

BA LLB
First Semester
POLITICAL SCIENCE-I
(BLB – 102)

Duration: 3Hrs.

Full Marks: 80

Part-A (Objective) =30
Part-B (Descriptive) =50

(PART-B: Descriptive)

Duration: 2 hrs. 30 mins.

Marks: 50

Answer the following questions:

1. Discuss the nature and scope of political science. (10)
Or
Discuss the Relationship between Political Science and sociology. (10)
2. Discuss the views of Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau on the Social Contract Theory relating to the origin of the state. (10)
Or
Discuss the factors responsible for the origin of the state in the Evolutionary Theory. (10)
3. Define Democracy. Discuss the Basic Principles of Democracy. (2+8=10)
Or
Define a federal state. What are the characteristics of a Federal state? (2+8=10)
4. What is Independence of the Judiciary? What are the factors responsible for the independence of the Judiciary? (2+8=10)
Or
Discuss the functions of the Legislature. (10)
5. Define Sovereignty. Discuss Austin's Theory of Sovereignty. (10)
Or
Write a note on the Pluralist movement of Sovereignty. (10)

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Marks – 30

(PART A- Objective Type)

I. Choose the correct answer:

1×10=10

1. The term 'Polis' implies
 - a) nation-state
 - b) kingdom
 - c) city-states
 - d) sovereign states
2. The father of Political Science is :
 - a) Plato
 - b) Aristotle
 - c) Socrates
 - d) Manu
3. John Locke advocates
 - a) single-contract
 - b) dual contract
 - c) no contract
 - d) multi-contract
4. The two elements of the state are
 - a) Population and Infrastructure
 - b) Territory and landscape
 - c) Sovereignty and Government
 - d) Population and associations
5. The term 'Foedus' implies:
 - a) membership
 - b) sovereignty
 - c) belongingness
 - d) treaty or agreement
6. Adolf Hitler belonged to the
 - a) Fascists
 - b) Nazi Party
 - c) Communist Party
 - d) None of the above
7. The Theory of Separation of Powers was advocated by:
 - a) J.S. Mill
 - b) Thomas Hobbes
 - c) Montesquieu
 - d) Rousseau
8. The three organs of the government are:
 - a) executive, legislature, cabinet
 - b) executive, legislature, judiciary
 - c) executive ,ministry, judiciary
 - d) commission ,legislature, judiciary
9. Austin's Theory of Sovereignty is also known as:
 - a) Monistic Theory
 - b) Social Contract Theory
 - c) Evolutionary Theory
 - d) Communist Party

10. Pluralism implies :

- a) sovereignty resides with the institution.
- b) external sovereignty.
- c) internal sovereignty.
- d) sovereignty is limited.

II. Answer the following short questions:

2×10=20

1. What do you understand by Traditional approach?
2. Mention two exponents of the Modern approach.
3. Mention two merits of the Welfare state.
4. What is General Will according to the Social Contract Theory?
5. Mention two characteristics of Dictatorship.
6. Mention two differences between the federal and the unitary form of government.

7. Mention two functions of the Executive.

8. Mention two characteristics of the Presidential form of Government.

9. What is External Sovereignty?

10. Give two arguments against Pluralism.
