

**MA SOCIOLOGY
FIRST SEMESTER
PERSPECTIVE ON INDIAN SOCIETY
MSO-103(REPEAT)**

**SET
A**

Duration : 3 hrs.

(USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART)

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 min.

[**Objective**]

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1 × 20 = 20

- Who wrote the Book "Homo Hierarchicus"?
 - Louis Dumont
 - Henry Maine
 - Dipankar Gupta
 - A R Desai
- Who differentiated two approaches to the study of Indian society as the Book View and the Field View?
 - M. Panini
 - M N Srinivas
 - Andre Beteille
 - David Hardiman
- A.R. Desai Social change refers to change in
 - Structure of society
 - Size of society
 - Density of society
 - Life style in Society
- Who among the following sociologists has considered purity and pollution as the primary characteristic of the caste system?
 - Louis Dumont
 - M N Srinivas
 - G S Ghurye
 - B R Ambedkar
- Which one of the following is *NOT* a feature of modernization process?
 - Increasing commercial activities
 - Social control on kinship basis
 - Increasing division of labour
 - Increasing social complexity
- With whom among the following are the concepts universalisation and parochialisation associated?
 - Robert R. Marret
 - McKim Marriott
 - R. Redfield
 - Meyer Fortes
- Who is of the opinion that, nothing can emancipate the outcastes except the destruction of the caste system?
 - H. Risley
 - A R Desai
 - M K Gandhi
 - B R Ambedkar
- Subaltern refers to that category of people
 - who has access to the hegemonic power of the society.
 - who can raise its voice about the different problems of the society.
 - who socially, politically and culturally or in any other way exists outside the power structure.
 - who finds special mention in the conventional historiography of the society

9. Sanskritization promotes:
- | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| a. Structural mobility | b. Functional mobility |
| c. Inter-religious mobility | d. Downward mobility |
10. Annihilation of Caste was written by
- | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| a. B R Ambedkar | b. A R Desai |
| c. Dipankar Gupta | d. D P Mukherji |
11. Who wrote 'Modernisation of Indian Tradition'?
- | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| a. B R Ambedkar | b. Yogendra Singh |
| c. M N Srinivas | d. Ranajit Guha |
12. According to whom, "Acceleration in Westernization does not slow down the process of Sanskritisation rather both go hand in hand".
- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| a. Yogendra Singh | b. Andre Beteille |
| c. S C Dube | d. M N Srinivas |
13. Which one of the following is not an element of a dominant caste according to M. N. Srinivas?
- | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| a. Numerical Strength | b. Superior position in the ritual hierarchy |
| c. Landholding and political position | d. High rate of professional educational attainment |
14. In the process of Sanskritization, the dominant castes act as -
- | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| a. Social group | b. Caste group |
| c. Reference group | d. Racial group |
15. Who started the department of Sociology in Bombay University in 1919?
- | | |
|-----------------|------------------------|
| a. G S Ghurye | b. Radhakamal Mukherji |
| c. M N Srinivas | d. Louis Dumont |
16. Who applied the Marxist approach to study nationalism in India during British rule?
- | | |
|-----------------|---------------|
| a. A R Desai | b. G S Ghurye |
| c. Louis Dumont | d. S C Dube |
17. Who wrote 'Religion and Society Among the Coorgs of South India'?
- | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| a. D P Mukherji | b. Andre Beteille |
| c. M N Srinivas | d. David Hardiman |
18. Who wrote 'Caste and race in India'?
- | | |
|-----------------|---------------|
| a. D D Kosambi | b. I P Desai |
| c. Louis Dumont | d. G S Ghurye |
19. Who wrote 'The Quit India Movement in Gujarat'?
- | | |
|-------------------|---------------|
| a. David Hardiman | b. M K Gandhi |
| c. Romila Thapar | d. I P Desai |
20. Who among the following is associated with the concepts of 'little and great traditions'?
- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| a. McKim Marriott | b. Robert Redfield |
| c. Yogendra Singh | d. I P Desai |

(Descriptive)

Time : 2 Hrs. 30 mins.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

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|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| 1. Explain sankritization and westernization as processes of social change. | 10 |
| 2. Discuss the Indological perspective of G S Ghurye and Louis Dumont in understanding Indian society. | 5+5=10 |
| 3. Discuss the structural functional perspective of M. N. Srinivas in understanding Indian society. | 10 |
| 4. Write a note on development of Sociology in India with reference to Bombay, Lucknow and Calcutta school of thought. | 10 |
| 5. Explain B R Ambedkar's subaltern perspective to understanding of Indian society. | 10 |
| 6. Write a note on David Hardiman's contribution to Indian sociology. | 10 |
| 7. Explain Andre Beteille's stratification perspective to understanding of Indian society. | 10 |
| 8. Write short notes on Parochialization and Universalization. | 5+5=10 |

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