B. Sc. MICROBIOLOGY FOURTH SEMESTER GENETIC ENGINEERING BMB-404

(Use Separate Answer Scripts for Objective & Descriptive)

Full Marks: 70 [PART-A: Objective] Time: 20 min. Marks: 20 1X20 = 20Choose the correct answer from the following: 1. Transfection is technique of a. Microbes b. Mammals d. Vertebrates c. Animals 2. Lipid vesicles are known as a. Liposome b. SV 40 d. Tri laminar layer c. Bi membrane layer 3. Transfected gene portion from external source is a. Trans gene b. rDNA d. Recombinant DNA c. Insert gene 4. Heating and chilling is used for gene delivery in a. Plants b. Animals c. Bacteria d. Fungus 5. The palindrome of EcoRI is..... a. 5'GAATTC3' b. 5'GTTAAC3' c. 5'GATATC3' d. 5'GGATCC3' 6. Enzyme that can add phosphate from the edd of DNA is...... a. Phosphatase b. Ligase c. Kinase d. Polymerase 7. Most preferable enzyme in genetic engineering is....... a. Type II b. Type I d. All are equally used c. Type III 8. For sequencingcan be used. a. All types of DNA b. dsDNA c. Hybrid dNA d. ssDNA

b. Polysaccharide

d. Protein

9. The end product of expression vector is.....

a. Polyamides c. Gene

Bacculo virus based vectors arevec a. Plant c. Fungus	b. Invertebrates d. Bacterial
11. Blotting by which DNA can be checked isa. Southernc. Western	b. Northern d. Eastern
12. Reverse transcriptase is not required fora. Copy DNAc. Both are correct	library preparation. b. Complementary DN d. Genomic DNA
Nitrocellulose membrane is used in a. Library preparation c. Blotting	b. Fingerprinting d. Option D
14. Joining of probe with ssDNA is an examplea. Detectionc. Screening	ofb. Extension d. Hybridization
15. For visualization in blottingcan bea. Autoradiographyc. Both are correct	used. b. X-Ray d. Optional
16. Choose the correct information for RAPDa. PCR basedc. Enzyme based	b. Probe basedd. All are correct
17. Gene expression can be studied by a. Microarray c. VNTR	b. AFLP d. DNA fingerprinting
18. The 40-60% ofis required in PCR.a. AT contentc. GT content	b. GC contentd. AC content
19. Choose the correct option.a. RFLP=AFLP=PCRc. PCR=RFLP=AFLP	b. PCR-RFLP=AFLP d. PCR+RFLP=AFLP
20. In, PCR two different size DNAs can a. Nested c. Anchored	be amplified. b. Asymmetric d. Real time

PART-B : Descriptive

Time: 2 hrs. 40 min. Marks: 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1.	What is vector? Explain plasmid in detail.	2+8=10
2.	a. Write a note on reactions Thermo cycler. b. Differentiate RAPD and RFLP.	5+5=10
3.	a. What do understand by c DNA library?	3
	b.Write the basic steps of cDNA library preparation.	7
4.	a. What is Southern blotting?	2
	b.Differentiate the Southern and Northern blotting techniques.	8
5.	What is EcoRI? Explain the palindrome and action of the enzyme on it.	10
6.	What is lambda phage? Write a note on cosmid.	2+8=10
7.	a. Mention some of examples of modifying enzymes.b. Compare linker and adaptor.	6+4=10
8.	a. What is transfection?b. Write in the significance of genetic engineering in health sector.	5+5=10

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