# B. Sc. BIOTECHNOLOGY SECOND SEMESTER MICROBIOLOGY-II **BBT-202**

Duration: 3 Hrs.

Marks: 70

Part: A (Objective) = 20 Part: B (Descriptive) = 50

Duration: 2 Hrs. 40 Mins.

Marks: 50

#### [ PART-B : Descriptive ]

[ Answer question no. One (1) & any four (4) from the rest ]	
Explain with a neat diagram reproduction in bacteria based on specialized transduction	10
Define tautomerism? Explain the mode of spontaneous mutation with a neat diagram	2+8=10
Write five properties of drugs? Explain the mode of drug action by B lactam antibiotics	5+5=10
Describe the method of cultivation of virus in chick embryo with a neat diagram and purification based on density gradient centrifugation	5+5=10
Define mycosis? Explain with a neat diagram the reproduction in zygomycota	4+8=10
Describe the relationship between EMP pathway and ED pathway based on energy yield	10
Describe the mode of reproduction in Chlamydia with a neat diagram	10
Write a note on causative agent, symptoms and treatment of dengue	10
	Explain with a neat diagram reproduction in bacteria based on specialized transduction  Define tautomerism? Explain the mode of spontaneous mutation with a neat diagram  Write five properties of drugs? Explain the mode of drug action by B lactam antibiotics  Describe the method of cultivation of virus in chick embryo with a neat diagram and purification based on density gradient centrifugation  Define mycosis? Explain with a neat diagram the reproduction in zygomycota  Describe the relationship between EMP pathway and ED pathway based on energy yield  Describe the mode of reproduction in Chlamydia with a neat diagram

REV-00 BBT/70/76		2017/06	7. Mad cow disease is associated with a. Virusoids	
BB1/70/70	B. Sc. BIOTECHNOLOGY		b. Bacteria	
	SECOND SEMESTER		c. Protozoa	
			d. Prions	
	MICROBIOLOGY-II		8. Test used to determine the enterobactericeae family	
	BBT-202		a. Catalase test	
Duration: 20 Mnts.		Marks: 20	b. IMVic Tese	
	[ PART-A : Objective ]		c. Amylase	
			d. Caesin	
Choose the correct answ	wer from the following:	1×20=20	9. Caesin is a	
1. Chlamydia is a			a. Glycoprotein	
a. Motile G+ve co	ccoid		b. Protozoa	
b. Motile G-ve coo			c. Phosphoprotein	
c. Non-motile G+			d. Carbohydrate	
d. Nonmotile G-ve	e coccoid		10. Phizanus stalanifor is an ag of subish aloss of funci	
2. Contagious bovine ple	europneumonia in cattle is caused by□		<ol> <li>Rhizopus stolonifer is an eg of which class of fungi</li> <li>Ascomycota</li> </ol>	
a. Chlamydia			b. Zygomycota	
b. Virus			c. Basidiomycota	
c. Rickettsia d. Mycoplasma			d. Deuteromycota	
			11. Most of the microorganism associated in soil are	
3. Blactam antibiotics kil			a. Virus	
	B1,4 glycosidic bond		<b>b.</b> Bacteria	
b. Binding to the c	a1,4 gicosidic bond anine of the peptide linkage		c. Fungi	
	anine of the peptide linkage		<b>d.</b> Actinomycetes	
			12. Enzymes responsible for the production of citic acid	
a. Prototroph	able to synthesize their own nutrients are kno	own as	a. Isocitrate dehydrogenase	
b. Auxotroph			<b>b.</b> Citrate synthase	
c. Autotroph			c. Fumarase	
d. Heterotroph			d. Pyruvate carboxylase	
5. Microorganism used i	n the production of citric acid		13. Sulfhanilamide is a type of	
a. Saccharomyces			a. B lactam antibiotics	
b. Zymononas mo			b. Base analogue	
c. Aspergillus nig			c. Inhibition of protein synthesis	
d. Kluveromyces f	fragilis		d. Cell wall degradation	
	nterial via bacteriophage is known as		14. Most of the soil microbes follows which pathway	
a. Transformation	ı		a. EMP pathway	
b. Conjugation			b. Glyoxylate pathway	
c. Transduction			c. Entner Doudorhoph pathway	
d. None			d. Hexose monophosphate	

1	<ul> <li>5. How mant ATP is released during the production of TCA cycle</li> <li>a. 8 ATP</li> <li>b. 10 ATP</li> <li>c. 12 ATP</li> <li>d. 11 ATP</li> </ul>
1	<ul> <li>6. Which is the key enzymes involved in the production of glyoxylate pathway</li> <li>a. Citrate synthase</li> <li>b. Isocitrate dehydrogenase</li> <li>c. Isocitrate lyase</li> <li>d. Pyruvate dehydrogenase</li> </ul>
1	<ul> <li>7. During the cultivation of virus in chick embryo it produces a local tissue lesions known as</li> <li>a. Plaque</li> <li>b. Colony</li> <li>c. Pock</li> <li>d. None</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>8. Which of the following is a b lactam antibiotics</li> <li>a. Sulfonilamide</li> <li>b. Quinolone</li> <li>c. Tetracycline</li> <li>d. Penicillin</li> </ul>
	9. Leprosy is caused by  a. Bacillus subtilis  b. Mycobacterium leprae  c. Salmonella typhi d. E.coli
;	a. Purity of milk b. Purity in water c. Microorganism in food sample d. None
	= = *** = =

## **UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY, MEGHALAYA**



### **Question Paper CUM Answer Sheet**

## [PART (A) : OBJECTIVE]

Serial no. of the main
Answer sheet

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lment No:	Cour	se code :
e Title ·		
- 11110		
on: 2	016-17 Date	:
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The paper contain	Instructions / Guidel	ines
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The paper contain The student shall was the student shall such act. Hand over the q	Instructions / Guidel  Is twenty (20) / ten (10) questions.  write the answer in the box where in not overwrite / erase any answer	ines is provided.
The paper contain  The student shall was the student shall such act.  Hand over the q (20 minutes / 10 minute	Instructions / Guidel  Instructions / Guidel	t is provided.  r and no mark shall be given for Objective) within the allotted time
The paper contain  The student shall was the student shall such act.  Hand over the quantity (20 minutes / 10	Instructions / Guidel  Instructions / Guidel	ines  t is provided.  r and no mark shall be given for Objective) within the allotted time

Scrutinizer's Signature Examiner's Signature Invigilator's Signature