Write the following information in the first page of Answer Script before starting answer

ODD SEMESTER EXAMINATION: 2020-21

Exam ID Number		-
Course	Semester_	
Paper Code	Paper Title	
Type of Exam:	(Regular/Back/Improvement)

Important Instruction for students:

- 1. Student should write objective and descriptive answer on plain white paper.
- 2. Give page number in each page starting from 1st page.
- After completion of examination, Scan all pages, convert into a single PDF, rename the file with Class Roll No. (2019MBA15) and upload to the Google classroom as attachment.
- 4. Exam timing from 10am 1pm (for morning shift).
- 5. Question Paper will be uploaded before 10 mins from the schedule time.
- 6. Additional 20 mins time will be given for scanning and uploading the single PDF file.
- 7. Student will be marked as ABSENT if failed to upload the PDF answer script due to any reason.

2021/03

B.Sc. PHYSICS/B.Sc. CHEMISTRY THIRD SEMESTER CLASSICAL ALGEBRA & TRIGONOMETRY BSM-731

Duration: 3 hrs. Full Marks: 70

[PART-A: Objective]

Time : 20 min. Marks : 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1X20=20

1. Which inequality is known as Cauchy-Schwartz's inequality?

a.
$$(\sum_{i=1}^{n} a_i b_i) \ge (\sum_{i=1}^{n} a_i) (\sum_{i=1}^{n} b_i)$$

$$b \cdot (\sum_{i=1}^{n} a_i b_i)^2 \le (\sum_{i=1}^{n} a_i^2) (\sum_{i=1}^{n} b_i^2)$$

$$c.(\sum_{i=1}^{n} a_i^2 b_i^2) \le (\sum_{i=1}^{n} a_i^2)(\sum_{i=1}^{n} b_i^2)$$

2. The condition AM = GM holds when the quantities are:

a. Equal

b. Unequal

c. Hold for any number

d. None

3. A system of equations is said to be consistent and it has unique solution when, determinant of the matrix is:

a. Non-zero

b. Less than zero

c. Zero

d. Greater than zero

4. In which case an inconsistent system of equations has no solution?

a. (adj A).B≠0

b. (adj A).B=0

c. (adj A). B<0

d. None

5. Which is the correct expression for $\frac{(\cos\theta - i\sin\theta)^{16}}{(\cos\theta + i\sin\theta)^{12}}$

a. $cos22\theta - isin22\theta$

b. $cos22\theta + isin22\theta$

c. $cos22\theta - isin2\theta$

d. None

6. Every equation of nth degree has:

a. n-1 roots

b. n+1 roots

c. n roots

d. None

7. If x = -3 + 2i, y = -3 - 2i, then $x^2 + y^2 + xy = ?$

a. 40

b. 23

c. 41

d. 43

8. Find the conjugate of the complex number -2-3i

a. 2+3i

b. -2+3i

c. 2-3i

d. None

_				_	_
9.	The	value	of $\sqrt{}$	i + i	√—i=1

10. If z is purely imaginary, then $z + \overline{z} = ?$

b, 0

d. None

11. (1-i) can also be expressed in the form:

a.
$$\sqrt{2} \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$$

b.
$$\sqrt{3} \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

c.
$$\sqrt{2} \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{4} - i \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$$

d. None

12. A system of equation is said to be inconsistent when it has:

a. One or more solution

b. No solution

c. Both (a) and (b)

d. None

13. If α, β, γ are roots of the equation $x^3 + qx + r = 0$ then what is the value of $\sum \alpha^2 \beta$

a. -3r

b. 3r

c. 2r

d. None

14. If z is a non-zero complex number, then $z\overline{z}$ is:

a. Purely real

b. Purely imaginary

c. Zero

d. None

15. Find the determinant of 23

a. 1

b. 2

c. 0

d. None

16. Find the co-factor of 3 in the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 3 & 7 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

a. -1

b. 2

d. None **c.** 1 17. For positive integers a, b, c and d then what is the value of $\frac{a}{b} + \frac{b}{c} + \frac{c}{d} + \frac{d}{a}$ is:

a. Greater than 4

b. Equal to 4

c. Less than 4

d. None

18. Find the correct statement?

- **a.** Matrix multiplication is commutative
- b. Matrix multiplication is not distributive
- c. Matrix multiplication is not commutative
- d. None

19. Which property is not true in case of matrix?

a. A + B = B + A

b. K(A+B) = KA + KB

c. AB=BA

 \mathbf{d} . $\mathbf{A}(\mathbf{B}+\mathbf{C})=\mathbf{A}\mathbf{B}+\mathbf{A}\mathbf{C}$

20. Find x,y, z and t which satisfy the matrix equation $\begin{bmatrix} x-y & 2x+z \\ 2x-y & 2z+t \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 5 \\ 0 & 13 \end{bmatrix}$

a. x = 1, y = 2, z = 3, t = -1

b. x = 1, y = -2, z = 3, t = -1

c. x = 1, y = 2, z = 3, t = 7

d. None

(PART-B: Descriptive)

Time: 2 hrs. 40 min. Marks: 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

- 1. State Cauchy-Schwartz inequality with example. If a,b,c are positive real numbers then prove that $a^2(b+c)+b^2(c+a)+c^2(a+b) \ge 6abc$.
- 2. **a.** For any three positive real numbers a, b and c prove that $\frac{a^2+b^2}{a+b} + \frac{b^2+c^2}{b+c} + \frac{c^2+a^2}{c+a} \ge a+b+c$ **b.** What is the logarithmic expansion of (1+z). Evaluate
- log (α + iβ) where α and β are real.
 a. Solve the following equation x⁷ + x⁴ + x² + 1 = 0.
 b. State and prove De Moivre's Theorem
- 4. **a.** Let a, b, c denote the sides of a triangle. Prove that $abc \ge 8(S-a)(S-b)(S-c)$, where 2S=a+b+c b. If $a^2+b^2+c^2=1$ then show that $-\frac{1}{2} \le ab+bc+ca \le 1$
- 5. If z_1 and z_2 be two complex numbers then prove that $\mathbf{a} \cdot |z_1 z_2| = |z_1| |z_2|$ and $\arg(z_1 z_2) = \arg(z_1) + \arg(z_2)$. $\mathbf{b} \cdot \left| \frac{z_1}{z_2} \right| = \frac{|z_1|}{|z_2|}$ and $\arg\left(\frac{z_1}{z_2}\right) = \arg z_1 \arg z_2$.
- **6.** a. If z_1 and z_2 are two complex numbers such that $\frac{z_1}{z_2}$ is purely imaginary, prove that $|z_1 + z_2|^2 = |z_1|^2 + |z_2|^2$
 - **b. (i)** Prove that every square matrix can be uniquely expressed as the sum of a symmetric matrix and a skew symmetric matrix.
 - (ii) Solve the system of equation by matrix method 5x + 7y + 2 = 0, 4x + 6y + 3 = 0.
- 7. a. If α, β are roots of $x^2 2x + 4 = 0$ then prove that $\alpha^n + \beta^n = 2^{n+1} \cos \frac{n\pi}{3}.$ 5+5=10
 - **b.** Find the inverse of the following matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$
- 8. **a.** If z is a complex number and $\frac{z-1}{z+1}$ is purely imaginary, show that the point z lies on the circle whose centre is at the origin and whose radius is 1.
 - b. (i) If z_1 and z_2 be two complex numbers then prove that $|z_1 + z_2| \le |z_1| + |z_2|$. (ii) What is the centre and radius of the equation of circle
 - (ii) What is the centre and radius of the equation of circle $x^2 + y^2 + x y = 0$

= = *** = =