REV-01 BSC/09/13

B.Sc. CHEMISTRY THIRD SEMESTER PHERMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

BSC-306A

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

SET A

2022/12

Duration: 1.30hr

(Objective)

Time: 15 min.

Full Marks: 35

Marks: 10

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1X10=10

1. Any given drug will express its activity through

a. Enzyme inhibition

b. binding with specified cell receptors

c. Binding with DNA

d. any of these.

2. The most effective pair of symthons for retrosynthetic analysis of the following molecule

3. The drug which is not an antipyretic

a. Acetyl salicylic acid

b. Ibuprofen

c. Glyceryl trinitrate

d. Paracetamol

4. Number of ATP molecules produced during fermentation of glucose to alcohol is

a. 6

b. 4

c. 3

d. 2

The following reaction is a biological degradation process of glucose, which is known as

 $C_6H_{12}O_6 + 2ADP + 2Pi + 2NAD^+ = 2CH_3COCOO^- + 2ATP + 2NADH + 2H_2O + 2H^+$

a. TCA Cycle

b. glycolysis

c. Citric acid cycle

d. Kreb's cycle

6. Gerhard Domagk awarded Nobel Prize (in 1939) for

a. Paracetamol

b. Prontosil

c. Ibuprofen

d. Sulfamethoxazole

7. The structure of Sulfonamide contains

a. -CO₂H

b.-SO₃H

c. -SO₂NH

d.-CO₂NH

8. Which of the following drug is used for chickenpox a. Paracetamol b. Acycl

b. Acyclovir

c. Ibuprofen

d. Sulfamethoxazole

9. Phenobarbital is act on

a. Circulatory System

b. Cardiovascular system d. none of these

c. Central nervous system

10. The fundamental structural unit of penicillin consists

b. γ-lactum ring

a. β-lactum ring c. α-lactum ring

d. None of these

PART-B: Descriptive

Time: 1 hrs. 15 min.

[Answer question no.1 & any two (2) from the rest [1. a. Write down the structure of citric acid. Give a very short account how citric acid can be obtained by fermentation process? b. What is an antibiotic? What do you mean by chemotherapeutic 2 index? 2. a. Explain the terms: (i) Drugs (ii) Lead compounds (iii) agonists 6 and antagonists. b. What do you mean by retrosynthetic analysis? Give the retrosynthetic analysis of paracetamol. 6 3. a. Write down the structure of Aspirin. What for aspirin is used? Give the retrosynthetic analysis of Aspirin. Give the synthesis of Aspirin using reagent obtained from the analysis. b. What do you mean by fermentation? Write down the chemistry of formation of ethanol from pyruvate, formed during fermentation from glucose. a. Write down the structure of Prontosil. Describe its structure-3 activity relationship (SAR). b. Write down the general synthesis procedure for Sulfonamides? 4 Write down one use of it. 3 c. What are the criteria for an antibiotic to be an effective drug? 3 a. Write down the synthesis of acyclovir starting from guanine. 3 b. Describe the synthesis of Phenobarbital and mention how it works? c. Write down the structure of Penicillin. Describe the production

method of Penicillin.

Marks: 25