REV-00 LLB/15/20

> LLB FIRST SEMESTER INDIAN FEDERALISM LLB – 106 (H₁)

Duration: 3Hrs.

Full Marks: 80

Part-A (Objective) =30 Part-B (Descriptive) =50

(PART-B: Descriptive)

Duration: 2 hrs. 30 mins.

Marks: 50

Answer the following questions:

 What do you mean by the term 'federalism'? What are the five essential characteristics of a federation? Does Constitution of India endorse these characteristics? Discuss. (2+5+3=10)

Or

What are the advantages and disadvantages of unitary form of government? (10)

 What do you mean by 'emergency'? Explain in detail the emergency as provided in Article 352 of the Constitution. Discuss also the suspension of fundamental rights during emergency. (2+6+2=10)

Or

Discuss the history behind accession of the State of Jammu & Kashmir. Explain in details the Special Status granted to the State of Jammu and Kashmir by the Constitution of India. (5+5=10)

What do you mean by the term 'amendment'? Discuss in brief the amending procedures of the Constitutions of US, UK and India. (2+8=10)

Or

Make a comparative study of the mode of formation of the Constitution of United States of America, United Kingdom's and India. (10)

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4. Discuss the legislative relations between Centre and the State. When and on what grounds Parliament has power to make law with regard to subjects enumerated in State List (List II)? (3+7=10)

Or

What are Consolidated Fund and Contingency Fund? Briefly state the distributionof revenue between Centre and the State.(4+6=10)

(10)

5. Write a note on co-operative federalism.

Or

Briefly discuss how a Confederation is different from a Unitary form of government and a Federal form of government. (10)

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Duration: 30 minutes

a. Ouasi-federal

Marks - 30

(PART A- Objective Type)

b. Federal

I. Choose the correct answer:

1. Prof. K.C Wheare describes India as a:

1×10=10

c. Union with strong federal tendency
d. None of the above
2. Supremacy of the parliament is one of the features of:

a. Federal form of Government
c. Quasi-federal form of Government
d. None of the above

3. The Head of the State is:

a. Governor
c. Speaker, Legislative Assembly
d. None of the above

4. The Special provision with regard to the state of Jammu & Kashmir is contained in the Constitution in:

a. Part VIb. Part IXc. Part XId. Part XXI5. The present Constitution of India came into force on:

a. 26th November, 1949b. 26th January, 1950c. 26th January, 1949d. 26th November, 1950

- 6. The Constitution of United States of America proclaims for:
 a. Separation of powers
 b. Concentration of powers
 c. Rule of Law
 d. All of the above
- 7. Article 256 to 263 deals with:
a. Legislative Relations
c. Financial Relationb. Administrative Relation
d. NITI Aayog
- 8. State of Bombay vs. R.M.D.C (1957) is a leading case dealing with:
 a. Theory of Territorial Nexus
 b. Plenary Power of Parliament
 d. Judicial Control
- 9. Who in exercise of its powers under Article 263 has constituted the Inter-State Council on May 28, 1990?

a. The President of Indiab. The Prime Minister of Indiac. The Chief Justice of Indiad. The Parliament of India

- 10.A perfect example of Confederation is: a. Switzerland b. United K
 - a. Switzerlandb. United Kingdomsc. Indiad. All of the above

II. Answer the following questions:

2×10=20

1. Write any two points on background of federal principles under the Indian Constitution.

2. Write two disadvantages of federal form of government.

3. What are the three different types of emergencies provided under the Constitution of India?

4. Mention any two powers of Governor of a State.

5. State the mode of formation of the Constitution of USA.



6. What do you mean by the term 'Judicial Review'?

7. What is the 'theory of territorial nexus'?



SESSION: 2017-18			
COURSEPAPER CODE:			
NAME OF THE PAPER:			
SEMESTER			
Instructions to Candidates	For Objective Type Questions		Session: 2017-18
1. This answer booklet has 4 pages. Please check before			
writing whether it is complete or in good condition.	Page No.	Marks	Course
2. Do not write your name anywhere in the answer booklet.			Roll No
3. Write legibly on both sides of the paper			Enrollment No.
4. You may use some space for any rough notes or calculation			
on the answer booklet if you need. These rough notes,			Semester
calculations must be scored out before submitting the answer			Name of the Pape
booklet.			
5. Do not bring any book or loose paper in the examination			
hall.	Total		Paper Code
6. Do not tear any page from the answer booklet.	For Descriptive Type Questions		
7. Do not write anything on the question paper or blotting	Question No.	Marks	
paper or any pieces of paper while you are in the examination			-
hall.			-
8. Any act of indiscipline or misbehavior in the examination hall			
will result in your expulsion.]
9. No examinee is allowed to leave the examination hall until			
30 minutes lapse after the commencement of the examination.			
10. Additional answer sheet will be supplied after the main			
answer booklet is completed.			
	Total		

8. Give two points as to how Union controls over States even in normal times.

9. What do you mean by the term 'Confederation'?

10. Write two duties of Inter-State Council.

Scrutinizer's Signature