Define First-Fit, Best-Fit and Wost-Fit allocation in memory.

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