

BA LLB
SECOND SEMESTER
SOCIOLOGY – II: SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY & SOCIETY IN INDIA
BLB - 203

(USE SEPARATE ANSWER SCRIPTS FOR OBJECTIVE & DESCRIPTIVE)

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 20 min.

[PART-A: Objective]

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1×20=20

1. The term 'Science' is from the Latin word
 - a. Scientia
 - b. Science
 - c. Knowledge
 - d. None of these
2. Term 'Technology' means
 - a. Science of craft
 - b. Art of technology
 - c. Knowledge
 - d. None of these
3. The term Brain drains used first by the in 1960.
 - a. Greece
 - b. India
 - c. United Kingdom
 - d. China
4. Which is not a scientific organisation of India?
 - a. Indian space research organisation
 - b. Indian council of medical research
 - c. Indian institute of science
 - d. Ministry of finance
5. Which of the following is the main reason behind the investments of MNCs?
 - a. To benefit foreign countries
 - b. To provide financial support to the country's government
 - c. To increase the assets and earn profits
 - d. For the welfare of underprivileged people
6. Where is the headquarters of the WTO located?
 - a. Australia
 - b. Geneva
 - c. New York
 - d. Washington D.C
7. Among the following options, which one is not the objective of the WTO?
 - a. To protect environment
 - b. To improve the balance of payment situation of the member countries
 - c. To improve the standard of living of people of the member countries
 - d. To enlarge production and trade of goods
8. TRIPS (Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights) agreement is administered by the _____.
 - a. World Bank (WB)
 - b. United Nations Organization (UNO)
 - c. World Trade Organization (WTO)
 - d. United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD)

9. Process of Modernisation is
 - a. The situations and the means
 - b. Availability of men and machines
 - c. Thought and their application
 - d. Neither of them
10. What is the amalgamation and rapid unification between countries identified as
 - a. Globalisation
 - b. Liberalisation
 - c. Socialization
 - d. Privatization
11. Globalisation has improved the living structure of which of the following?
 - a. All the people
 - b. People living in developed countries
 - c. People living in developing countries
 - d. None above the other
12. Culture and society are
 - a. Interlinked with each other
 - b. Integrated with each other
 - c. Both of these
 - d. None of these
13. Society refers to the
 - a. Interrelationship of people
 - b. Relationship of people
 - c. Customs of people
 - d. None of these
14. A society includes a number of group of people who interact on the basis of
 - a. Shared beliefs
 - b. Customs
 - c. Values and rulers
 - d. All of these
15. Material culture is always the product of
 - a. Ideas
 - b. Knowledge
 - c. Skill of mankind
 - d. All of these
16. One of the features of modern societies is
 - a. Specialisation of work
 - b. Face to face interaction of member
 - c. Urbanisation and factory production
 - d. Agriculture production
17. Which of the following book is not written by Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam?
 - a. Failure to Success: Legendary Lives
 - b. You Are Born to Blossom
 - c. Ignited Minds
 - d. A House for Mr. Biswas
18. Social control bringsto society.
 - a. Social order
 - b. Deviance
 - c. Disobedience
 - d. Violence
19. Which of these organisations emphasises on the liberalisation of foreign investment and foreign trade?
 - a. International Monetary Fund
 - b. World Health Organisation
 - c. World trade organisation
 - d. International labour organisation

20. "Everyone has the right to education which shall be free, at least in the elementary and fundamental stages" mentioned by
- a. Universal declaration of human rights
 - b. Cooperation, peace and educating to human rights and freedom
 - c. Education for international understanding
 - d. Europeans court of human rights

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(PART-B : Descriptive)

Time : 2 hrs. 40 min.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. Describe the importance of the study of science? Discuss the relationship between science and society. 5+5=10
2. What is the meaning of WTO? Discuss the issues of WTO related to rights of intellectual property. 2+8 =10
3. How science and technology have impacted on our education system? Illustrate. 10
4. Write a short notes on any two of the following: 5+5=10
 - a) Social norm
 - b) Culture
 - c) Society
5. What is called RTE (Right to education)? Mention any five importance of the right to education in India. 5+5=10
6. Write short notes on the meaning of 'brain drain'? What are the factors that contribute to the brain drain and can you suggest a few preventive measures? 2+5+5=10
7. Define the term Globalisation. How do modernisation and globalisation impact the way of our living? 5+5=10
8. What do you mean by the scientific community and give a few examples? Describe at least five general goals of scientific communities. 3+2+5=10

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