USTM/COE/R-01

B. PHARM SECOND SEMESTER PATHOPHYSIOLOGY BP204T

(USE SEPARATE ANSWER SCRIPTS FOR OBJECTIVE & DESCRIPTIVE)

Du	ration: 3 hrs.			Full Marks: 75			
Time: 20 min. (PART-A: Objective) Marks: 20							
Choose the correct answer from the following: $1\times20=26$							
1.	Potent mediators of inflammation and metaba. Arachidonic acid c. Acetic acid	b.	es are formed from Hydrochloric acid None of the above				
2.	What is the range in pre hypertensive diastol a. 80-89 mm Hg c. 120-139 mm Hg	b.	lood pressure? 70-89 mm Hg None of these				
3.	Which enzyme converts angiotensinogen to a a. Renin c. ACE inhibitor	b.	iotensin-I? ACE None				
4.	A blood clot in the blood vasculature at the siblood is known a. Embolus c. Atherosclerosis	ь.	of atherosclerosis resis Thrombus None	ting the flow of			
5.	Asthma due to smoke is asthma a. Atopic c. Extrinsic	b.	Intrinsic Nocturnal				
6.	Which of the following is not a modifiable ris a. Hyperlipidaemia c. Diabetes mellitus	b.	actors of CAD? Ageing Obesity				
7.	Syphilis is caused by a. Salmonella typhi c. Treponema pallidum		Both A&B None				
8.	Which of the following is not a surgical mana a. Coronary angioplasty c. Cardiac tubectomy	b.	nent of cardiac heart f Coronary stent Atherectomy	ailure?			
9.	Irreversible cell injury in cell is due to a. Altered functional demand c. Severe stress		Subcellular accumula None	ation			
10.	Which of the following action is performed ba. Vasodilation c. Dolor	b.	listamine? Increased permeabili All of these	ty			

11.	Which of the following statement is not true a. Blood pH rises c. Sodium Chloride	ь.	alkalosis? Increase in bicarbonate levels None of the above
12.	Cellular swelling results from a. Due to leakage in Plasma membrane		Due to inactivation of Na/K ATPase pump
	c. Due to depletion of ATP	d.	All of these
13.	Symptoms of Rheumatoid arthritis are a. b, c & d c. Swelling		Joint pain fatigue
14.	Drug not used in the treatment of gout isa. Sulfasalazine c. NSAID		Colchicine Prednisolone
15.	Which of the following is a cancer of the cona. Leukemia c. Carcinoma	b.	tive tissue? Sarcoma All of these
16.	How many types of Hepatitis are there? a. 2 c. 3		5 6
17.	The obstruction in the flow of bile is which ta. Pre-hepatic Jaundice c. Post-hepatic Jaundice	b.	of Jaundice? Neonatal Jaundice Prolonged Jaundice
18.	Enlargement of organ is related to a. Hypertrophy c. Both a & b		Hyperplasia None
19.	Lack of use of organ leads to a. Hypertrophy c. Metaplasia		. Hyperplasia . Atrophy
20.	Metaplasia results froma. Displacement of cellsc. Adaptation		. Replacement of cells . Both b & c

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(PART-B : Descriptive)

Time: 1 hr. 40 minutes						
[Answer any seven (7)]						
1.	Mention any four possible causes of asthma and describe the pathogenesis.	5				
2.	Define: systolic blood pressure, diaphoresis, dyspnea, atherosclerosis and azotemia.	5				
3.	Write a note on the pathophysiology of AIDS.	5				
4.	Discuss the pathogenesis of acute and chronic renal failure.	2.5+2.5=5				
5.	Elucidate calcification.	5				
6.	Write the classification and pathogenesis of Cancer.	2.5+2.5=5				
7.	What is Jaundice? Discuss the various types.	1+4=5				
8.	Write a note on acidosis.	1+4=5				
9	What is feedback system? Name its basic components. Describe negative feedback system with examples.	1+4=5				
Time: 1 Hr. Marks: 20						
[Answer any two (2)]						
1.	Mention two causes each of systolic and diastolic dysfunction and describe pathogenesis of cardiac heart failure.	1+1+8=10				
2.	Mention the types of cell injury. Discuss mitochondrial damage in details with suitable diagram.					
3.	Write a note on acute inflammation. Mention any test to diagnose AIDS.	9+1=10				
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