ODD SEMESTER EXAMINATION: 2020-21

Exam ID Number	
Course	
Semester	
Paper Code	
Paper Title	
Type of Exam:	
(Regular/Back/Improvement)	

Important Instruction for students:

- 1. Student should write objective and descriptive answer on plain white paper.
- 2. Give page number in each page starting from 1st page.
- 3. After completion of examination, Scan all pages, convert into a single PDF, and rename the file with Class Roll No. (2019MBA15) and upload to the Google classroom as attachment.
- 4. Exam timing from 10am − 1pm (for morning shift).
- 5. Question Paper will be uploaded before 10 mins from the schedule time.
- 6. Additional 20 mins time will be given for scanning and uploading the single PDF file.
- 7. Student will be marked as ABSENT if failed to upload the PDF answer script due to any reason.

[1] USTM/COE/R-01

BA SOCIOLOGY FIRST SEMESTER INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY-I BSO-101

Duration: 3 hrs. Full Marks: 70

(PART-A: Objective)

Time: 20 min. Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

 $1 \times 20 = 20$

1. Industrialization started in

a. Germanyb. Italyc. Americad. England

2. Who propounded socialism?

a. Karl Marxb. Emile Durkheimc. Aristotled. August Comte

3. Which of the following is not one of the objectives of French Revolution?

a. Fraternityb. Freedomc. Libertyd. Equality

4. Sociology emerged in

a. 20th centuryb. 19th centuryc. 18th centuryd. 21st century

5. The general process of learning cultural norms is referred to as

a. Schoolingb. Acculturationc. Socializationd. All of the above

6. Which of the following is not a characteristic of primary group?

a. Closenessb. Intimacyc. Familiarityd. Impersonality

7. Marriage is a/an

a. important and universal socialb. important basis for group formation institution of society

c. helpful in strengthening the caste system d. helpful in calming down the anger of two conflicting groups

8. Who among the following is associated with authority?

a. Rousseaub. Weberc. Hobbesd. Locke

9. In India, the institution of family has a trend towards:

a. Patriarchal familyb. Single familyc. Joint familyd. Matriarchal family

10. A change in society is created through

a. Social controlb. Collective behaviorc. Social behaviord. Social movement

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11. Social movement occur on a. Local level **b.** Regional level c. Global level d. All of above 12. Migration comes under which of the following factor of social change? b. Cultural factor a. Ideational factor d. Economic factor c. Demographic factor 13. Social mobility is more prevalent in a. Class b. Caste c. Estate d. Slavery 14. The division of society into categories, ranks, or classes is called **b.** social stratification a. social category d. social statuses c. social groups **15.** Which of the following is an example of vertical mobility? a. A Lok Sabha member becomes a b. The head of marketing becomes the new member of the Raiva Sabha head of accounting d. A trial lawyer becomes a tax lawyer **c.** A machine operator is promoted to department supervisor 16. An increase or upward shift in social class is called b. Upward mobility a. Social mobility d. Social customs c. Social class 17. According to Merton which of the following is the pure case of deviance? a. Ritualism b. Retreatism c. Revolution d. Conformity **18.** Which of the following is not an agency of social control? a. Law b. Family c. Festival d. Movie 19. The study of punishment is called a. Criminology b. Penology d. Punishology c. Gerontology 20. Drunkenness is an example of a. Economic crime b. Legal crime c. Crime without a victim d. Social crime

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PART-B: Descriptive

Time: 2 Hrs. 40 mins. Marks: 50 [Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest] 1. Discuss the major historical factors that led to the emergence of 10 sociology as a subject. 2. What is sociological perspective? How a sociologist perceives a 3+3+4=10social behavior and how is it different from that of an economist? 3. Explain the different challenges to the institution of marriage in the 10 modern urban context. 4. Define social change. Discuss social movements as an agent of social 2+8=10change. 5. Is social stratification a source of social inequality? Justify your 2+8=10answer by citing examples. 6. Define social stratification. Is religion a vertical or horizontal 3+7=10stratification? Justify by citing examples. 7. Define social control. Discuss the different agencies of social control? 3+7=10Is capital punishment justified in the present context? Justify your 10

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answer by citing arguments