REV-00 BSW/16/21

> BSW Third Semester Problems of Weaker Section in North East India (BSW- 304)

Duration: 3Hrs.

Part-A (Objective) =20 Part-B (Descriptive) =50

(PART-B: Descriptive)

Duration: 2 hrs. 40 mins.

Marks: 50

Full Marks: 70

Answer any four from Question no. 2 to 8 Question no. 1 is compulsory.

10 1.Discuss the main problems faced by tribal people in India? 2.Discuss the theories on the origin of caste system in India? 10 10 3.Discuss the status and social disabilities of women in India? 4. What are the different forms of child abuses in India? Explain. 10 5. Write the concept of Old Age and their different form of vulnerability? 10 6. What are the constitutional provision and legal safeguards for different section of 10 the society? Discuss. 7. What are the different approaches and strategies utilized by non-governmental 10 organisations for the development of weaker sections? 5+5 = 108. Write short notes on the following. i. People living with HIV/AIDS ii. Characteristics of schedule tribes

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b.City

d.Village

b. common dialect

d.All of the above

(BSW- 304)

Duration: 20 minutes

(PART A - Objective Type)

I. Choose the correct answer:

1. A tribe is a group of people, usually stayed in.

a.Jungle areas

c.Town

2. The Tribal has.

a.Common definite territory

c.common name

3. As per 2011 census of India the tribal communities population occupy percent.

	a.6.6 Percent	b.7.6 Percent	c.8.6 Percent	d.9.6 Percent
4. 1	. In India, who were usually referred as Adivasis.			
	a.Schedule Tribe		b.Schedule Caste	
	c.Other Backwards	Class	d.All of the Abov	/e
5. 1	Indigenous peoples ar	e also known as.		
• .	a.First Peoples		b.aboriginal peop	oles
	c.native peoples or	autochthonous people	es d.All of the Abov	7e
6. 0	5. Gerontologists view aging in terms of four distinct processes: chronological aging			
biological aging, psychological aging and social aging.				
÷	a.True		b.False	

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Marks – 20

1×20=20

- 7. The Schedule Castes comprise of about 16.6 percent of Indian's population.a.True b.False
- 8. Empowerment and Income Generating Production Programme was started in.
 - a.1972-1973 b.1982-1983
 - c.1992-1993

d.None of the above

9. What is the Abbreviation of NBCFDC.

a.National Backward Classes Finance and Development Corporation

b.Nation Backward Class Finance and Developmental Corporation

c.National Backward Class Financial and Developmental Centre

d.Nation Backward Classes Finance and Development and Corporate

10.The UN General Assembly in its 52nd session declared 2001 as International Year of Volunteers.

a.True b.False

11. The Scheduled Castes are not an homogenous group and are divided into many castes and sub-castes, as well as by language and geography.

a.True b.False

12.According to the historical theory, the caste system began with the arrival of the Aryans in India.

a.True b.False

13.World Health Organization (WHO) set as the beginning of old age.

a.40 b.50 c.60 d.70

14..... programme seeks to provide skills and new knowledge to poor and assetless women in the traditional sectors.

a.Support to Training and Employment Programme (STEP)

b.Development of Women and Children in Rural Areas (DWCRA)

c.Mahila Samriddhi Yojana (MSY)

d.Indira Gandhi Matritva Sahyog Yojana (IGMSY)

15.According to ancient Hindu scriptures no religious rite can be performed with perfection by a man without the participation of his wife.

b.False a.True 16.The Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act was passed in. d.1976 c.1966 b.1956 a.1946 17.In the Panchayati Raj system around..... Percent of the seats are reserved for women. d.43% c.33% b.23% a.13% 18.Gerontology is the branch of biomedical sciences that studies. d.Aging c.Women b.Youth a.Children 19.Child Help Line No. d.1098 c.1099 b.2094 a.1094 20. The largest number of child abuse in North East India is related to. b.Kidnapping a.Trafficking d.Sexual Offence c.Honour Killing
