

B.Sc. FOOD SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY
FIFTH SEMESTER
MEAT, POULTRY AND FISH TECHNOLOGY
BFST-501
[USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

SET
A

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 mins.

Marks: 20

(Objective)

- Choose the correct answer from the following:* $1 \times 20 = 20$
1. Meat of Goat is called?
a. Beef b. Mutton
c. Chevon d. Veal
 2. "Blue Revolution" is related with the following:
a. Food grain production b. Oil seed production
c. Fish production d. Milk production
 3. Which of the following fish/fishes used for fish culture in paddy fields?
a. Catla only b. Pohu only
c. Mrigal and catla only d. All of the above
 4. National Fisheries Development Board is located in:
a. Hyderabad b. Goa
c. Mumbai d. Chennai
 5. Common carp silver carp & grass carp are varieties ofcommonly found in India.
a. Fish b. Rice
c. Oranges d. Pulses
 6. Fish oil is rich in:
a. Vit B b. Vit C
c. Vit A d. Vit K
 7. In conventional slaughter of animal,is the first step where blood is removed from the animal.
a. Exsanguinations b. Rigor Mortis
c. Loss of Homeostasis d. None of the above
 8. The structural unit ofmuscle tissue is a muscle fiber.
a. Skeletal b. Smooth
c. Cardiac d. None of the above
 9. The cytoplasm of muscle fiber is called.....
a. Sarcoplasm b. Sarcolemma
c. Muscle d. None of the above
 10. Which part of egg contains cholesterol and thus restricted to cholesterol patient?
a. Egg white b. Egg yolk
c. Egg shell d. Whole egg

11. The final stage of spoilage of eggs by mould is:
 - a. Pin-spot moulding
 - b. Superficial fungal spoilage
 - c. Fungal rotting
 - d. Mould rotting
12. Which part of egg is richest in protein and fat?
 - a. Egg white
 - b. Egg yolk
 - c. Egg shell
 - d. Whole egg
13. Defects in fresh egg are:
 - a. Meat spots
 - b. Cracks
 - c. Bloom
 - d. All of these
14. With ageing/storage air cell inside egg shell becomes:
 - a. Small
 - b. Large
 - c. Air cell is not present in egg
 - d. None of the above
15. Egg shell is the major source ofpresent in the egg.
 - a. Calcium
 - b. Sodium
 - c. Magnesium
 - d. All of the above
16. Poultry meat is a food of high nutritional value because:
 - a. It is rich in niacin, thiamine and riboflavin
 - b. It has high biological value and easy digestibility
 - c. It is a good source of iron and phosphorus
 - d. All of the above
17. Poultry meat has high content ofaround 21 percent,4.5 percent.
 - a. Fat, Protein
 - b. Water, Fat
 - c. Protein, Fat
 - d. Fat, Mineral
18. Meat is tenderized by:
 - a. Use of proteolytic enzymes
 - b. Use of low levels of salts
 - c. Changing the pH of meat
 - d. All of the above
19. Hair like feather are removed by.....process.
 - a. Venting
 - b. Singeing
 - c. Scalding
 - d. Dehiding
20. Plate freezer temperature usually ranges:
 - a. -10°C to -30°C
 - b. 0°C
 - c. 10°C to 40°C
 - d. 4°C to 10°C

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(Descriptive)

Time : 2 hr. 30 mins.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. Define the following terms: $2.5 \times 4 = 10$
 - a) Water holding capacity
 - b) Meat Quality
 - c) Rigor mortis
 - d) Conditioning of Meat
2. a) What are the reasons for the spoilage of fish? $5+5=10$
b) Explain the statement: Feed is discontinued 6-8 hours before slaughter of poultry.
3. Discuss about the present status of meat, poultry and fish industry in India. $5+5=10$
4. a) How do you differentiate between skeletal muscle and smooth muscle?
b) Give the flow chart of fresh poultry processing. $5+5=10$
5. How to handle the egg at different stages - from the production to consumption? Explain the methods to maintain the quality of egg. $3+7=10$
6. 'Storage life can be extended by lowering the storage temperature.' Justify. What are the Methods of Freezing in meat processing industries in India? $5+5=10$
7. Describe the methods of preservation and processing of fish. 10
8. What is ritual slaughter? Describe the pre-slaughter factors affecting meat quality. $3+7=10$

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