

**BA LLB
THIRD SEMESTER
LEGAL LANGUAGE
BLB – 301**
(USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART)

**SET
B**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 min.

[PART-A: Objective]

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1×20=20

1. Free legal aid discusses under which of the following article of constitution of India
 - a. Article 25
 - b. Article 30
 - c. Article 39
 - d. Article 39A
2. When is Constitutional Day.
 - a. 26 January
 - b. 26 August
 - c. 26 November
 - d. 26 December
3. Pacta sunt servanda means.
 - a. Contract are to be kept
 - b. Nobody is above the law
 - c. What for what
 - d. All of the above
4. SCC means
 - a. Supreme court cases
 - b. Superior court cases
 - c. Special court cases
 - d. All of the above
5. What is the full form of BLJR
 - a. Bihar law journal reports
 - b. Bilaspur law journal reports
 - c. British law journal reports
 - d. Bombay law journal reports
6. Flex Frankfurter was born
 - a. 1582
 - b. 1682
 - c. 1782
 - d. 1882
7. The term bail is related to
 - a. Criminal law
 - b. Civil law
 - c. Law of contract
 - d. None of the above
8. Which of the following part of Indian constitution dealswith fundamental right
 - a. Part I
 - b. Part II
 - c. Part III
 - d. Part IV
9. Who is the chief justice of India
 - a. U. U Lalit
 - b. N V Ramana
 - c. Sharad Arvind Babde
 - d. D.Y Chandrachud

10. Delegate protests non protest delegare is the principle of
 a. Administrative law
 b. Constitutional law
 c. Both (a) and (b)
 d. None of the above
11. Legal terminology deals with
 a. Legal matters
 b. Civil matters
 c. Political matters
 d. Economic matters
12. How many high courts in India
 a. 25
 b. 26
 c. 27
 d. 28
13. What is the minimum qualification of an advocate?
 a. He must be a law graduate
 b. He must be an Indian citizen
 c. He must have valid identity card
 d. All of the above
14. Language means
 a. Principle methods of human communication
 b. Divine gift
 c. Both (a) and (b)
 d. None of the above
15. Delegate protest non protest delegare means
 a. A delegate can further delegate
 b. A delegate cannot further delegate
 c. Delegation is bad in law
 d. All of the above
16. Precedent means
 a. Government documents
 b. Decision passed by the highest court of the land
 c. Law
 d. None of the above
17. Which of the following article of the constitution of India deals with legal language?
 a. Article 340
 b. Article 345
 c. Article 348
 d. Article 349
18. Legal citations include
 a. Court decision
 b. Government documents
 c. Statute
 d. All of the above.
19. Which one of the following is the basic principle of legal writing?
 a. Clarity
 b. Simplicity
 c. Correct grammar
 d. All of the above
20. Literal meaning of Aequitas legem Sequitur
 a. Equity follows the law
 b. Law will not aid any party who is at fault
 c. Law is about what is fair and equitable
 d. All of the above

(PART-B : Descriptive)

Time : 2 hrs. 30 min.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. Define the term language? Discuss various characteristics and importance of legal language 3+7=10
2. Explain in details various fundamental principle of legal writing 10
3. Write the shorts notes on the following: 1+4+2+3=10
 - a. Precedent
 - b. Nature of legal writing
4. Critically explain the legal maxim Audi alteram partem. 10
5. Discuss the legal maxims Pacta sunt Servenda and Res judicata. 5+5=10
6. What is the qualification of a lawyer? Analyze various duties and functions of lawyer. 2+8=10
7. Who is Felix Frank Furter? What is his advice to a young lawyer. 2+4+4=10
8. Write legal essay any one of the following topics. 5+5=10
 - a. Discrimination against women
 - b. Child Labour in India.

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