#### Write the following information in the first page of Answer Script before starting answer

#### **ODD SEMESTER EXAMINATION: 2020-21**

Exam ID Number	
Course	Semester
Paper Code	Paper Title
Type of Exam:	(Regular/Back/Improvement)

### **Important Instruction for students:**

- 1. Student should write objective and descriptive answer on plain white paper.
- 2. Give page number in each page starting from 1<sup>st</sup> page.
- After completion of examination, Scan all pages, convert into a single PDF, rename the file with Class Roll No. (2019MBA15) and upload to the Google classroom as attachment.
- **4.** Exam timing from 10am 1pm (for morning shift).
- 5. Question Paper will be uploaded before 10 mins from the schedule time.
- **6.** Additional 20 mins time will be given for scanning and uploading the single PDF file.
- **7.** Student will be marked as ABSENT if failed to upload the PDF answer script due to any reason.

Plectenchyma

#### B.Sc. BOTANY THIRD SEMESTER MYCOLOGY & PLANT PATHOLOGY BSB - 302

Duration: 3 hrs. Full Marks: 70

[ PART-A: Objective ]

Time: 20 min. Marks: 20

C	hoose the correct answer from the fo	llo	wing: 1×20=20
1.	Citrus canker is caused by <b>a.</b> <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> <b>c.</b> <i>Colletotrichum falcatum</i>		Pestalotiopsis palmarum Podosphaera xanthii
2.	An example of macrofungi is- a. <i>Mucor</i> c. <i>Fusarium</i>		Penicillium Agaricus
3.	<ul><li>Late Blight of Potato is caused by-</li><li>a. Colletotrichum falcatum</li><li>c. Xanthomonas citri</li></ul>		Phytopthora infestans Magnaporthe oryzae
4.	Fungi used in production of bread is- a. <i>Yeast</i> c. <i>Rhizopus</i>		Mucor Puccinia
5.	<ul><li>a. Stomata</li><li>c. Tendril</li></ul>	b.	s. Cutin Hydathode
6.	When two mycelium of opposite strains (+) & (-) produce small outgrowths called as:  a. Progametangia  c. Ascus	b.	ne near one another, the mycelia Sclerotia Metulae
7.	The reserve food in yeast is in the form of a. Starch c. Oils & glycogen		Cellulose Protein
8.	<ul><li>Penicillium belongs to class</li><li>a. Eurotiomycetes</li><li>c. Basidiomycetes</li></ul>	b. d.	Deuteromycetes Ascomycetes
9.	Hyphae of fungi are collectively known as  a. Sclerotia	b.	Mycelium

d. Rhizomorph

10.	Loose smut of wheat is caused by <b>a.</b> Ustilago nuda <b>c.</b> Pestalotiopsis palmarum	<ul><li>b. Pyricularia oryzae</li><li>d. Colletotrichum falcatum</li></ul>
11.	The phenomenon in which there is involvement or mating types is considered as  a. Budding c. Fusion	<ul><li>b. Heterothallism</li><li>d. Fragmentation</li></ul>
12.	Fungi which can grow only on living host pla <ul> <li>a. Obligate saprophytes</li> <li>c. Facultative parasites</li> </ul>	nt are called  b. Obligate parasites d. Saprophytes
13.	Conidia and sporangia are the spores produce a. Virus c. Phanerogams	ed by b. Bacteria d. Fungi
14.	Association of fungi with roots of higher plants a. Lichen c. Mycorrhiza	s is known as  b. Basidiolichen d. Ascolichen
15.	Alexander Fleming (1929) discovered <b>a.</b> Streptomycetease <b>c.</b> Tyrocidine	<ul><li>b. Penicillin</li><li>d. Giseofulvin</li></ul>
16.	Phytophthora belongs to family  a. Pythiaceae c. Pareonosporaceae	<ul><li>b. Peronophythoraceae</li><li>d. Albuginaceae</li></ul>
<b>17.</b>	Grey blight disease is caused by a. Bacterium c. Fungus	<ul><li>b. Virus</li><li>d. Nematode</li></ul>
18.	Which of them is a poisonous mushroom?  a. Agaricus c. Peasurotus	<ul><li>b. Volvariella</li><li>d. Amanita</li></ul>
19.	Rhizopus belongs to class  a. Zygomycetes c. Trichomycetes	<ul><li>b. Oomycetes</li><li>d. Ascomycetes</li></ul>
20.	Mycology is the study of  a. Fungi c. Bacteria	<ul><li>b. Virus</li><li>d. Algae</li></ul>

# PART-B: Descriptive

Time: 2 hrs. 40 min. Marks: 50

## [Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1.	Describe in brief the symptoms, disease cycle and control measure of Late Blight of Potato.	3+4+3 =10
2.	Describe the spore dispersal mechanisms found in different groups of fungi.	10
3.	What are the types of reproduction occurring in fungi? Describe each type in brief	2+8=10
4.	Write a note on the morphology and reproduction of <i>Mucor</i> .	5+5=10
5.	Describe the major symptoms of bacterial and fungal plant diseases.	5+5=10
6.	Name the causal organism of Red rot of sugarcane. Describe its symptoms and disease cycle in brief.	2+4+4 =10
7.	What are the major economic uses of fungi? Highlight both its beneficial uses as well as its detrimental effects.	10
8.	Write a note on the morphology and reproduction of <i>Penicillium</i> .	10