

BA LLB
TENTH SEMESTER
COPYRIGHT, PATENT, TRADEMARK AND DESIGN
BLB – 1003 OP₅¹

(USE SEPARATE ANSWER SCRIPTS FOR OBJECTIVE & DESCRIPTIVE)

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 80

[**PART-A: Objective**]

Time: 30 min.

Marks: 30

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1×10=10

1. Author in case of a cinematograph film means _____.
a. The composer b. The producer
c. The singer d. The Director
2. In India, for copyright infringement, the Copyright Act 1957 provides the following remedies -
a. Administrative remedies b. Civil remedies
c. Criminal remedies d. All of the above
3. Which of these is a geographical indication?
a. BMW b. Champagne
c. Hogwarts d. PlayStation
4. How long do patents usually last for?
a. 10 years b. 20 years
c. 40 years d. 60 years
5. If you write an original story, what type of intellectual property gives you the right to decide who can make and sell copies of your work?
a. Copyright b. Geographical indications
c. Patents d. Registered designs
6. How long does Intellectual Property last after death of an author?
a. 5 years b. 4 years
c. 60 years d. 20 years
7. The term "WIPO" stands for:-
a. World Investment Policy Organization b. World Intellectual Property Organization
c. Wildlife Investigation and Policing Organization d. World Institute for Prevention of Organized crime
8. As per section 2(o) of the Copyright Act, 1957, a literary work includes
a. Computer programs b. Tables
c. Compilations d. All of the above
9. The copyright office for the purpose of the Copyright Act, 1951 is currently located in
a. Chennai b. Mumbai
c. New Delhi d. Bangalore

- 10 IP gives right to
- a. Produce the work
 - b. Market the work
 - c. Make copies of the work
 - d. All of the above

Answer the following:

2×10=20

- 11. When was WTO created?
- 12. Briefly state the meaning of 'sweat of brow'.
- 13. Mention four GI tags of North East India.
- 14. Mention the remedies available for copyright infringement.
- 15. Define Lithograph.
- 16. Are ideas protected?
- 17. Define Mark.
- 18. Give an example of traditional knowledge.
- 19. Mention three criteria of patentability.
- 20. Give two examples of registered trademark in India.

(PART-B : Descriptive)

Time : 2 hrs. 30 min.

Marks: 50

[Answer the following Questions]

1. Describe the nature, types and characteristics of Intellectual Property 3+3+4=10
OR
Explain the membership, function and organs of WIPO.
2. Write short notes: 5+5=10
a) Copyright in photograph
b) Copyright in Dramatic Work
OR
Discuss the literary work referring to the test of originality of such works with case laws. 10
3. What things are not patentable under the Indian Patent Act 1970? 10
OR
Discuss the procedure for acquisition of Patents.
4. Explain the grounds of refusal of trademark. 10
OR
"Trademark should not be in the name of God and religious scriptures"
Justify the statement.
5. Discuss the significance of the Design Act, 2000. 10
OR
Explain piracy of registered design referring case laws.

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