## ODD SEMESTER EXAMINATION: 2020-21

Exam ID Number					
Course	Semester				
Paper Code	Paper Title				
Type of Exam:	(Regular/Back/Improvement)				

## Important Instruction for students:

- 1. Student should write objective and descriptive answer on plain white paper.
- 2. Give page number in each page starting from 1<sup>st</sup> page.
- 3. After completion of examination, Scan all pages, convert into a single PDF, rename the file with Class Roll No. **(2019MBA15)** and upload to the Google classroom as attachment.
- 4. Exam timing from 10am 1pm (for morning shift).
- 5. Question Paper will be uploaded before 10 mins from the schedule time.
- 6. Additional 20 mins time will be given for scanning and uploading the single PDF file.
- 7. Student will be marked as ABSENT if failed to upload the PDF answer script due to any reason.

Duration: 3 hrs.

Time: 20 min.

c. Weak acid

## **B.Sc. CHEMISTRY** THIRD SEMESTER (REPEAT) PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-I **BSC-102**

(<u>PART-A: Objective</u>)

Choose the correct answer from the following: **1.** If a gas expand at constant temperature then: a. The pressure increases **b.** The number of molecule of the gas increases d. The kinetic energy of the molecule **c.** The kinetic energy of the molecule remain same decreases 2. The r.m.s. velocity of a gas depend upon: a. Molar mass only **b**. Temperature only c. Both molar mass and temperature d. None of these 3. Who among the following scientist has not done any important work on gases? a. Charles **b.** Boyle d. Faraday c. Avogadro 4. Choose the correct one: **a.**  $C_{rms} > C_{av} > C_p$ **b.**  $C_p > C_{rms} > C_{av}$  $c. C_p > C_{av} > C_{rms}$ **d.**  $C_{rms} > C_p > C_{av}$ 5. The vibrational degree of freedom for CO<sub>2</sub> molecule is: **a.** 3 **b**.4 c. 6 d.12 6. Which of the following is correct for critical pressure? **b.** b/27a<sup>2</sup> **a.** a/27R<sup>2</sup> c. b/27R<sup>2</sup>  $d.a/27b^2$ 7. The temperature at which the second virial co-efficient of real gas is zero is known as: a. Critical temperature b. Boyle's temperature c. Boiling temperature d. None of these 8. Among the following which one will suitable for a real gas closely approaches to the behavior of an ideal gas? a. 15 atm 200 K **b.**1 atm 273 K c. 0.5 atm 500 K **d**. 15 atm 500 K 9. Methyl orange is a: a. Weak base b. Strong base

