

**BA SOCIOLOGY  
FIFTH SEMESTER  
URBAN SOCIOLOGY  
BSO-504B**

**SET  
B**

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 mins.

**( Objective )**

Marks: 20

*Choose the correct answer from the following:*

*1×20=20*

1. ----- is defined as a city that has a population higher than 10 million people
  - a. Megacity
  - b. Metropolis
  - c. Megapolis
  - d. City
2. Migration's main cause is due to
  - a. Push and pull factor
  - b. Better livelihood
  - c. Educational facility
  - d. All of the above
3. Urban Sociology as a discipline emerged due to Growth of population in
  - a. towns/cities
  - b. Migration to towns
  - c. Growth of industrial cities
  - d. All of the above
4. Which of the following is not the features of urban community
  - a. Face to face relationships
  - b. Complex life
  - c. Materialistic
  - d. Glamour in life
5. Social mobility occurs on a larger scale at
  - a. City
  - b. Towns
  - c. Semi-urban areas
  - d. Villages
6. Goa is a
  - a. Resort city
  - b. Religious city
  - c. Commercial city
  - d. All of the Above
7. Urbanization is a process that is
  - a. Continuous
  - b. Stagnant
  - c. Dormant
  - d. Non-continuous
8. .... is an intermediate between rural and urban communities
  - a. City
  - b. Suburb
  - c. Town
  - d. Village

- 9 Which among the following is a symbolic city
- |            |            |
|------------|------------|
| a. Delhi   | b. Mumbai  |
| c. Ayodhya | d. Chennai |
- 10 ..... implies a cultural and social psychological process whereby people acquire the material and non-material culture, including behavioural patterns, forms of organization, and ideas that originated in, or are distinctive of the city.
- |                  |                  |
|------------------|------------------|
| a. Urbanism      | b. Urbanization  |
| c. Urban Society | d. Rural society |
- 11 ..... is a relatively large, dense, permanent, heterogeneous, and politically autonomous settlement whose population engages in a range of nonagricultural occupations.
- |         |            |
|---------|------------|
| a. City | b. Suburb  |
| c. Town | d. Village |
- 12 The city is an area distinguished by
- |   |   |
|---|---|
| a. Size, population and density         | b. Population, homogeneity and simplicity |
| c. Diversity, density and communal life | d. Size, population and primary relations |
- 13 Which of the following is peculiar to urban areas
- |               |                 |
|---------------|-----------------|
| a. Crime      | b. Unemployment |
| c. Inequality | d. Slums        |
- 14 One of the primary drivers for the growth of slums is
- |                             |                     |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| a. Rural to urban migration | b. Over crowding    |
| c. Urban to rural migration | d. All of the above |
- 15 Human Ecology is a term coined by
- |                   |                  |
|-------------------|------------------|
| a. Louis R. Wirth | b. George Simmel |
| c. Robert E. Park | d. MSA Rao       |
- 16 Which among the following is not a cause of growth of cities
- |                             |                               |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| a. Trade & commerce         | b. Industrial Development     |
| c. Development of transport | d. Hygienic outlook of people |
- 17 It is generally assumed that the process of urbanisation leads to
- |                      |                     |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| a. Stagnation        | b. Growth of family |
| c. Decline in family | d. Genocide         |
- 18 Which is not a feature of urban life
- |                             |                            |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| a. Loss of Humanistic Value | b. Impersonal Relationship |
| c. Informal Ties            | d. Competition             |

19 Which school played the most prominent part in the development of Urban Sociology

- a. Frankfurt school
- c. Marxist School

- b. Chicago School
- d. Functional School

20 ..... is the movement of population from rural to urban areas and the resulting in increasing proportion of a population that resides in urban rather than rural places

- a. Urbanism
- c. Urban Society

- b. Urbanization
- d. Rural society

**(Descriptive)**

Time : 2 hrs. 30 mins.

Marks : 50

[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]

- |   |        |
|---|--------|
| 1. Discuss about meaning and Scope of Urban Sociology?  | 2+8=10 |
| 2. Explain "Urbanism as a way of Life".   | 10     |
| 3. Elucidate the perspective of "city as culture" in urban sociology?                             | 10     |
| 4. Explain the concept of Rural-Urban continuum.  | 10     |
| 5. Discuss about the concept of Community in urban settlements                                    | 10     |
| 6. Explain about consequences of Migration in reference to Movement and Settlements               | 10     |
| 7. Discuss the Problems associated with slum settlements in urban centres                         | 10     |
| 8. What do you mean by urbanization? Explain about Process of urbanization in developing country. | 10     |

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