REV-01 BCA/18/21

## BACHELOR OF COMPUTER APPLICATION FIFTH SEMESTER FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING BCA-504.1

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

SET B

2022/12

Duration: 3 hrs. Full Marks: 70 **Objective** Time: 30 mins. Marks: 20 Choose the correct answer from the following:  $1 \times 20 = 20$ 1. The person to whom money is owned by the business is a a. Debtor b Creditor c. Supplier d. Partner 2. Cash taken by owner for personal use is recorded as: a. Journal proper b Expenses d. Drawings c. Purchases 3. The original cost of a machine is Rs. 4000. Two years later the book value is Rs. 2000. If the depreciation is charged is charged in straight line method, the rate of depreciation is: a. 20%c. 50% b 25%d. None of the above 4. The arrangement of assets and liabilities in the balance sheet is known as \_\_\_\_\_. a. Preparing b Marshalling c. Compiling d. None of the above 5. Which of the following are characteristics of Break-even point a. There is no loss and no profit to the b Total revenue is equal to total cost c. Contribution is equal to fixed cost d. All of the above. According to the assumption, even the owner is treated as a Creditor of the business. a. Accounting entity b Capital c. Consistency d. Conservatism 7. Which ledger is created by tally automatically after we create a company b Profit and loss account a. Cash d. None of the above c. Both (a) and (b) 8. Bills payable book is: a. Special purpose book b Principal book d. Memorandum book c. Ledger 9. Purchase returns are entered in: b Sales book a. Purchase book

d. Return outward book

c. Return inward book

10. I	Balance sheet is also known as a. Profit and loss account c. position	_ statement. b Trial balance d. None of the above
11.	Under straight line method depreciation is a a. Original cost c. Fixed cost	calculated on: b Reduced cost d. None of the above
12.	Trial balance fails to detect  a. Errors of omission in original book c. Compensation errors	b Errors of principle d. All of the above
13.	If the total cost of 1000 units is Rs.60000 and increase of Rs.400 in the total cost is a. Prime cost c. Marginal cost	d that of 1001 units is Rs.60400, then the  b All variable overheads d. None of the above
14.	The statement containing the balances of lee a. Journal entry c. Profit and loss account	edger accounts is known as b Trial balance d. Trading account.
15.	Journal is known as a book ofentry a. Debit c. Prime	y. b Credit d. Principal
16.	The process of transferring entries from jou a. Debiting c. Transacting	urnal to ledger is known as b Crediting d. Posting
17.	Tally package is developed by:  a. Tally solution  c. COBOL	b Peutronics d. Microsoft
18.	A compound journal entry has a. Equal debits and credits c. Doesn't require a narration	b Generally extent to several pages d. None of the above
19.	When depreciation is charged, the balance a. Increase c. Fixed	of asset account is  b Reduce d. None of the above
20	The return of goods by a customer should la. Profit and loss account c. Return inward book	be recorded in  b Sales ledger d. Cash book

## (Descriptive)

Time: 2 hrs. 30 mins. Marks: 50 [ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ] 1. Define accounting and the scope of accounting. What are the different 2+3+5=10 types of accounting? 10 2. Describe the golden rules of accounting with suitable example. 5+5=10 3. Write a short notes on: a. Compound journal entry Balance sheet 4. Pass necessary journal entry in the books of ABC company from the 10 following transaction: Started business with capital of Rs. 30,000. 2. Purchased machinery on credit from Hari Bora for Rs. 35,000 3. Purchased goods for Cash Rs. 12,000 4. Sold goods to Ratan Rs. 15,000 Paid rent for the month of July, 04 Rs. 500 6. Received commission Rs. 2,000 Received cash from Ratan Rs. 4,000 8. Withdrew for personal use Rs. 900 Ratan returned goods worth Rs. 500 10. Purchased goods from Jadu Rs. 4,000 10 5. From the following Trial balance of Mr. Ratan Das, prepare Trading and Profit and Loss A/c for the year ending 31st March, 2005 and Balance Sheet as on that date.

Debit balances	amount	Credit balances	amount
Opening stock	20,000	Sundry creditors	15000
Purchases	75,000	Purchase return	3000
Sales return	8000	Sales	2,50,000
Freight	7500	Commission	3300
Wages	36,500	Capital	1,55,000
Salaries	12,000	Interest on bank	2000
		deposits	
Repairs	1200	Bills payable	9400
Trade expenses	4000	Discount received	1000
Rent and taxes	24000	Sundry receipts	800
Cash in hand	5700	Loan from bank	14000
Fuel, gas and	4000		
water			
Bills receivable	4000		
Debtors	55,000		
Plant and	1,60,000		
machinery			
Drawings	16,600		
Bank deposits	20,000		
	4,53,500		4,53,500
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6. What is management accounting? What are its advantages?
What is cost accounting? What are the uses of cost accounting?

2+3+2+3=10

7. Write a short notes on:

a. Break-even point

b. Different types of budget

8. What is tally? How tally is useful for any business enterprise.

2+8=10

5+5=10

4 10