MASTER OF SOCIAL WORK

Third Semester

Social Planning & Social Welfare Administration (MSW - 12)

Duration: 1 hr.30 min.

Full Marks: 35

Part-A (Objective) =10 Part-B (Descriptive)=25

(PART-B: Descriptive)

Duration: 1 hr.20 mins. Marks: 25

1. Write a short note on any four questions

 $2 \times 4 = 8$

- a) What is social planning?
- b) What is the importance of economic planning?
- c) What is public administration?
- d) What is social welfare?
- e) Explain the various principles of social welfare administration.
- f) What is NGO?

2. Answer any three questions

 $3\times3=9$

- a) What is the importance of monitoring and evaluation in social planning?
 - b) Explain the process of registration of NGO.
 - c) Explain the various levels of social planning in India.
 - d) Explain the scope of social welfare administration in the context of social work profession.
 - Explain the various strategies of social planning.

3. Answer any two questions in details

 $4 \times 2 = 8$

- a) Define social welfare administration as a method of social work
- b) Bring out the structure and functions of National Planning Commission.
- c) Explain the organization structure & function of central social welfare board.
- d) List any four functions of state planning board in Assam.

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(MSW - 12)

(The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions)

Duration: 10 minutes						Marks – 10
\cap			PART A- Ob	jective Type		
ine i						
I.	All	I the questions are compulsor	ту.			1×10=10
	1.	When was The National Plans (i) 1950	ning Commission estab (ii) 1952	olished? (iii) 1954	(iv) 1956	
	2.	 Who is the present Deputy Chairman of National Planning Commission? (i) Dr. Montek Singh Ahluwalia (ii) Dr Manmohan Singh 				
4		(iii) Ramachandra Gowda		(iv) Sh.V.Narayanasa	amy	
	3.	People involvement in every stage of planning is called participatory planning. True/False				
	4.	On the basis of situation analysis it is possible to set objectives goals of a particular programme.				
						True/False
	5.	Coverage defines the benefici	aries and their spatial l	ocation.		True/False
6. Outcome of the programmes is generally measured in term of inputs.						True/False
	7.	Plan is an idea of the available resources, problems, stresses and potentialities.				True/False
	8.	Organised process for investigating and responding to the needs and aspirations of people and communities is called				
		(i) Social Planning(iii) Economic Planning	(ii) Welfare Planning (iv) Developmental P			
	9.	Central Social Welfare Board was established in the year				
		(i) 1953	(ii) 1955	(iii) 1956	(iv) 19	58
	10.	O. The Indian Trusts Act, was passed in the year				
		(i) 1882	(ii) 1859	(iii) 1860	(iv) 18	89
