

**BA POLITICAL SCIENCE
SIXTH SEMESTER (SPECIAL REPEAT)
POLITICS IN INDIA
BPS-602**

(Use separate answer scripts for Objective & Descriptive)

Duration : 3 hrs.

Full Marks : 70

[PART-A : Objective]

Time : 20 min.

Marks : 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1X20=20

1. Secular state means:
 - a. The state has a religion
 - b. The state is impartial in the matters of religion
 - c. The state is against Religion
 - d. The state is irreligious
2. The word Socialist was added in the Preamble by
 - a. 42nd Amendment
 - b. 40th Amendment
 - c. 44th Amendment
 - d. 46th Amendment
3. _____ interprets the law.
 - a. Social status
 - b. Judiciary
 - c. Customary law
 - d. Legislature
4. Who was the first Chief Election Commissioner of India?
 - a. SP Sen verma
 - b. Sukumar Sen
 - c. KVK Sundaram
 - d. Rajmanner
5. In which year untouchability was abolished in India?
 - a. 1950
 - b. 1051
 - c. 1952
 - d. 1953
6. Which of the following is a characteristic of Secularism?
 - a. No official religion
 - b. Social diversity
 - c. Economic diversity
 - d. None of the above
7. Social problems face by the people of India due to caste systems are
 - a. Untouchability
 - b. Slavery
 - c. Discrimination
 - d. All of the above
8. The essentials of Socialism is
 - a. Socialism emphasis on society
 - b. Socialism stands for equality
 - c. Both A and B
 - d. Only B
9. The most well known and recognise personality in the field of Indian Socialism is
 - a. Jaya Prakash Narayan
 - b. M.N. Roy
 - c. Joshi Munshi
 - d. None of the above

10. Parliamentary system of government is borrowed from which Constitution of the world?
 - a. USA
 - b. Irish
 - c. British
 - d. Poland
11. India has a _____ form of government.
 - a. Presidential
 - b. Democratic
 - c. Unitary
 - d. Monarchy
12. Under the constitution of India who has the power to select the Chief Election Commissioner of India?
 - a. The chief justice
 - b. The President
 - c. The party in power
 - d. The prime minister
13. Who is currently serving as the Chief Justice of India?
 - a. Justice Dipak Misra
 - b. Justice A.N. Ray
 - c. Justice Rajan Gogoi
 - d. Justice N.V Ramana
14. The Socialist Principles of the Indian constitution is enshrined under the
 - a. Preamble
 - b. Directive principles of state policy
 - c. Fundamental rights
 - d. Fundamental Duties
15. Socialist Principles under the constitution of India aims to
 - a. End poverty
 - b. End ignorance
 - c. End disease and inequality
 - d. All of the above
16. Who was the first President of India?
 - a. Dr. B.R Ambedkar
 - b. Jawaharlal Nehru
 - c. Dr. Rajendra Prasad
 - d. V.V Giri
17. The Qualifications for becoming members of the Rajya Sabha members are
 - a. Should be a citizen of India
 - b. Should be 40 years
 - c. Should be an officer
 - d. None of the above
18. Under which Article the Constitution of India lay down the qualifications for the office of the President of India?
 - a. 58
 - b. 59
 - c. 58 and 57
 - d. 58 and 59
19. The lower house of the Parliament is called
 - a. Vidhan Sabha
 - b. Vidhan Parishad
 - c. Rajya Sabha
 - d. None of the above
20. The Executive power of the Government of India is vested in the
 - a. Prime Minister of India
 - b. The Parliament of India
 - c. President of India
 - d. The People

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(PART-B : Descriptive)

Time : 2 hrs. 40 min.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. Define Parliamentary system of government. Give reasons why India adopted for a Parliamentary form of government. 3+7=10
2. Who is the present Chief Election Commissioner of India? Who appoints him and for how many years? Discuss the main duties carried out by the Chief Election Commissioner of India. 1+2+7=10
3. Explain Democratic State. What are the basic principles of Democracy? 3+7=10
4. What is the importance of Secularism in India? Discuss the challenges towards working of Secularism in India. 5+5=10
5. Discuss the factors which led to the emergence of India as a union of States. 10
6. Discuss the Gender equality status in India. 10
7. Who appoints the President of India? Discuss the Administrative functions of the President of India. 1+9=10
8. Discuss the Salient features of the Indian Judiciary system. 10

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