

**BA ADMINISTRATION AND GOVERNANCE
FIRST SEMESTER
INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY
BAAG – 101**

**SET
A**

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 mins.

(Objective)

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1 × 20 = 20

- Who coined the term sociology?
 - Herbert Spencer
 - Emile Durkheim
 - Auguste Comte
 - Karl Marx
- When did the term Sociology coined?
 - 1839
 - 1835
 - 1732
 - 1650
- Which are the words composing the term Sociology?
 - Society and Community
 - Society and Science
 - Socious and Logos
 - Socious and Science
- Who is called the father of Sociology?
 - Auguste Comte
 - Marie Augustus
 - Emile Durkheim
 - Spencer
- Which among the following is the youngest science?
 - History
 - Geography
 - Political Science
 - Sociology
- According to traditional Hindu Law, marriage is a.....
 - Sacrament
 - Contract
 - Regulation of prostitution
 - None of the above
- Marriage within the class is known as.....
 - Endogamy
 - Exogamy
 - Incest Taboo
 - Sororate
- When after marriage husband lives in the residence of his wife the system is known as
 - Patronymic family
 - Patriarchal family
 - Orientation family
 - Patrilocal residence family
- Which one of the following is not true about the disintegration of joint family system?
 - Cities provide more facilities than village
 - People have desire to live in glamorous city
 - There is increased urbanisation
 - It has failed to develop social virtues
- Which one of the following is not a characteristic of Kinship?
 - It usually indicates generation gap
 - It is related to sex
 - In some cases it is specific while in others it is not
 - It has no affinity between two related persons.

11. Which was the first peasant organization to be formed?
 - a. Bihar Kisan Provisional Sabha
 - b. All India Kisan Union
 - c. Bharat Kisan Morcha
 - d. Akhil Bharatiya Kisan Sabha
12. A social change and development in India's.....requires sustained collective action over time. Such action is often directed against the state and takes the form of demanding changes in state policy or practice.
 - a. Social movement
 - b. Cultural movement
 - c. Political movement
 - d. Economic movement
13. Chipko movement is example of.....
 - a. Political movement
 - b. Ecological movement
 - c. Social movement
 - d. None of the above
14. Name the movement which aims to bring about a change in the personal consciousness and actions of its individual members.
 - a. Redemptive social movement
 - b. Reformist social movement
 - c. Revolutionary social movement
 - d. Social movement
15. Who wrote the book the "Logic of collective Action"?
 - a. Laid
 - b. James Scott
 - c. MC Carthy
 - d. Mancur Olson
16. What is the dividing of people in a society on the basis of differentiation inequality and hierarchy?
 - a. Social classification
 - b. Social stratification
 - c. Social differentiation
 - d. Hierarchy
17. A increase or upward shift in social class is called.....
 - a. Social mobility
 - b. Upward mobility
 - c. Social class
 - d. Social customs
18. Officially organized and enforced norms violation is called...
 - a. Positive Sanction
 - b. Negative Sanction
 - c. Formal Sanction
 - d. Informal Sanction
19. Informal sanction emerges in face to face
 - a. Social values
 - b. Social norms
 - c. Social integration
 - d. Social interaction
20. The 'goal' of social control is to maintain.....
 - a. Social norm
 - b. Social order
 - c. Social integration
 - d. Social problems

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(Descriptive)

Time : 2 Hr. 30 Mins.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

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| 1. Discuss the forms of family based on birth, marriage, authority, descent and structure. | 5+5=10 |
| 2. Briefly discuss the socio-economic and political factors that give rise to the emergence of sociology. | 10 |
| 3. What is sociology? What is the importance of sociology? | 10 |
| 4. Explain the concept of social mobility. Describe with suitable illustrations how education and social mobility are related to each other. | 5+5=10 |
| 5. What is social stratification? Discuss the types and characteristics of social stratification. | 2+4+4=10 |
| 6. Discuss about the agencies of social control. Justify with examples. | 10 |
| 7. Define the concept of Power. Discuss the sources of Power. | 5+5=10 |
| 8. Discuss about the agencies of socialisation. | 10 |

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