REV-00 BED/110/115

BACHELOR OF EDUCATION SECOND SEMESTER LEARNING & TEACHING B.ED-201

Duration: 2 Hrs. 40 Mins.

Marks: 50

PART : A (OBJECTIVE) = 20 PART : B (DESCRIPTIVE) = 50

[<u>PART-B: Descriptive</u>]

[Answer question no. One (1) & any four (4) from the rest]

- What do you understand by the term learning? Discuss the factors affecting learning in classroom. 4+6=10
- Define Intelligence. Discuss the nature of intelligence and its relations with creativity 2+4+4= 10
- What is Motivation? Explain the nature and educational Implications of the Motivation. 3+3+4=10
- 4. Discuss Briefly on any one Theory of Learning
- 5. What do you mean by Teaching? Briefly describe different phases of teaching?
- Enumerate the general principles of teaching. Explain any three maxims of teaching with example.
 4+6=10
- Distinguish between Teaching Method and Strategies. Explain different teacher centered and learner centered approaches. 2+4+4=10
- 8.Write a short on any two of the following: 5+5=10
 - a. Simulated teaching
 - b. Team teaching and team learning
 - c. Co-operative learning and Group learning

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3+7=10

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BED/110/115	0 Discover learning is a second in which the principal content of what is to be learned		
• BACHELOR OF EDUCATION	9. Discovery learning is a in which the principal content of what is to be learned is not given, but must be independently discovered by the student.		
SECOND SEMESTER	a. Constructivists b. Inquiry		
LEARNING AND TEACHING	c. Learning situation d. Structure of knowledge		
B.ED-201	c. Leanning situation d. Stitucture of knowledge		
Duration: 20Mnts. Marks: 20	10. The first intelligence tests was first developed in		
	a.1905 b.1904 c.1923 d.1910		
[<u>PART-A : Objective</u>]			
	11 is an accurate representation of realistic situation		
Choose the correct answer from the following: 1×20=20	a. Simulation teaching b. Team teaching		
	c. Cooperative learning d. Blended learning		
1. The term learning covers to every modification in behavior to meet environmental			
requirements.	12. Structure of teaching consists of the following three variables		
a. Gardner Murphy b. Henry P. Smith	a. Student as independent variable, teacher as dependent variable,		
c. Woodworth d. Crow and Crow	content as intervening variable.		
	b. Teacher as independent variable, student as dependent variable,		
2. The theory of Insightful Learning was propounded by	content as intervening variable.		
a. Thorndike b. Gestalt	c. Student as intervening variable, teacher as dependent variable,		
c. Piaget d. Guthrie	content as independent variable.		
	d. All the above		
3. Transfer of learning is said to bewhen learning or training in one situation does not			
have any significant influence over the learning or training in another situation.	13. According to "Teaching is the stimulation, guidance, direction and		
a. Zero b. Negative	encouragement of learning".		
c. Positive d. None	a. B.O. Smith b. Burton		
	c. Clarke d. H.C. Morrison		
4. The term IQ was first coined by			
a. Simon b. Alfred Binet	14. Which of the following is not a psychological principle of teaching		
c. W.P.Alexander d. William stern	a. Principle readiness b. Principle of stimulation		
5 The famous American Developerate put forward a theory of Learning and instruction	c. Principle of rote learning d. Principle of play way		
5. The famous American Psychologists put forward a theory of Learning and instruction incorporating a behaviouristic, eclectic approach the psychology of learning & Teachinh	15. Example of Indirect approach can come as		
a. Robert Gagne b. Carl Rogers	a. Discovery method b. Problem solving method		
c. C.L Hull d. None	c. Project method d. All the above		
	c. Hojeet meniou		
6. The need for self-actualization is-	16. The best method of teaching is to		
a. Biological needs b. Psychological needs	a. Impart information		
c. Social needs d. All of the above	b. Ask students to read books		
	c. Suggest good reference material		
7. Attention is closely related to-	d. Initiate a discussion and participate in it		
a. Process of learning b. Product of learning			
c. Process and products of learning d. None	17. When the conclusion of an argument follows from specific examples and concrete		
	details ,then the argument is called		
8. Learning to play Harmonium is a-	a. Circular argument b. Inductive argument		
a. Motor skill b. Cognitive skill	c. Deductive argument d. Analogical argument		
c. Intellectual skill d. Attitude			

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18. Which of the following is not a maxim of teaching

- a. Proceed from definite to indefinite
- b. Proceed from concrete to abstract
- c. Proceed from known to unknown
 - d.Proceed from psychological to logical
- 19.....is said to be the birth place of team teaching

 a.USA
 b.UK
 c. India
 d. France

20. Teaching strategy means



a. A set of principles, beliefs or ideas about the nature of learningb. A long term plan of action designed to achieve a particular goal

c. An orderly logical arrangement of steps

d. A well defined procedure used to accomplish a specific activity or task

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Course :		
Semester :	Roll No :	
Enrollment	No :Course code :	
Session :	2016-17 Date :	1
******	Instructions / Guidelines	
	 The paper contains twenty (20) / ten (10) questions. The student shall write the answer in the box where it is provided. 	
	student shall not overwrite / erase any answer and no mark shall be given	l for
		the second s

Full Marks	Marks Obtained	Remarks
20		

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