# B. COM <br> Third Semester BUSINESS STATISTICS <br> (BCM - 301) 

Duration: 20 minutes
Marks - 20

## (PART A - Objective Type)

## I. Choose the correct answer:

1. Mode is the value that has the greatest $\qquad$ .
a. frequency
b. cumulative frequency
c. percentile
d. none of these
2. Histogram is a bar diagram which represents a frequency distribution with $\qquad$ classes.
a. discrete
b. continuous
c. arbitrary
d. none of these
3. The sum of deviations of the values from their mean is always $\qquad$ .
a. one
b. zero
c. least
d. none of these
4. Standard deviation is independent of $\qquad$ but not of $\qquad$ .
a. scale, origin
b. origin, scale
c. unit, origin
d. none of these
5. For a moderately skewed distribution Mode $=3$ Median - $\qquad$ .
a. 3Mean
b. 2Mean
c. 2 Mode
d. none of these
6. The sum of squares of deviations is least when measured from
a. mean
b. median
c. mode
d. none of these
7. In a frequency curve when mean> median> mode the curve is said to be $\qquad$ curve.
a. Positively skewed
b. Negatively skewed
c. Summetrical
d. None of these
8. If A and B are mutually exclusive events then $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{AUB})=$ ?
a. $P(A)+P(B)$
b. $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A})-\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B})$
c. $P(A)+P(B)-P(A B)$
d. None of these
9. If $A \& B$ are two events associated to a random experiment such that $A C B$ then
a. $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A}) \leq \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B})$
b. $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A}) \geq \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B})$
c. $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A})=\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B})$
d. None of these
10. $\mathrm{P}(A \cap B)$ is known as the probability of occurrence of
a. A only
b. B only
c. Both A \& B
d. None of these
11.If $A \& B$ are two independent events then $P(A B)=$ $\qquad$
a. $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A})$
b. $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A})+\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B})$
c. $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A}) \cdot \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B})$
d. None of these
12.If E and F are two events such that $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{E})=1 / 4, \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{F})=1 / 2$ and $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{E}$ and F$)=1 / 8$ then $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{E}$ or $\mathrm{F})=$ ?
a. $2 / 8$
b. $3 / 8$
c. 5/8
d. None of these
13.If A and B are independent then $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{B})=$ ?
a. A
b. B
c. AB
d. None of these
14.A bag contains 3 red, 2 white and 4 black balls. What is the probability of drawing 2 black balls?
a. $1 / 6$
b. $1 / 9$
c. 0
d. None of these
15.For Binomial Distribution mean and variance are $\qquad$ \& $\qquad$ respectively.
a. $\mathrm{np} \& \mathrm{pq}$
b. pq \& npq
c. np \& npq
d. None of these

## II. State true or false:

1. The coefficient of correlation is independent of both change of scale and origin.
2. The lines of the regression are parallel if $\mathrm{r}=0$.
3. Fishers index number satisfies both time reversal test and factor reversal test.
4. Seasonal variation is the general long term movement in the time series value of the variable over a fairly long period.
5. Mean and variance of poisson distribution are equal.
