

MASTER OF COMMERCE  
THIRD SEMESTER  
INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT  
MCM – 305A

**SET  
A**

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 mins.

**(Objective)**

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1 × 20 = 20

- Which of the following is not a forex market participant?
  - Hedger
  - Central Bank
  - Broker
  - Commercial banks
- International finance is concerned with:
  - Monetary systems of the world
  - FDI
  - Exchange rate of currencies
  - All of the above
- Who maintains the foreign exchange reserves in India?
  - State Bank of India
  - Finance ministry
  - Reserve Bank of India
  - EXIM Bank
- An arbitrageur in foreign exchange is a person who:
  - Earns profit illegally by manipulating the forex market
  - Buys foreign currency with the hope of selling at a higher rate at some later date
  - Simultaneously buys large amount of foreign currency in one market and sells it in another market
  - None of the above
- The era of bimetallism consisted of the use of both \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ coins as the international modes of payment
  - Gold, silver
  - Gold, brass
  - Gold, copper
  - Gold, iron
- Floating exchange rate is determined by \_\_\_\_\_
  - Government
  - Central bank
  - Market forces
  - All of the above
- The present system of international finance is \_\_\_\_\_
  - Gold standard
  - Fixed exchange rate system
  - Free-float exchange rate system
  - Pegged or managed-float exchange rate system
- The World Bank Group does not include this organization.
  - Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency
  - International Development Association
  - International Finance Corporation
  - UNICEF

9. A simultaneous purchase and sale of foreign exchange for two different dates is called
  - a. Currency exchange
  - b. Currency swap
  - c. Currency option
  - d. Currency future
10. In the spot market, settlement takes place on the \_\_\_\_\_ working day after the date of transaction
  - a. First
  - b. Second
  - c. Third
  - d. Fourth
11. Which of the following is an example of direct exchange rate quotation?
  - a. Re. 1 = USD 0.0122
  - b. Rs. 100 = USD 1.22
  - c. USD 1 = Rs. 82
  - d. None of the above
12. Foreign direct investment is a source of:
  - a. Demand for foreign exchange
  - b. Supply of foreign exchange
  - c. Both (a) and (b)
  - d. None of the above
13. In the foreign exchange market, the market price for 1 US dollar rises from Rs 80 to Rs. 82. This implies that:
  - a. Rupee has depreciated
  - b. US dollar has appreciated
  - c. Both (a) and (b) are true
  - d. None of the above
14. Which of the following factors influences exchange rate of currencies?
  - a. Inflation rates
  - b. Government debt
  - c. Interest rates
  - d. All of the above
15. The Purchasing Power Parity theory was put forward by \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. Adrian Buckley
  - b. Adam Smith
  - c. Gustav Cassel
  - d. Michael Porter
16. The government or the central banks manage exchange rates for which of the following reasons?
  - a. To stabilize the exchange rate movements
  - b. To establish implicit exchange rate boundaries
  - c. Both of the above
  - d. None of the above
17. Foreign exchange exposure and risk can affect a firm's:
  - a. Assets
  - b. Liabilities
  - c. Cash flows
  - d. All of the above
18. Which of the following is also known as accounting exposure?
  - a. Translation exposure
  - b. Transaction exposure
  - c. Economic exposure
  - d. None of the above
19. Which of the following is not a type of foreign exchange exposure?
  - a. Transaction exposure
  - b. Tax exposure
  - c. Translation exposure
  - d. Operating exposure
20. Which one of the following is not a hedging strategy?
  - a. Leading and lagging
  - b. Forward hedge
  - c. Netting and offsetting
  - d. Technical analysis

**(Descriptive)**

Time : 2 Hr. 30 Mins.

Marks : 50

[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]

1. Discuss the evolution of the international monetary system. 10
2. What is a country's Balance of Payment? Explain the Current Account and Capital Account in BOP. 5+5=10
3. Define International financial management. Differentiate between International financial management and domestic financial management. 3+7=10
4. Write a note on the World Bank group organizations. Highlight the major functions of the World Bank. 5+5=10
5. What do you mean by futures contract in foreign exchange? Examine the differences between futures and forward contracts. 2+8=10
6. a) What is a cross rate in foreign exchange? 4+6=10  
b) Explain the direct and indirect method of quoting exchange rate.
7. a) Describe the concept of currency appreciation and depreciation with a relevant example. 5+5=10  
b) Explain the factors that influence exchange rates.
8. What do you understand by foreign exchange exposure and risk? Discuss the different types of foreign exchange exposure. 4+6=10

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