

LLB
FIRST SEMESTER
CRIMINAL PSYCHOLOGY [Cr.L]
LLB – 106 H₁
(USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART)

SET
A

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 min.

(Objective)

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1×20=20

1. The study of the mind and its working in relation to crime is known as-
 - a. Psychology
 - b. Criminal psychology
 - c. Civil prespective
 - d. None
2. Who said this "Offences are whatever the legislature has prohibited for good or for bad reasons".
 - a. Bentham
 - b. Austin
 - c. Paul
 - d. None
3. Behavioral Evidence analysis is an element of-
 - a. Forensic analysis .
 - b. Victimology .
 - c. Crime scene analysis .
 - d. All of above.
4. Section 375 of Indian Penal Code defines-
 - a. kidnapping
 - b. Abduction
 - c. Rape
 - d. Suicide
5. Juvenile delinquency also known as-
 - a. Juvenile offending
 - b. Adult criminal
 - c. Both a & b
 - d. none
6. Scientific study of crime and criminal behavior is known as-
 - a. Criminal study
 - b. Pathology
 - c. Psychology
 - d. Criminology
7. Blackstone has defined crime in his commentaries on the-
 - a. The Laws of England
 - b. The Laws of Wales
 - c. Both a & b
 - d. None
8. Emotional impact of victimization based on-
 - a. Shock
 - b. Anger
 - c. Fear
 - d. All of above
9. Homicide means-
 - a. Killing of a human being by another human being.
 - b. Killing of an animal by human being.
 - c. Killing of a human being .
 - d. All of above.

10. Dowry death defines under which section of Indian Penal Code?
 - a. 305
 - b. 305 (B)
 - c. 304
 - d. 304 (B)
11. Which perspective focuses on a person's genetics and literal biology?
 - a. Biological perspective
 - b. Sociological Perspective
 - c. Psychological Perspective
 - d. None of the above
12. Humanistic perspective focuses on -
 - a. Group
 - b. Individuals
 - c. Both a & b
 - d. Community
13. Evolutionary perspective deals with-
 - a. Animal behavior
 - b. Human behavior
 - c. Both a & b
 - d. Non of above
14. Behaviorist perspective looks at -
 - a. Human
 - b. Environment
 - c. Person environment
 - d. All of above
15. Cognitive perspective looks at the-
 - a. Heart
 - b. Brain
 - c. Skin
 - d. Non of above
16. Conducting a clinical interview is a process of-
 - a. Psychological assessment
 - b. Biological assessment
 - c. Emotional assessment
 - d. All of above
17. Lessening grades and forgetfulness are the symptoms of-
 - a. Abuse
 - b. Substance non abuse
 - c. Substance abuse
 - d. Non of above
18. Terrorism, the calculated use of-
 - a. Violence
 - b. Non- violence
 - c. Both A & B
 - d. Neither A nor B
19. Peer victimization is the experience among -
 - a. Man
 - b. Women
 - c. Children
 - d. Both b & c
20. The arena that studies the process, incidence, effects, and prevalence of victimization is called-
 - a. victimology
 - b. victim
 - c. victimological
 - d. victimisation

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(Descriptive)

Time : 2 hrs. 15 min.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. Discuss the crime against women in India with the help of case laws. 10
2. Explain Biological Perspective and Psychological Perspective in Criminal Psychology. 5+5=10
3. Explain crime trend in India with the help of recent case laws 10
4. Define the term Juvenile. What are the causes of juvenile in conflict with law? 2+8=10
5. Explain the elements for constituting the crime. Give illustration. 8+2=10
6. Short notes (*any two*) 5+5=10
 - a. Actus non facit reum nisi mens rea
 - b. Correctional Home.
 - c. Substance abuse.
7. Define victim. Explain the relationship between victim victimology and victimization. Give illustration 2+8=10
8. Explain the nature and history of criminal behavior. 10

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