d. Strong acid

Full Marks: 70

1X20 = 20

Marks: 20

USTM/COE/R-01

<ul> <li><b>10.</b> P<sup>H</sup> is expressed as:</li> <li><b>a.</b> log (H<sup>+</sup>)</li> <li><b>c.</b> -ln (H<sup>+</sup>)</li> </ul>	<b>b.</b> -log (H <sup>+</sup> ) <b>d.</b> ln (H <sup>+</sup> )
<ul> <li><b>11.</b> Ionic product of water is given by:</li> <li><b>a.</b> 1×10<sup>-13</sup> mol<sup>2</sup> dm<sup>-6</sup></li> <li><b>c.</b> 1×10<sup>-11</sup> mol<sup>2</sup> dm<sup>-6</sup></li> </ul>	<b>b.</b> 1×10 <sup>-12</sup> mol <sup>2</sup> dm <sup>-6</sup> <b>d.</b> 1×10 <sup>-14</sup> mol <sup>2</sup> dm <sup>-6</sup>
<ul><li>12. Phenolphthalein is a:</li><li>a. Strong base</li><li>c. Strong acid</li></ul>	<b>b.</b> Weak base <b>d.</b> Weak acid
<ul> <li><b>13.</b> P<sup>H</sup> range of phenolphthalein is:</li> <li><b>a.</b> 8.0-9.8</li> <li><b>c.</b> 1.2-1.8</li> </ul>	<b>b.</b> 10.1-12.1 <b>d.</b> 4.2-6.3
<ul> <li>14. According to Trouton rule for a simple non- K mol<sup>-1</sup>) is approximately:</li> <li>a. 80</li> <li>c. 85</li> </ul>	hydrogen bonded liquid, ΔS <sub>vap</sub> (in units of J <b>b.</b> 82 <b>d.</b> 88
<ul> <li>15. The surface tension of a liquid vanishes rouş</li> <li>a. 4°</li> <li>c. 6°</li> </ul>	ghlyabove the critical temperature. b. 3° d. 5°
<ul><li>16. The Reynolds number for the laminar flow of equal to:</li><li>a. 2000</li><li>c. 3000</li></ul>	of a liquid through a pipe is approximately <b>b.</b> 25000 <b>d.</b> 4500
<ul><li>17. Which among the following is not an amorp</li><li>a. Polythene</li><li>c. Clay</li></ul>	hous solid? <b>b.</b> Graphite <b>d.</b> Glass
<ul><li>18. Which of the following not a correct way of a. (h, k, l)</li><li>c. [h, k, l]</li></ul>	writing Miller indices? b. {h, k, l} d. All of them
<ul><li><b>19.</b> Total numbers of point groups in solids are:</li><li><b>a.</b> 7</li><li><b>c.</b> 32</li></ul>	<b>b.</b> 14 <b>d.</b> 230
<ul><li>20. Which of the following terms are used for lice</li><li>a. Nematic</li><li>c. Lyotropic</li></ul>	uid crystals? <b>b.</b> Smectic <b>d.</b> All of them

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## (<u>PART-B : Descriptive</u>)

Time : 2 hrs. 40 min.				
	[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]			
1.	<b>a.</b> State and explain the three gas laws. Using these laws derive an expression for ideal gas equation.	5		
	<b>b.</b> The surface tension of water is 72.8 dynes cm <sup>-1</sup> . Calculate the energy required to disperse one spherical drop of radius 3.0 mm into spherical drops of radius $3.0 \times 10^{-3}$ mm.	5		
2.	Write some of the postulates of kinetic theory gases. Derive an expression for kinetic gas equation from kinetic theory.	4+6=10		
3.	<ul><li>a. What do you mean by a real gas and an ideal gas? Explain with suitable examples about the non ideal behavior of an ideal gas.</li><li>b. Determine the ratio between root mean square velocity, average</li></ul>	6 4		
	velocity and most probable velocity.			
4.	<b>a.</b> Determine the volume correction term in van-der-Wall's equation and write the equation. What happen with van-der-Wall's equation at low pressure, explain.	3+2=5		
	<b>b.</b> Determine the relationship between van-der-Wall's constants and virial co-efficients.	5		
5.	<b>a.</b> With the help of hole theory describe the affect of temperature on viscosity of liquids.	3		
	<ul><li>b. Write down three laws of crytallography.</li><li>c. Derive relationship between interplanner distance and miller indices.</li></ul>	3 4		
6.	<ul> <li>a. Mention two differences between Frenkel and Schottky defects.</li> <li>b. Describe difference between nematic and smectic liquid crystals.</li> <li>c. KNO3 crystallizes in orthorhombic system with the unit cell dimensions a = 542pm, b=917pm and c=645pm. Calculate the diffraction angles for first order X-ray refelction from (100), (010) and (111) planes using radiation with wave length=154.1 pm.</li> </ul>	2 3 5		
7.	<ul> <li>a. Define p<sup>H</sup> of a solution. What is common ion effect? Explain.</li> <li>b. Explain the dissociation of a monobasic acid and determine the dissociation constant. The dissociation constant of formic acid and acetic acid are 1.77 ×10<sup>-4</sup> and 1.75 ×10<sup>-5</sup> respectively, calculate the relative strength of the two acids.</li> </ul>	5 5		
8.	<b>a.</b> What is an acid base indicator? Explain the titration of a strong acid with a strong base.	5		
	<b>b.</b> Write the action of phenolphthalein. What is its limitation?	5		

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