



8. Which article gives the authority to the state to make special laws for women and children?
  - a. Article 15(3)
  - b. Article 14
  - c. Article 15
  - d. Article 16
9. 'Voyeurism' is a criminal offence and means
  - a. violence against women in domestic environment
  - b. violence against women at workplace
  - c. watching or capturing images of a woman engaged in a private act
  - d. showing pornography
10. Which of the following refers to gender roles?
  - a. The subordination of women based on the assumption of superiority of men
  - b. Chromosomal and hormonal differences that cause differences in the behavior of men and women
  - c. The rights, responsibilities, expectations and relationships of women and men
  - d. Domination of men based on the gender socialization
11. Which article of the Indian Constitution prohibits discrimination on grounds of religion, race, caste, sex or place of birth?
  - a. Article 15
  - b. Article 14
  - c. Article 17
  - d. Article 19
12. Which is not the correct statement relating to women's job satisfaction?
  - a. Women's work is visible and recognized
  - b. Women's work is invisible and not recognized
  - c. Sex discrimination
  - d. Gender division of labor
13. Which of the following provision is introduced by the ministry of Women and Child Development in 2017 to provide safety to women in distress situations?
  - a. Regulations of websites
  - b. Panic button on mobile phones
  - c. Women helpline
  - d. Mobile police stations
14. Which of the following institutions initiated May 28<sup>th</sup> as world menstrual hygiene management day (MH Day)?
  - a. UNICEF
  - b. Wash United
  - c. Ministry of women and child development
  - d. UNDP
15. Which of the following is correct with regards to "Identity Politics" in the feminist context in India?
  - a. Minority , caste and dalit issues
  - b. Race and ethnicity
  - c. Gender, race, caste, class and minorities
  - d. Gender, race, caste and minorities
16. Which is incorrect statement regarding masculinities and femininities?
  - a. Gendered rather than non-gendered
  - b. Based on biological determinism
  - c. Changing across time and space
  - d. Socially constructed
17. Masculinity is not synonymous with:-
  - a. Strength
  - b. Aggression
  - c. Power
  - d. Emotion

18. Who wrote the book "A Vindication of the Rights of Women"?
- a. Christine De Pisan
  - b. Moderata Fronte
  - c. Marry Wollstonecradt
  - d. None
19. The main goal of feminism is to:-
- a. Change the patriarchal nature of the society
  - b. Change voting behavior
  - c. Influence the government
  - d. Assert minority rights
20. In which year, "A Vindication of the Rights of Women "was published?
- a. 1792
  - b. 1869
  - c. 1729
  - d. 1783

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( PART-B : Descriptive )

Time : 2 hrs. 40 min.

Marks : 50

[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]

1. What is feminism? Differentiate between liberal and radical feminism. 5+5=10
2. Why feminism is relevant in 21<sup>st</sup> century India? 10
3. Write short notes on:- 5+5=10
  - a) Dowry prohibition act,1961
  - b) Maternity Benefit Act,1961
4. Elaborate the characteristics of a patriarchal society. 10
5. Briefly discuss economic empowerment of women through SHGs. Highlight the legal rights of women. 5+5=10
6. What kinds of issues are resolved in family courts? Discuss about nationalist movement with reference to women in India. 3+7=10
7. Discuss the status of women in North-East India. 10
8. What is personal law? Differentiate between Hindu and Muslim personal law. 2+8=10

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