Write the following information in the first page of Answer Script before starting answer

ODD SEMESTER EXAMINATION: 2020-21

Exam ID Number	
Course	Semester
Paper Code	Paper Title
Type of Exam:	(Regular/Back/Improvement)

Important Instruction for students:

- 1. Student should write objective and descriptive answer on plain white paper.
- 2. Give page number in each page starting from 1st page.
- 3. After completion of examination, Scan all pages, convert into a single PDF, rename the file with Class Roll No. **(2019MBA15)** and upload to the Google classroom as attachment.
- 4. Exam timing from 10am 1pm (for morning shift).
- 5. Question Paper will be uploaded before 10 mins from the schedule time.
- 6. Additional 20 mins time will be given for scanning and uploading the single PDF file.
- 7. Student will be marked as ABSENT if failed to upload the PDF answer script due to any reason.

REV-01 BSC

B.Sc. PHYSICS FIRST SEMESTER **ORGANIC, INORGANIC & PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-I BSC-711**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Time : 20 min.	[<u>PART-A : Objective</u>]			
Choose the correct answer from the following:				
1. When an electron jumps from o	one of its orbit to another orbit, energy is:			
a. Emitted only	b. Absorbed only			
c. No effect	d. Emitted or absorbed			

2. The orbits in which electron moves according to Bohr are: b. Cylindrical a. Eliptical d. Circular c. Spherical

3. The position and velocity of a small particle cannot be determined simultaneously with great degree of accuracy. The statement is known as:

a. Pauli's exclusion principle	b. Hund's rule
c. Heisenberg Uncertainty principle	d. De-Broglie hypothesis

4. The correct orbital having quantum n=3, l=1, m_l =+1, m_s =+1/2 is:

a. 3s	b. 3p
c. 3d	d. None of these

5. The quantum numbers which represent the shape of an orbital is:

a. Principle quantum numbers	b. Magnetic quantum number
c. Azimuthal quantum numbers	d. Spin quantum numbers

6. The spectral lines for atomic hydrogen which falls in the visible region of electromagnetic spectrum is:

a. Lymen series	b. Balmer series
c. Pachen series	d. Bracket series
The hybridization found in PCl ₅ is:	

- a. Sp³ b. Sp³d c. Sp^3d^2 \mathbf{d} . Sp³d³
- 8. Choose the incorrect statement:

7.

- a. A high bond order indicates more attraction between electrons
- c. Molecules exist with bond order zero.
- **b.** Higher bond order means atoms are held together more tightly
- d. As bond order increases, bond length decreases
- 9. The increasing order of stability of the following carbocations are:



Marks: 20

Full Marks: 70

1X20 = 20

anes will be b. Cl ₂ > F ₂ > Br ₂ > I ₂ d. I ₂ > Br ₂ > Cl ₂ > F ₂
b. Elimination reaction d. Combustion reaction
mmonia gives: b. trans-Alkene d. Alkane
h alc. KOH gives mainly: b. 2-Butene d. 2-Butanol
b. Charles' law $\rightarrow V \propto T$ d. All of the above
 different virial coefficient? b. 2nd coefficient accounts only for bimolecular collisions d. None of the above
 b. Pressure for liquefying gas at critical temperature is critical pressure d. All of the above
edom for a nonlinear molecule with n atoms? b. 3n d. None of the above
eat of vaporisation to boiling point (in J mol ⁻¹ b. 87 d. 89
b. They have long range order d. All of the above
b. 14 d. 230

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(<u>PART-B : Descriptive</u>)

Time: 2 hrs. 40 min.

Marks: 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1.	 a. Write the expression of radius and energy of hydrogen atom for the first stationary state or Bohr orbit. b. Write the electronic configuration of Cu and Cr. c. Define electrophiles and nucleophiles with suitable example. d. What are the three laws of crystallography? Briefly explain. 	2+2+3+3=10
2.	 a. Write the postulates of Bohrs theory of hydrogen atom. Also mention one limitation of Bohrs theory of hydrogen atom. b. Explain why Bohrs concept of atomic radius goes against Heisenberg Uncertainty principle? c. An electron is confined to a region of width 5 ×10⁻¹¹ m which is its uncertainty in position (Δx). Estimate the minimum Uncertainty in momentum. 	5+2+3=10
3.	 a. What is de Broglie dual nature of matter? Also write the mathematical expression of de Broglie equation. b. Why does the negative electronic energy (E_n) for hydrogen atom mean? 	3+2+5=10
	 c. Write short notes on: a) Pauli's exclusion principle. b) Hund's rule of maximum multiplicity. 	
4.	 a. Explain briefly about (n+l) rule with suitable example which is used while writing the electronic configuration of elements. b. Define the term 'dipole moment' with examples. c. What is Bronsted-Lowry theory of acids and bases? Explain with examples. d. Differentiate between crystalline and amorphous solids. 	3+2+2+3=10
5.	 a. What do you mean by hybridization? Explain about the structure of BF₃ on the basis of hybridization. b. What is inductive effect and what are the different types? Explain with examples. c. Define bond order. Determine the bond order of NO₃ 	4+3+3=10
6.	 a. What is Wurtz reaction? Explain with suitable reaction involved. What is the limitation of the reaction? b. Write any two methods of preparation of alkenes. c. How will you convert an alkyne to a cis- and trans-alkene? Explain with suitable chemical reaction. 	3+4+3=10
7.	a. Define vapour pressure of a liquid. Briefly describe how it is experimentally determined?b. What is the difference between surface tension and surface energy?	5+3+2=10

c. Define viscosity and give its S.I. unit.

a. Write down the postulates of kinetic theory of gases.b. What are the three types of velocities? Briefly explain them.c. Define critical temperature and critical pressure.

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