

**MA RURAL DEVELOPMENT
FOURTH SEMESTER
RURAL PROJECT PLANNING, MONITORING & EVALUATION
MRD-402**

Duration : 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

(PART-A: Objective)

Time : 20 min.

Marks : 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1X20=20

1. A feasibility study is to determine the viability of an idea such as:
 - a. Grounding of any viable project
 - b. Monitoring the progress of work
 - c. Utilization of manpower
 - d. All of the above
2. A Comprehensive feasibility takes a look at the various aspects involved in the project:
 - a. Marketing
 - b. Economic
 - c. Cultural
 - d. All of the above
3. Techno feasibility study for establishment of any industry should include :
 - a. Proposed capacity of the unit
 - b. Projected product markets
 - c. Source of resources availability
 - d. All of the above
4. The Economic viability of any unit depends on -----utilization :
 - a. Minimum 60 % utilization
 - b. Minimum 55 % utilization
 - c. Minimum 50 % utilization
 - d. Minimum 45% utilization
5. The variable cost of any project include:
 - a. Cost of raw material
 - b. Interest on capital
 - c. Consumables
 - d. All of the above
6. For implementation of any rural development project, it should include:
 - a. Grass root level people for involvement in development activities
 - b. Acceptance of the local community
 - c. Rural environment status
 - d. All of the above
7. Technical feasibility of any project report includes only:
 - a. Technical specifications
 - b. Market research aspects
 - c. Economic aspects
 - d. Environment aspects
8. It is mandatory to include the following Impact analysis in any project report :
 - a. Environmental Impact Analysis
 - b. Sociological Impact Analysis
 - c. Both Environmental and Sociological Impact analysis
 - d. None of the above
9. The Constitute of a project team for preparation of project report should not include:
 - a. Economist
 - b. Sociologist
 - c. Concerned Subject Matter Specialist
 - d. Members of Sponsor agency

10. The feasibility study on any project should include Break Even Analysis for assessment the viability of the project :
- a. Mandatory
 - b. Not mandatory
 - c. No idea
 - d. No comment
11. A ----- is a set of activities which are networked in a order and aimed towards achieving the goals of a project:
- a. Project
 - b. Process
 - c. Project management
 - d. Project cycle
12. The project life cycle consists of :
- a. Understanding the scope of the project
 - b. Formulation and planning various activities
 - c. Objectives of the project
 - d. All of the above
13. The project is accepted:
- a. If the profitability index is equal to one
 - b. If the profitability index is greater than one
 - c. The funds are unlimited
 - d. Both (B) & (C)
14. At what stage of a program should monitoring take place
- a. At the beginning of the program
 - b. At the midpoint of the program
 - c. At the end of the program
 - d. Throughout the life of the program
15. Which of the following is not considered monitoring:
- a. Counting the number of people trained
 - b. Attributing changes in health outcomes to an intervention
 - c. Tracking the number of brochures disseminated
 - d. Collecting monthly data on clients served in a clinic.
16. Following is (are) the responsibility (ies) of the project manager :
- a. Budgeting and cost control
 - b. Tracking project expenditure
 - c. Allocating resources
 - d. All the above
17. Project monitoring is sometimes referred to as:
- a. Evaluation
 - b. Process evaluation
 - c. Impact evaluation
 - d. Performance evaluation
18. Project performance consist of:
- a. Time
 - b. Quality
 - c. Cost
 - d. All the above
19. Five dimensions that must be managed on a project :
- a. Constraint, Quality, Cost, Schedule, Staff
 - b. Feature, Quality, Cost, Schedule, staff
 - c. Feature, Priority, Cost, Schedule, Staff
 - d. Feature, Quality, Cost, Schedule, customer

20. Which tools are useful for situational analysis prior to planning of a project:
- a. SWOT analysis
 - b. Stakeholder analysis
 - c. Problem tree analysis
 - d. All of the above
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(PART-B : Descriptive)

Time: 2 HRS 40 MINS

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.(1) & any four (4) from the rest]

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| 1. | a. What do you understand by Project feasibility report? | 2+4+4=10 |
| | b. What are the steps to be undertaken for preparing project feasibility report? | |
| | c. What are the types of project feasibility report? | |
| 2. | a. Define project and project report. | 2+2+6=10 |
| | b. Why project report is essential? | |
| | c. What are the characteristics of project report? | |
| 3. | a. What do you understand by project planning? | 2+8=10 |
| | b. Explain phase wise planning required for project evaluation? | |
| 4. | a. Define project monitoring & evaluation? | 2+4+4=10 |
| | b. Why project monitoring & evaluation is essential? | |
| | c. How to implement the project monitoring | |
| 5. | a. What is project management? | 1+3+6=10 |
| | b. What are the stages of project management ? | |
| | c. What are the advantages of project management? | |
| 6. | a. What is difference between Project formulation and Project appraisal? | 4+6=10 |
| | b. What are the types of project appraisal? | |
| 7. | a. Explain in details what are steps to be taken in preparation of a Project report? | 5+5=10 |
| | b. What are the challenging tasks you may face in the preparation of project report? | |
| 8. | a. What are the expectation phrases of the project clients in the preparation of project proposal? | 5+5=10 |
| | b. Explain ways to achieve the project clients satisfaction in the preparation of the project proposal. | |

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