MASTER OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION First Semester PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICE OF MANAGEMENT (MBA - 101)

Duration: 3Hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Part-A (Objective) =20 Part-B (Descriptive) =50

(PART-B: Descriptive)

Duration: 2 hrs. 40 mins.

Marks: 50

Answer any four from Question no. 2 to 7 Question no. 1 is compulsory.

- Define the term 'Management'. Write briefly about any six characteristics of
 Management. Explain the 'Management Process' in an organization with the help
 of a drawing. (2+3+5=10)
- 2. Explain different kinds of Managerial skills with the help of a drawing. Justify-"Managers are tangible, but management process is intangible". (6+4=10)
- 3. What is 'Planning'? Write briefly the steps of a 'Planning Process'. Mention two benefits and two weaknesses of MBO. (2+4+2+2=10)
- Define "Span of Control". Explain shortly any five factors that influence Span of control in an organization. Justify "Tall organization structure is necessary if the work is non-repetitive in nature. (2+5+3=10)
- 5. . . . plain the differences between 'Power' and 'Authority'. Define Centralization and Decentralization. If you would become the Managing Director of a company, which factors you would feel are important to analyse –to take the right decision about centralization or decentralization way of doing things in your organization?

(5+2+3=10)

- 6. Explain the 'Controlling Process' of an organization in detail. Write shortly on 'different types of Control'. Just mention the names of four 'Control Technique'.
 (5+3+2=10)
- 7. Define Communication. With the help of a diagram explain the 'Communication Process'. Write on the 'Principles of Co-ordination'. (2+5+3=10)

MASTER OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION First Semester PRINCIPLES & PRACTICE OF MANAGEMENT (MBA - 101)

					(MIDA - IUI)	,						
]	Du	ration:	Marks – 20									
	I. (Choose t	the correct	answer:			1×10=10					
	 Few characteristics of management are- It is dynamic in nature. It achieve pre-determine goal. It has individual activity. It has universal activity. It has different levels of management. 											
		Ans-	a) 1,2,4,5	b) 2,3,4	4,5 c)1	,3,4,5	d) 1,2,3,4					
	2.	 Which features of management that support "Management as a Science"? It should have specific body of knowledge. General principles are capable of universal applicable. Improvement through continuous practice. Establish cause & effect relationship. 										
		Ans-	a) 1,2,3	b) 2,3,4	4 c) 1	,3,4	d) 1,2,4					
	3.	 Which are the direct advantages of planning process? It helps in decreasing resource wastages. It helps in anticipating crisis. It helps in managing change effectively. It helps in putting right person at the right place. 										
		Ans-	a) 2,3,4	b) 1,2,3	c) 1	,3,4	d) 1,2,4					
	4.	 According to which approach –"Managerial Practice depends on the situation and what solution should be well match with the situation". a) Contingency approach b) Operational approach c) Managerial Role approach d) Management Science approach 										
	5.	man Relation Era'? Mayo										
		Ans:	a) 1,2,3	b) 2,3,4	c) 1	,2,4	d) 1,3,4					

6.	1. Participative decision making 2. Goal specificity 3. No explicit time period 4. Performance feedback											
	Ans-	a) 1,2,3	b) 2,3,4	C	1,3,4	d) 1,2, 4						
7.	Which a) Budg c) Pron											
8.	 8. Which sub-function does not come under Staffing? a) Selection b) Recruitment c) Leadership d) Performance Appraisal 											
9.	 Take Estal 	The right sequence of controlling process is- 1. Take corrective action if deviation takes place. 2. Establish standard. 3. Measure current performance and compare with standard.										
)	Ans-	a) $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3$	b) $2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 1$		c) $3 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1$	d) $2 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 3$						
10	1. Divid 3. Arra	de up the work	ns come under 'O 2. Ensure ro 4. Co-ordin b) 2,3,4	esults.		d)1,2,4						
II.		he blanks:					<5=5					
	1. If the "Span of control" is more for a manager, then the organization structure wi											
		Organization of them	<u> </u>	b) Flat Organization d) None of above								
1 2.	a) Tall	Organization S		b) Flat Organization Structure d) Informal Organization Structure.								
3.	The skill which is necessary to make plans, policy, decision, strategy etc. are known											
	as											
		an-relation ski nical skill	11	/	b) Conceptual skilld) None of the above							
4.	"It provides the space through which the message must pass and hence determines the											
	method	method used to send the message" is called										
	a) Cont c) Mess			b) Climate d) Channel								

5. Barrier of communication appears due to too long chain of communication or too big span of control is known as a) Badly expressed message b) Faulty organization structure c) Distrust of communication d) Restricting communication III. Match the following: $1 \times 5 = 5$ SEC-A SEC-B 1. Spokesperson role A. Analyses the information from both internal & external environment. 2. Disseminator role B. Link & coordinate people inside & outside the organization. C. Symbolize the organization and what it is trying to 3. Monitor role achieve. D. Clarify the doubts of public whenever & wherever 4. Liaison role required. 5. Figure Head E. After filtering the information, convey that to the right person.
