MCA

THIRD SEMESTER (SPECIAL REPEAT) SOFTWARE ENGINEERING AND PROJECT MANAGEMENT MCA-301 (Use separate answer scripts for Objective & Descriptive)

Du	Full Marks: 70					
Time: 20 min. (PART-A: Objective) Marks: 20						
Choose the correct answer from the following: 1X20=20						
1.	What is Software Engineering?a. Designing a softwarec. Application of engineering principles to design a software		Testing a software None of the these			
2.	The contents of the SRS document are: a. Functional requirements c. Goals of implementation		Nonfunctional requirements All of these			
3.	How is generalization implemented in Obje a. Inheritance c. Encapsulation	b.	Oriented Design? Polymorphism All of the above			
4.	Which of the following provides semi-autor a layered technology? a. Methods c. Process	ь.	ic and automatic support to methods in Tools Quality Focus			
5.	Model selection is based ona. Requirement c. Project type & associated risk		Development team and users All of the above			
6.	Which of the following serves as metrics for a. Lines of code c. Number of persons	b.	oject size estimation? Function point Only (a) and (b)			
7.	System Development Life Cycle (SDLC) is_design a system.		used by the system experts to			
	a. A processor c. A system	d.	A process None of the above			
8.	Why is it important to measure the process produces?	of s	oftware engineering and software it			
	a. It is really not necessary unless the project is extremely complex c. To determine whether a software group is improving or not		To determine costs and allow a profit margin to be set To make software engineering more like other engineering processes			
9.	, ,					
	a. Modeling Errors c. Procedure Errors		Interface Errors None of the mentioned			
	1		USTM/COF/R-01			

10.						
	a. Efficiency		Portability			
	c. Timeliness	d.	Reliability			
11.	Misinterpretation of customer communicati	on	is a sample of possible cause defects.			
	a. True		False			
12.	COCOMO stands for					
12.	a. COnsumed COst Model	b.	COnstructive COst MOdel			
	c. COmmon COntrol MOdel		COmposite COst MOdel			
13.	Which of the following is not a valid phase Cycle)?	015	SDLC (Software Development Life			
	a. Testing Phase	b.	Requirement Phase			
	c. Deployment phase	d.	Testing closure			
14.	is / are the most importan	tan	d fundamental phases of SDLC.			
	a. Preliminary investigation		Requirement Analysis			
	c. Design, Testing and Implementation		All of the mentioned above			
15.						
10.	a. Time estimation		Effort estimation			
	c. Cost estimation		Software size estimation			
40						
16.	Which of the following risks are derived fro					
	a. Lack of user involvementc. Ineffective integration		Insufficient project management Ineffective integration			
17.	Model-driven engineering is just a theoretic	al c	oncept. It cannot be converted into a			
	working/executable code.					
	a. True	Ь.	False			
18.	3. Effective risk management plan needs to address which of these issues?					
	a. Risk avoidance		Risk monitoring			
	c. Contingency Planning	d.	All of the above			
19.	. Which of the following is not part of the Test document?					
	a. Test Case		Requirements Traceability Matrix			
			[RTM]			
	c. Test strategy	d.	Project Initiation Note [PIN]			
20.	0. In Design phase, which is the primary area of concern?					
	a. Architecture		Data			
	c. Interface	d.	All of the above			

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[PART-B : Descriptive]

Marks: 50 Time: 2 hrs. 40 min. [Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest] 3+2+5=10 1. What is the difference between programs and software products? What is SLCM? Why do we need SLCM? Explain. 2. Describe the layered technology and process framework in software 5+5=10 engineering. 5+2+3=10 3. List the five desirable characteristics of a good Software Requirements Specification (SRS) documents. Why SRS document also known as the black-box specification? Who are the different categories of users of the SRS document? 2+8=10 4. What are the different steps considered for DFD modeling? Draw the context diagram for a rail reservation system and analysis it to its immediate higher level. 1+6+1+2=10 5. What is module coupling? Discuss about its various types. What is the desired coupling strength in structured design phase of a software? Justify. 6. Define COCOMO Model. Suppose that a project was estimated to be 4+2+2+2=10 400 KLOC. Calculate the effort and time for each of the 3 modes of development in the basic model. b d Software Product C Type 0.38 1.05 2.5 2.4 Organic Semi-detached 2.5 0.35 3.0 1.12 2.5 Embedded 3.6 1.20 0.32 4×2.5=10 7. Discuss the following in brief: a) V&V Model b) Software maintenance c) Software quality management d) Regression testing 5+5=10 8. Differentiate between: a) Top-down and bottom-up design approaches

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b) Class and object