# MASTER of BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION Tirst Semester <br> STATISTICAL \& QUANTITATIVE METHODS <br> MBA - 104 

Duration: 3 Hxs.

## [ PART-B: Descriptive]

Duration: 2 Hrs. 40 Mins.
Marks: 50
[ Answer question no. One (1) \& any four (4) from the rest] ]

1. A. Define the following terms
a. Square Matrix b. Transpose of a matrix c. Diagonal Matrix
B. Find Inverse of the following matrix:

$$
A=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}
1 & 3 & 4 \\
2 & -3 & 2 \\
1 & 3 & 6
\end{array}\right]
$$

2. (A) What are the different measures of central tendency?
(B) The following distribution gives the pattern of overtime work done by 100 employees of a company. Calculate mean and Median for overtime work done by per employee.

| Overtime hours | $10-15$ | $15-20$ | $20-25$ | $25-30$ | $30-35$ | $35-40$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number of <br> employees | 11 | 20 | 35 | 20 | 8 | 6 |

3. A. Find $\frac{d y}{d x} \quad Y=(X+5 X)^{2}$
B. If $A=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}1 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & -3 & 2 \\ 1 & 5 & 6\end{array}\right] \& B=\left[\begin{array}{lll}0 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 5 & 3\end{array}\right]$ then, find $A B$
4. Define conditional probability. A box contains five red and four blue similar shaped balls. Two balls are drawn at random from the box. Find the probability that both of them are red if:
a. The balls are drawn together
b. The balls are drawn one after the other, with replacement
c. The balls are drawn one after the other, without replacement.
5. Critically examine the well - known methods of probability sampling and non- probabbility sampling.
6. What is corfelation? Given the following information about advertising 10 expenditure and sales:

|  | Advertisement $(X)$ <br> (Rs, in lalht $)$ | Sales $(Y)$ <br> (Rs. In lakh) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Arithmetic mean | 10 | 90 |
| Standard deviation | 3 | 12 |

Given, Correlation coefficient $=0,8$
Oblatit the two regression equations.
7. What is the $\chi^{2}$-test of goodness of fit? According to a theory in Genetics, the proportion of beans of $A, B, C$ and $D$ types in a generation should be 9:3:3:1. In an experiment with 1600 beans, the frequency of bean of $A, B, C$ and $D$ type was observed to be $882,313,287$, and 118 respectively. Does the resulle suppart the theory?
(Given, $X^{2}$ tab at $5 \%$ level of significance $\approx 7.81$ )
8. (A) Average weight of 100 screws in box ' $\mathrm{A}^{\prime}$ is 10.4 gm . It is mixed with 150 screws of box ' $B^{\prime}$ '. Average weight of mixed screws is 10.9 gm . Find the average weight of screws of box ' $B$ '.
(B) The following data give the number of passengers travelling by aifplane from one city to another in one week. Calculate Variance.
$115,122,129,113,119,124,132,120,110,116$

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