

**MASTER OF SOCIAL WORK  
SECOND SEMESTER  
HUMAN RIGHTS, PARA LEGAL EDUCATION & SOCIAL WORK PRACTICE  
MSW - 204**

(USE SEPARATE ANSWER SCRIPTS FOR OBJECTIVE & DESCRIPTIVE)

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

[ PART-A: Objective ]

Time: 20 min.

Marks: 20

*Choose the correct answer from the following:*

*1 × 20 = 20*

1. Human Rights mean rights relating to \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. Improve quality of life
  - b. Individual rights
  - c. Life, liberty, equality & dignity of individual
  - d. None of the above
2. Chairman of Human Rights Commission shall be appointed by the \_\_\_\_\_ by warrant under his hand & seal.
  - a. Prime Minister
  - b. President
  - c. Speaker of Lok Sabha
  - d. Chairman of Rajya Sabha
3. Juvenile (Care & Protection of Children) Act,.....
  - a. 2013
  - b. 2014
  - c. 2015
  - d. None of the above
4. Lok Adalat has power of \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. Ordinary civil court.
  - b. Legal Service authority
  - c. Session court
  - d. Family Court
5. The pioneers of PIL in India were \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. Justice V. R. Iyer & Justice P. N. Bhagawati
  - b. Justice R. C. Lahoti & Justice Sabarwal
  - c. Justice Shah & Justice S. M. Sikri
  - d. Justice J. S. Varma & Justice A. M. Ahmadi
6. Articles 14 of Constitution of India have provision of \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. Abolition of titles
  - b. Equality before law & equal protection of the law
  - c. Abolition of untouchability
  - d. Right to speech & Expression
7. Legal Service Authority Act, under section 12, \_\_\_\_\_ are eligible for getting entitled to get legal service.
  - a. Women and child
  - b. Person under deprivation
  - c. Downtrodden people
  - d. None of the above
8. Article 19 of Constitution of India deals with \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. Right against arrest & detention
  - b. Abolition of untouchability
  - c. Abolition of titles
  - d. Right to speech & Expression

9. \_\_\_\_\_ is the Chairman of Supreme Court Legal Service Committee.
- Chief Justice of Supreme Court
  - Any member having experience of legal service
  - Sitting Judge of Supreme Court
  - All above
10. The concept of Public Interest Litigation (PIL) originated and developed in the USA in the \_\_\_\_\_.
- 1960
  - 1970
  - 1980
  - All above
11. The Dowry Prohibition Act, \_\_\_\_\_.
- 1951
  - 1971
  - 1961
  - 1981
12. In \_\_\_\_\_, Government of India passed, Sexual Harassment Of Women At Workplace Act, which defined the term of Sexual Harassment and also laid down guidelines for working women irrespective of their employment in public sector or private sector.
- 2010
  - 2011
  - 2012
  - 2013
13. Lok Adalat provides \_\_\_\_\_.
- Lengthy and costly justice to common man
  - Normal resolution of common man's dispute
  - Quick, easy and accessible justice system
  - None of the above
14. Prohibition of Child Marriage Act, \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2006
  - 2007
  - 2008
  - 2009
15. \_\_\_\_\_ is role of supervisor to fight for the rights of disempowering society with goal of empowering of them.
- Counselor
  - Educator
  - Advocate
  - Manager
16. There are five main principles of social justice that are paramount to understanding the concept better. Namely, these are access to resources, equity, participation, diversity, and \_\_\_\_\_.
- human development
  - human rights
  - human empowerment
  - None of the above
17. The followings are role of NGOs for promotion and protection of the rights of women, children and weaker section.
- Advocacy
  - Campaign
  - Lobbying
  - All above
18. International Covenant on Civil & Political Rights, \_\_\_\_\_.
- 1996
  - 1966
  - 1976
  - 1986

19. Under Section \_\_\_\_\_ of LSSA, Lok Adalat has no jurisdiction to deals with Non- compoundable cases.
- |       |       |
|-------|-------|
| a. 20 | b. 21 |
| c. 18 | d. 19 |
20. In which court PIL can file \_\_\_\_\_.
- |               |                      |
|---------------|----------------------|
| a. High Court | b. Supreme Court     |
| c. Both a & b | d. None of the above |

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( PART-B : Descriptive )

Time : 2 hrs. 40 min.

Marks : 50

[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]

1. Explain Role of NGO in promotion and protection of human rights among weaker section of society. 10
2. Write short notes on *any two* of the following: 5+5=10
  - a) Fundamental Rights Under Constitution of India
  - b) Child Labour
  - c) Human Rights
  - d) Child Marriage
3. Explain the issues of Social Justice in India & Explain social, political and economic inequalities. 5+5=10
4. Explain Legal Service Authority Act, 1987. 10
5. What is the meaning of Juvenile? Explain salient features of Juvenile Justice (Care & Protection of Children) Amendment Bill, 2021. 2+8=10
6. Briefly explain relation between Social Work & Human Rights. What are the roles of Social Worker in right based interventions? 5+5=10
7. Briefly explain the Lok Adalat with its nature and power. 2+8=10
8. Explain the Human Rights in Contemporary Era. 10

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