# M.Sc. BIOTECHNOLOGY <br> Third Semester <br> BIOSTATISTICS, BIOINFORMATICS \& IPR <br> (MBT - 11) 

## Duration: 3Hrs.

Full Marks: 70
Part-A $($ Objective $)=20$
Part-B $($ Descriptive $)=50$
(PART-B: Descriptive)
Duration: $\mathbf{2}$ hrs. $\mathbf{4 0}$ mins.
Marks: 50

## Answer any five of the following questions:

1. (a) Heights in a class of 9 students are given below:

Calculate the value of coefficient of variation.
(b) Weights in Kg of 15 students are given below685866706564654856666552465868

Calculate the arithmetic mean and the mode.
2. (a) State the addition rule of probability. What will be the probability of getting a 3 or a 6 in throwing a dice?
(b) Define correlation. What is positive correlation?
3. What are the tools of bioinformatics? Explain each briefly with example.
4. What is bioinformatics? Write the application and scope of bioinformatics. (10)
5. Write the definition of database with 3 examples. What is biological database, give its classification.
6. Write short notes on: (any two)
(a) GI
(b) Copyright
(c) Trademark
7. Write a brief account on WTO.
8. Discuss the Basmati rice patent case and India's stand in it.

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Duration: 20 minutes
Marks - 20

## (PART A- Objective Type)

## I. Choose the correct answer:

1. The most commonly used measure of central tendency is:
i) standard deviation.
ii) arithmetic mean.
iii) correlation coefficient.
2. Probability of an event may be:
i) 0.5
ii) 3.2
iii) -0.8
3. Standard deviation is:
i) always negative.
ii) may be positive or negative.
iii) always positive.
4. Correlation between two variables x and y is:
i) always positive.
ii) always negative.
iii) either positive or negative.
5. Coefficient of variation is given by:
i) standard deviation/mean deviation.
ii) mean x standard deviation.
iii) standard deviation /mean x100.
6. Range is:
i) the difference between the highest and the lowest values.
ii) product of the highest and lowest value.
iii) square of lowest value.
7. In random sampling:
i) all units get chance for selection.
ii) only the best ones get chance for selection.
iii) some units are ignored.
8. Secondary data are obtained:
i) from past records.
ii) by direct interview.
iii) from future studies.
9. In calculating mean deviation:
i) modulus values of the deviations are considered.
ii) deviations are considered with their signs.
iii) deviations are taken from the median.
10.Two events are mutually exclusive if:
i) one occurring the other cannot occur.
ii) both events occur simultaneously.
iii) the two events are independent.
II. Match the following:
a) Darjeeling tea
i) NCBI
b) KFC chicken
ii) patent
c) Five point someone
iii) trademark
d) pcr machine
iv) traditional knowledge
e) Logo of Nike
v) copyright
f) Turmeric
vi) computer program
g) Database
vii) Plant breeders' rights
h) IPR
ix) trade secret
I) Rasmol
x) WIPO
j) Golden rice
xi) GI
