

**B.A ENGLISH  
SEMESTER- 1<sup>ST</sup> (REPEAT)  
INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY  
BEN-102**

**Duration: 3 Hrs.**

**Marks: 70**

**Part : A (Objective) = 20**

**Part : B (Descriptive) = 50**

**[ PART-B : Descriptive ]**

**Duration: 2 Hrs. 40 Mins.**

**Marks: 50**

**[ Answer question no. One (1) & any four (4) from the rest ]**

1. Discuss the emergence of sociology in Europe. 10
2. What is socialization? Explain the different agents of socialization and their effectiveness. 2+8=10
3. What is social change? Discuss briefly the processes of social change in India 2+8=10
4. What are the different types of culture? Discuss the types of culture in detail. 2+8=10
5. What is social stratification? Discuss the different dimensions of social stratification in India. 3+7=10
6. What is social mobility? Discuss the different types of social mobility with suitable examples. 2+8=10
7. Social control mechanism is essential in society to maintain stability and order \_\_\_\_\_. Analyze the statement with justification. 10
8. Discuss the difference between caste and class stratification. 10

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**[ PART-A : Objective ]**

**Choose the correct answer from the following :**

**1X20=20**

1. Who is the founding father of Sociology?
  - a. Karl Marx
  - b. Max Weber
  - c. Anthony Giddens
  - d. August Comte
2. Which one of the following statement is not correct?
  - a. Sociology deals with society as a whole.
  - b. Positivism advocates for studying society in objective manner.
  - c. All the social science disciplines have similar subject matter and methodology.
  - d. Sociology emerged out of the socio-economic conditions of Europe
3. French Revolution is one of the forces of the emergence of sociology because \_\_\_\_
  - a. It brought changes in the existing social order of French society, led sociologists to analyze the reality.
  - b. It brought new political structure, which has created anarchic situation in French society.
  - c. French sociologists started the revolution
  - d. a and b
4. Which of the following statement is correct?
  - a. Sociology studies static society only.
  - b. Sociology deals with traditional society only.
  - c. Social change is the driving force of the development of sociology.
  - d. None of the above.
5. Society is a web of relationship \_\_\_\_ stated by
  - a. Herbert Spencer
  - b. MacIver and Page
  - c. Karl Marx
  - d. Max weber
6. Family is a
  - a. Institution
  - b. Association
  - c. Organization
  - d. a and b
7. Which one of the following is the example of vertical group?
  - a. Caste
  - b. Family
  - c. Community
  - d. Society
8. The process through which individual learns society's culture, norms and values is called
  - a. Modernization
  - b. Sanskritization
  - c. Socialization
  - d. Westernization
9. Bureaucracy is the example of
  - a. Traditional authority
  - b. Charismatic authority
  - c. Rational-legal authority
  - d. All the above
10. The membership is voluntary in
  - a. Family
  - b. Association
  - c. Community
  - d. Ethnic group
11. The cause/causes of assimilation is/are
  - a. Diffusion of culture
  - b. Immigration in a particular place
  - c. Cultural contacts
  - d. All the above
12. One's cousin is the example of
  - a. Primary kin
  - b. Secondary Kin
  - c. Tertiary kin
  - d. None of the above
13. Which one of the following is closed form of stratification?
  - a. Class
  - b. Gender
  - c. Ethnic
  - d. Caste
14. Which one of the following is not the feature of caste?
  - a. Hierarchy
  - b. Traditional occupation
  - c. Endogamy
  - d. Mobility

15. In a family, father is a farmer and his son has become IAS officer. What kind mobility is this?
- Vertical
  - Inter-generational
  - Intra-generational
  - Horizontal mobility
16. Which one of the following statement is not correct?
- Criminal is born as criminal.
  - Criminal is labeled as criminal.
  - Crime is socially and culturally created phenomena.
  - Crime is determined by law of the state.
17. Social control is significant in society because \_\_\_\_\_
- It needs balancing mechanism.
  - Individual's behavior and action needs to be determined according to society's expectation.
  - There is no social conformity in society
  - a and b
18. The punishment for re-socialization and bringing reform in the individual's behavior is called \_\_\_\_\_
- Retributive punishment
  - Restitutive punishment
  - Severe punishment
  - Imprisonment
19. Marriage within the same caste is \_\_\_\_\_
- Exogamy
  - Hypergamy
  - Hypogamy
  - Endogamy
20. Industrialization in India brought changes in \_\_\_\_\_
- Economy
  - Education
  - Values
  - All the above

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# UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY, MEGHALAYA



**[PART (A) : OBJECTIVE]**

Duration : 20 Minutes

Serial no. of the  
main Answer sheet

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Course : .....

Semester : ..... Roll No : .....

Enrollment No : ..... Course code : .....

Course Title : .....

Session : ..... 2017-18 ..... Date : .....

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**Instructions / Guidelines**

- The paper contains twenty (20) / ten (10) questions.
- Students shall tick (✓) the correct answer.
- No marks shall be given for overwrite / erasing.
- Students have to submit the Objective Part (Part-A) to the invigilator just after completion of the allotted time from the starting of examination.

Full Marks	Marks Obtained
20	

.....  
*Scrutinizer's Signature*

.....  
*Examiner's Signature*

.....  
*Invigilator's Signature*