MASTER OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION SECOND SEMESTER [REPEAT] FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT MBA-204



[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]					
Du	ration: 3 hrs.	4:)	Full Marks: 70		
Tin	ne: 30 mins.	<u>ctive</u> j	Marks: 20		
C	hoose the correct answer from the foll	Marks: 70 Marks: 20 Marks: 20 And with the acquisition, financing, and management of assets a min mind. Ment b. Profit maximization d. Social responsibility Maximization of share holder's wealth discipline in the d. All of these Minimum decided the expense d. Lesser than before Offit, production is to be b. Ignored d. Downsized Eview on the profitability of a business? Desire in equity b. Cash flow statement d. Income statement known as: Desire in equity b. Assets d. Working capital penses of a business are termed as: Desire in expense d. Administration expense d. Administration expense d. Administration expense mparative analysis of financial statement is: Desire in equity b. Common size analysis			
1.	is concerned with the acquisiti with some overall goal in mind.	ion, financing, and managem	ent of assets		
	a. Financial management c. Agency theory				
2.	Basic objective of Financial Management is a. Maximization of profit c. Ensuring Financial discipline in the firm	b. Maximization of share	holder's wealth		
3.	Financial management aims to keep the ris a. Control c. Higher than before	b. Minimum decided the	expense		
4.	For maximizing the profit, production is to a. minimized c. Maximized	b. Ignored			
5.	Which report gives a review on the profita a. Statement of changes in equity c. Balance sheet	b. Cash flow statement			
6.	Current assets are also known as: a. Cash c. Invested capital				
7.	The main operation expenses of a business a. Operating expenses c. Selling expenses	b. Non-administration ex			
8.	A method used in a comparative analysis of a. Returning analysis c. Preference analysis				
9.	The shorter the payback period – a. The riskier is the project. c. Less will the NPV of the project	b. The less risky is the pro			

10.	Which of the following evaluation criteria ca. Benefit-cost ratio c. IRR	ь.	not consider time value of money? Pay-back period Net benefit cost
11.	The short-term financial plans are known a a. Objectives c. Programs	b.	Budgets Policies
12.	If you add depreciation and other non cash figure is – a. Profit available for equity shareholder		censes in profit after tax, the resulting Cash Flow After Tax (CFAT)
	c. Net cash flow		Free cash flow
13.	 The main aim of capital structure is to: a. Maximise owner's return and minimise the cost of capital c. Minimise owner's return and minimise the cost of capital 		Maximise owner's return and maximise the cost of capital Minimise owner's return and maximise the cost of capital
14.	Capital Structure is a part of: a. The asset side of a balance sheet c. The Trial Balance		The liability side of a balance sheet None of the above
15.	Which of these is a theory of capital structure. Net Income Net Operating Income	b.	Modigliani-Miller Theorem All of the Above
16.	is the minimum required rat	e of	earnings or the cut off rate of capital
	expenditure. a. Cost of capital c. Equity capital		Working capital None of the above
17.	Net working capital refers to		
	a. Total assets minus fixed assets.		Current assets minus current liabilities.
	c. Current assets minus inventories.	d.	Current assets
18.	 A project is accepted when: a. Profitability index will be greater than unity c. Net present value is greater than zero 		Internal Rate of Return will be greater than cost of capital Any of the above
19.	Which of the following does not belong to the		
	a. Equity sharesc. Debentures	ь.	Reserves and surplus Preference shares
20.	 A positive working capital means that – a. The company is able to pay-off its long-term liabilities. c. The company is unable to meet its short-term liabilities 	d.	The company is able to select profitable projects The company is able to pay-off its short-term liabilities.

[<u>Descriptive</u>]

Time: 2 Hr. 30 Mins. Marks: 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

- 1. Write the meaning of financial management. Explain the functions of 2+8=10 financial management.
- 2. Explain the concept and evolution of financial function. 10
- Define financial analysis. Explain the different types of financial analysis.
- From the following Balance Sheet of Myaan Ltd., prepare Comparative 10 Balance Sheet.

Particulars	Note No.	31-03-2022	31-03-2023
l. Equity and Liabilities:			
Shareholders Fund:			
Share capital		2,80,000	3,30,000
Reserve and Surplus		1,00,000	1,40,000
Non-Current Liabilities:			
Long term Borrowings		60,000	51,000
Current Liabilities:			
Short term borrowings		60,000	86,000
Bills Payables		25,000	43,000
Total		5,25,000	6,50,000
II. Assets			
Non-current Assets		2,47,000	4,00,000
Current Assets:			
Debtors		1,50,000	1,10,000
Cash and bank		1,28,000	1,40,000
Total		5,25,000	6,50,000

- 5. a) Define Payback period. Determine Payback period for a project 2+3+5=10 which required a cash outlay of Rs. 20,000 and generate cash inflows of Rs. 3,000, Rs. 5,000, Rs. 6,000 and Rs. 3,000 in the 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4thyear respectively.
 - b) Explain the steps involved in the process of capital budgeting.
- 6. a) Write a note on Modigliani-Miller Approach (without tax) critically evaluates its assumptions.
 - b) Give a note on meaning and significance of cost of capital.

- 7. What do you mean by capital structure? Discuss the factors influencing 2+8=10 the capital structure of a company?
- 8. What is working capital? Which factors determine the working capital requirements?

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